THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

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FIGHTING SPEECH WINS FOR LLOYD-GEORGE

Teutons Push Nearer Venetian Plains

ITALIANS FORCED TO YIELD GROUND ON PART OF FRONT

Attacking in Mass, the Invaders Capture Several Important Points of Vantage at Northern End of Line.

NOTHING IS YET HEARD OF ANGLO-FRENCH FORCE

But It Is Probable That They Are Arriving in Italy and That Defense Will Stiffen—Italians Successfully Holding Middle and Lower Piave River.

New York, November 19.—(By Associated Press. From European Cables of the Day.)—While the Italians are holding the middle and lower reaches of the Piave river successfully against the Teutonic allied invaders and even have thrown back the greater portion of those who crossed the stream and gained the western bank, the enemy is trying with strong forces in the north to beat back the troops of General Diaz, pierce the line and force a retirement westward from the river from the region of Vidor to the Adriatic sea.

In this endeavor the invaders have captured several important points of vantage—notably the village of Quero and Monte Cornelle—and have compelled the Italians under a heavy bombardment to evacuate their strongly-fortified position on Monte Tomba, almost the last stronghold barring the way to the northern edge of the Venetian plains. These captures are reported by the German war office, but the admission has been made previously by Rome that the enemy was attacking in this region with heavy effectives, doubtless among them reinforcements which it had been known for several weeks they were hurrying southward. The Germans announced also the taking of 1,100 prisoners during the fighting.

WHERE ARE BRITISH AND FRENCH TROOPS?

Nothing as yet has been heard of the arrival of British and French reinforcements to aid the Italians in holding their line, but the "few days" that it was annonuced last week would have to elapse before they could reach the front have now passed and it is not improbable that soon the front in the notrth will perceptibly stiffen and bring to an end the inroads of the enemy.

All the enemy forces which last week crossed the River Piave near Zenson have been swept clear of the western bank in a brilliant attack by the Italians. Large numbers of them met death along the eastern bank or were drowned in their hurried attempt to ford the stream. Others were bayoneted or forced to surrender and it was only a small portion of the original force that was able to make their way to safety.

No infantry actions of importance have taken place along the western

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WILSON PASSES HAT IN THEATER BOXES FOR Y. M. C. A. FUND

Washington, November 19.—President Wilson tonight actively assisted in the Y. M. C. A. $35,000,000 war fund campaign by passing a hat through his own box and an adjoining one at a local theater. As one of the workers aproached the box occupied by the president he took the hat, passed it around among the members of his party and then carried it into the next box while the audience applauded.

Catholics Urged By Bishop to Give Aid to Y. M. C. A.

Rt. Rev. Benj. Keiley Indorses Work of Association, While Praising Efforts in Behalf of Knights of Columbus Building.

Catholics were yesterday urged by Bishop Benjamin J. Keiley, of the diocese of Savannah, to help the Y. M. C. A., which is now conducting a campaign in this city to raise $125,000 for the war work of the association, which is Atlanta's proportion of the $35,000,000 fund to be secured in the United States.

His address was made at a meeting of Catholic women called to assist in the work at Camp Gordon centering around the Knights of Columbus house. There were between three and four hundred women present, representing the three parishes.

They were addressed by Bishop Keiley (the diocese of Georgia), and Rt. Rev. John E. Gunn, bishop of Natchez (diocese of Mississippi); by Father Horton, chaplain for the Knights of Columbus house at Camp Gordon; Mr. Cusick, the general secretary; Father MacOscar, pastor of the Sacred Heart church, and Lewis Sharpe, representing the Knights of Columbus.

Praises Y. M. C. A. Work.

Bishop Kelley lauded the work of the Young Men's Christian association and urged that, while the Catholics of the community owe generous support to the Knights of Columbus, they should not, in their zeal for the soldiers of their own faith, neglect to co-operate with the Y. M. C. A., which is looking out for the thousands, not Catholics, but soldiers fighting for all Americans in the same righteous cause, and which extends its services and its hospitality equally to the Catholic and the soldier of every other denomination.

He also reminded them that contributions to the work of the Knights of Columbus ought not to make Catholics feel that they are absolved of the obligation of giving to the "Y" work, which is similarly a call upon their Christianity and their patriotism.

An Enthusiastic Meeting.

Great enthusiasm characterized the gathering, all the speakers being most encouraging as to the value of the service the women can render and the women expressing their eagerness to do this work.

Bishop Gunn expressed his confidence in what the Catholic women of Atlanta can do in this, as in all their activities, this confidence founded on his knowledge of them during the years of their co-operation when he was pastor in Atlanta.

Mrs. May McAlpin, who has been chairman of an emergency committee, taking charge of woman's work in connection with the furnishing the Knights of Columbus house until such time as all the Catholic women of the commu-

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Rody Learns About Singing And Sunday About Emotion When Negroes Hit the Trail

By Ned McIntosh.

Homer Rodeheaver learned a few things about singing and real harmony, and Billy Sunday most likely found out a thing or two about real emotion in "trail-hitting" when Billy preached his first sermon to the negroes of Atlanta at the tabernacle Monday night.

Not before in the history of the south, perhaps, have so many negroes been gathered together for a meeting of any sort, and, by the same token, through a natural inclination and the urgings of Rody, no such harmony has ever been heard in the south, or probably in any other man's neck of the woods.

After the preliminary song service—preliminary is hardly the word, for it was a massed attack, but it came before the preaching. Billy gave the negroes his views on the proper relationship between the white and colored citizens of Dixie, and then he pulled off his coat and collar and preached for an hour, a rousing sermon, thickly punctured with fervent choruses of "Amens!" "Praise God!" and "Glory-be's!" launched with a whole-souled earnestness that made them reverberate through the building.

Calls for "Trail-Hitters."

At the end of his sermon Billy called for "trail-hitters." There was a moment's heaitancy, a young girl stumbled down the "sawdust trail," crying, and an avalache broke loose. For fifteen minutes, men and women, old antebellum "mammies" and "uncles" and little pickaninnies and negro soldiers by the hundreds filed up to shake hands with the great revivalist and pledge themselves to a square life. There must have been 600 or 800 of them.

After the trap door was closed, people kept coming to the platform, and Billy lay down flat on his stomach and reached down to take their hands, and he looked around at a gang of reporters at his elbow and said:

"Boys, ain't it great!"

Well, to repeat once more, there's

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GOOD CITIZENSHIP TO SOLVE PROBLEM, NEGROES ARE TOLD

Billy Sunday Given Enthusiastic Reception at Meeting for City's Colored Population—Tabernacle Is Crowded.

SOUTH IS BEST PLACE FOR NEGRO, HE SAYS

And Southern Whites Are Negroes' Best Friends, He Declares—Praises Progress Made by Negro Race.

By Paul Jones.

Standing before 15,000 negroes, who crowded into the tabernacle to hear him preach his special sermon to the colored race of Atlanta, Billy Sunday last night gathered them under his banner as he had brought the white people to his side through his wonderful preaching here. Though he admitted his lack of familiarity with the colored race, he was there with some of the finest advice that was ever given to a crowd of colored people by any man from the north or from the south.

Mr. Sunday's address, prepared especially for this occasion, went into the heart of the negro problem in the south, and his words of wisdom concerning the present and the future of the negro indicated that the evangelist had made a deep study of the situation.

Billy Sunday made a hit with the colored people present by saying that the race had made marvelous progress since it had been released from bondage, and his commendation of the negro and his ability paved the way for the good advice that was to follow. Mr. Sunday exhorted them to think more seriously of morality and Christian lives.

White People Their Friends.

He told them to have confidence in their leaders, who, he said, were worthy of trust, and said that they would be wise to consider the southern people as friends who would not forsake them.

The evangelist warned the negroes against going north for the sake of getting "drams" that are denied them in a greater portion of the south on account of the bone-dry laws, as he said someone told him they were doing, and declared that he considered it an insult to the race that such reports should be circulated.

He said that liquor was at the bottom of most of the racial troubles that have been experienced in the south, and that the white folk in the north had no business to meddle with the relations between the southern white men and the negro. "I have an abiding faith not only in the willingness of the white people of the south, but I believe they want to lend a helping hand to the negro in his efforts to become a better man."

"The south is as naturally your home as Alaska is the home of the Eskimo. The south cannot get along without the negro, and the negro cannot get along anywhere in the world as well as he can in the south among his friends."

Proud of Name "Negro."

"This is the first time that I have ever addressed such a large gathering of negroes. I use the word, 'Negro,' because I feel that a race that has made the wonderful progress you have, has a right to be proud of the name. Booker Washington wa sright when he said the negro should be proud of the name. No race in the world's history has ever made more marvelous progress than the negro has made since his emancipation from slavery a little more than fifty years ago. The splendid showing they have made could not have been accomplished, had it not been for the fact that deep down in the hearts of the two races here in the south, there is a feeling of friendship and a willingness to co-operate for good citizenship. Good citizenship among the negroes means as much to the white people as it does to the negro. It elevates the standard of the community. It makes life safer, protects property and is the best security for the comfort, happiness and the peace of all mankind. A mean, low-down negro, or a mean, low-down white man, is a blight and a curse to both races.

"I have an abiding faith in not only the willingness, but the desire of the white people of the south to lend a helping hand to the negro in his efforts to become a better and more useful citizen. There are disturbing elements among both races; some who are always trying to create trouble, but such people never represent the best elements, either among the negro or the whites. They are enemies of both races. But you can't make me believe that the descendants of the slave-holding regime of the old south will be unjust and unkind towards the descendants of

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Gompers Is Approved By Labor Federation For Support of Wilson

PROBE IS ORDERED OF CAMP WHEELER

Conditions Not Alarming, But Require Attention. Shortage of Clothing, Medical Supplies and Nurses Admitted.

By P. H. McGowan.

Washington, November 19.—(Special.)—Conditions at Camp Wheeler, near Macon, where more than 25,000 Alabama, Georgia and Florida troops are quartered, while not alarming, do require attention, in the opinion of the war department.

Senator Trammell, of Florida, who, together with Governor Catts, of that state, inspected Camp Wheeler Thursday, has reported to the quartermaster and surgeon general that in his opinion there was shortage of winter clothing, shortage of medical supplies and lack of proper nursing. Reports regarding an epidemic of pneumonia are, in the opinion of the senator, exaggerated, but he stated today that it was his information that 1,400 cases of measles militated against the efficiency of the camp.

Because of the situation, the surgeon general ordered Colonel Fisher, of his department, to make a personal investigation, and this officer at present is on the scene. Furthermore, 44 additional nurses have been ordered to Camp Wheeler.

The quartermaster general declared that sufficient winter clothing should have been available by November 10, and he was surprised that proper equipment had not arrived.

"I told the surgeon general," said Senator Trammel, "that conditions, in my opinion, were not alarming, but that in certain respects they required attention. I found the surgeon and the quartermaster general most responsive, and their immediate action means that the situation soon will be well in hand.

"I am certain that at Wheeler there it no epidemic of pneumonia; too often all illnesses are generally reported as pneumonia. However, I did hear that 1,400 men were afflicted with measles, and measles, in cases of adults, is a serious disease. I am impressed, too, with an idea that half of the men were improperly protected from the winter, and that additional nurses could be advantageously employed.

"All defects, the department agrees to remedy, and action in this regard is already under way."

Dwiggins Held in $50,000.

New York, November 19.—Elmer Dwiggins, New York bond broker, arrested in Montgomery, Ala., last week, charged with using the mails to defraud in the sale of Liberty Bonds, was held in $50,000 bail here today.

An Overwhelming Vote of Confidence Given Labor Chief for Attitude in Putting Needs of the Nation Above Everything.

RESOLUTION ATTACKED BY PACIFIST ELEMENT

Vote Came After Three Hours of Debate and the Opposition Proved to Be Negligible—Gompers Closed Debate in Ringing Speech.

Buffalo, N. Y., November 19.—Union labor today put its stamp of approval on the attitude of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in working hand-in-hand with President Wilson and placing the needs of the nation above all other considerations in questions involving the workingman's part in a vigorous prosecution of the war against Germany.

The vote of confidence came after more than three hours of debate, in which the pacifist element at the thirty-seventh annual convention of the federation was given ample opportunity to express itself. Out of a total of 450 delegates, only fifteen were recorded in opposition. The garment workers of New York, under the leadership of Rose Shapiro, was the only organization refusing to go on record on the roll call.

The test of strength came upon a report from the committee on resolutions. The committee reported favorably a resolution indorsing the "patriotic work" of the alliance for labor and democracy, which Mr. Gompers took an active part in organizing as an offset to the People's council, a pacifist organization.

The attack on the resolution was led by Delegate Barnes, of Philadelphia. He supported, in addition to Miss Shapiro, by Delegate Burke, of the sulphite workers; Joseph P. Cannon, of the mine workers, and a few others. The alliance and Mr. Gompers were defended by Delegates Walker, of Illinois; Brown, of Washington; Matthew Wall, of the photo-engravers; George Berry, of the pressmen; Max S.

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Appreciation of Billy Sunday By Corra Harris, Noted Author

Corra Harris, author of "The Circuit Rider's Wife," and other popular books, heard Billy Sunday preach on Sunday last. She was asked after the service for her opinion on the evangelist and proved a little reticent about expressing herself. In a few of her striking sentences, however, she finally outlined an appreciation of Billy, as follows:

"It is always presumptous to discuss spiritual phenomena unless you are a prophet or a preacher," said Mrs. Harris. "Mr. Sunday is a phenomena encompassed with many contradictory witnesses.

"I heard Billy Sunday for the first time on Sunday morning," she continued. "Like many people who have read the criticisms of Mr. Sunday, I did not expect to admire him or to appreciate the value of his message.

"Either Mr. Sunday had on his spiritual Sunday clothes or he is not the ranting ram of salvation he is often represented to be. I was partcularly impressed by the tenderness, delicacy and sweetness of his spirit. I did not hear him swear once or use those forms of profanity so common to popular evangelists, and, in fact, other preachers who are not so popular.

"I should call Mr. Sunday a preacher along the highway of souls. He is not a house preacher, his message is not to any one congregation, but to the world and to the churches. He is a Christian so simple and direct that the wayfaring man, though a fool, can understand him and believe in his sincerity, if he is good enough to believe in sincerity.

"I had heard much of Mr. Sunday's acrobatic delivery and I was disappointed. I have seen many preachers tear around more in the pulpit, without ever once raising the wind. Mr. Sunday's delivery is forceful, ungraceful and ardently sincere.

"To say that the man lay down on his stomach and shook hands with the mourners is to tell the truth about Mr. Sunday as I saw him, but it is a truth which produces a false impression.

"The facts are that he went down like any other creature to shake hands with those who came up, but when the last verse of the hymn was being sung he returned to the platform, lay down on it, and, to use a figure of speech, dredged from the side of his boat for the last hundred or so of fish to be caught in that pond. No one was surprised to see him do it. It was the action of a very tired man who wanted to finish the job, even if he could not stand up to do it. Doubtless I shared the feeling with many others present who witnessed the scene, and who must have understood, as I do, that there is a child in Billy Sunday, a very active child with a free mind, who occasionally kicks a chair by way of emphasis, but just the kind of a child that enters the Kingdom of Heaven."

LIBERALITY URGED FOR THE WAR FUND OF THE Y. M. C. A.

Eloquent Appeals Are Made for the Work by Major W. J. Bell and by Dr. A. W. Beaven.

WORKERS TO ANNOUNCE SUBSCRIPTIONS TONIGHT

Campaign Is Launched at Enthusiastic Meeting Held at Chamber of Commerce Hall Monday.

The thermometer registers zero at present. But the campaign has just begun, and the wave. which will change the register, will not strike until tonight at 6 o'clock. when the workers in Atlanta's campaign for her quota of $125,000 for the Y. M. C. A. war fund meet to announce the results of the five days' work.

The old-time "Atlanta Spirit" was evident Monday when the campaign was launched at a luncheon at the Chamber of Commerce assembly hall.

Major W. J. Bell, United States army, who served for two and one-half years with the Canadian army on the Flanders front, pictured, with the hand of a master, the actual, uncensored conditions which surround the fighting men in the trenches; and told how the Y. M. C. A. huts will figure largely in preserving the morals and upligting the morale of America's army.

Dr. A. W. Beaven, religious director at Camp Wadsworth, New York, presented the work from the view of one who has intimate knowledge of the trials through which a young soldier must pass, and graphically described the wonderful advantages which the Y. M. C. A. offers to a soldier while on leave.

Captains Announced.

Harry D. Hermance, chairman of the campaign executive committee, presided at the meeting and introduced the speakers. He urged a close co-operation between all the workers and announced the names of the team captains. The personnel of the teams will be announced tonight at 6 o'clock when returns on the first day's canvass will be made.

The team captains were announced as follows: No. 1, Walter Candler; No. 2, Professor W. A. Sutton; No. 3, Wylie West; No. 4, W. E. Harrington; No. 5, C. B. Howard; No. 6, George Winship; No. 7, Rutherford Lipscomb; No. 8, J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.; No. 9, G. A. Johnston; No. 10, Joe Little; No. 11, A. H. Henley; No. 12, Hugh Richardson; No. 13, John Gewinner; No. 14, Lloyd B. Parks; No. 15, W. R. Smith.

More than 150 Atlanta business men put aside their dignity Monday and joined with all the enthusiasm and fervor of 19-year-olds in patriotic and sentimental songs, and during the speechtes of Major Bell and Dr. Beaven there were many who sat and listened with moist eyes.

Warren Kimsey, musical director at the Camp Gordon Y. M. C. A. huts, led the singing. Professor Williford E. Waters, voice instructor at the Atlanta Conservatory of Music and Oratory, sang as a solo the verses of "Keep the Home Fires Burning," and a chorus of male voices took up the refrain of the old hymn. They then swept into the chorus of "Over There."

Beaven's Address.

Short talks were made by Sam C. Dobbs, Mr. Hermance and others of the executive committee.

Dr. Beaven gave a wonderful presentation of the needs of the association, declaring that the duty of looking after the morals of the boys was as vital as the duties of the army officials in providing fighting material, and of the Red Cross in relieving suffering; for, he said, the boys who go over to fight are the fathers of the next generation in the United States, and a national tragedy is possible if their surroundings do not tend to remind them of the Christian homes they have left.

Major Bell held the audience gripped in sielnce. First he pictured the advent of American troops in London; of how the armies and civilian population of England, France, and all of the allied nations are holding out their arms to America. He told of the intense patriotism and excitement which prevailed in London when, several months ago, the first of the American army marched through the streets of the English capital.

Then suddenly the scene changed. In the early horus of morning he stood on the battle line in France waiting to administer to the suffering of those who would fall in the charge which was expectantly awaited by thousands of Canadian and Scotch trops.

Going "Over the Top."

Men moved forward in their seats. It was the first time Atlantans have had the opportunity of hearing, from the lips of a man who has seen the willingness with which the troops go "over the top"—many of them to death, others to become life-long cripples and still others to return to civilian life broken in mind and spirit.

"At 6:20 a. m. all was silence—the

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COMMONS CHEER PREMIER'S PLEA FOR WAR COUNCIL

Lack of Unity Alone Can Defeat Allies, Says Lloyd-George, and the Inter-Allied Council Will Avoid That Danger.

U-Boat Menace Passes; Only Unity Needed to Win, Declares Lloyd-George

London, November 19.—"If we act together," Premier Lloyd-George said in his speech in the house of today, "I have nc fear of what will happen. I see anxieties on the horizon, and I have never concealed them. It is better to tell the people what is going on. But I see no anxieties that modify my conviction that there are only two things that could defeat us. There was the submarine menace. If that had wrenched us from the freedom of the seas then indeed our hopes would be shattered. But now of the submarine I have no fear. We are on its track, and I am glad to tell the house that on Saturday we destroyed five of them—five of these pests of the sea.

"What is the other? Lack of unity the only thing.

"I support every scheme that will help on the road to victory, and that will bring peace and bring healing to a world that is bleeding."

London, November 19.—Premier Loyd-George defended himself in the house of commons this afternoon against the first serious attack his administartion has faced, and so far as the commons is concerned his defense seemed highly successful; the prime minister's admirers call it a triumph.

The attack was focussed upon two points—the character of the war council which the premier announced in Paris and the condemnation of the allies' past strategy which he pronounced in his Paris speech.

Ex-Premier Asquith was spokesman for the opposition. His speech was not in the tone of an attack, but a sharp criticism of the new plan for allied control of the war and a vindication of his own government, for which he remarked that he himself and the present premier had each had his particu-

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ANOTHER AMERICAN KILLED BY GERMANS

One of Pershing's Patrols Again Clashes With Soldiers of the Kaiser in No Man's Land.

With the American Army in France, November 19.—(By the Associated Press.)—There has been another clash between American and German patrols in No Man's Land. Full details are not known at this hour beyond the fact that one American soldier was killed.

Weather Prophecy

RAIN—COLDER.

Washington—Forecast:

Georgia—Rain Tuesday, colder west portion and at night in east portion; Wednesday fair.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	68
Lowest temperature	54
Mean temperature	61
Normal temperature	52
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.08
Deficiency since 1st of mo., inches	1.93
Excess since January 1, inches	2.18

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	High.	Rain 24 h'rs Inches
ATLANTA, rain	58	68	.08
Baltimore, cloudy	42	46	.00
Birmingham, rain	52	64	.46
Boston, pt. cloudy	34	38	.00
Buffalo, cloudy	36	36	.00
Charleston, clear	60	74	.00
Chicago, cloudy	42	44	.00
Denver, clear	54	60	.00
Des Moines, cloudy	44	50	.00
Galveston, clear	52	56	.00
Jacksonville, pt. c.	64	76	.00
Kansas City, clear	46	48	.00
Knoxville, clear	52	62	.00
Louisville, clear	42	50	.00
Memphis, rain	46	48	.01
Miami, clear	72	76	.00
Mobile, cloudy	60	64	1.12
Montgomery, rain	56	60	1.28
Nashville, cloudy	50	56	.00
New Orleans, clear	56	64	.14
New York, pt. cldy	36	42	.00
Pittsburg, clear	38	40	.00
Portland, Ore., cldy	56	56	.00
Raleigh, cloudy	44	52	.00
San Francisco, clr	68	72	.00
St. Louis, clear	46	50	.00
Shreveport, cloudy	52	54	.06
Spokane, pt. cldy	36	40	.00
Tampa, cloudy	70	78	.00
Toledo, cloudy	38	40	.00
Vicksburg, cloudy	50	56	.00
Washington, clear	36	44	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

Take Your Purchases Home With You and Help the Red Cross

CONSTIPATION CAUSES OBSTINATE HEADACHES

When your head aches you will usually find the bowels have been inactive, and if you relieve this condition, by clearing the intestinal organs of the fermenting congestion of stomach waste, foul gases and bile, the head is relieved immediately.

Remember this the next time you suffer from headache. The combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin sold by druggists under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, is highly recommended as a gentle laxative that acts easily and quickly, without griping or discomfort. It contains no opiate, narcotic, or habit-forming drug, is pleasant to the taste, and a most effective household remedy. Mothers find it especially desirable as a laxative for children.

You can buy Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin from your druggist for fifty cents. Get a bottle and have it in the house when needed. A trial bottle, free of charge, can be obtained by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 456 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.

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lar share of responsibility. It was keyed in a much milder strain than the first hostile outburst from the newspapers and sections of the liberal and conservative parties, which greeted the premier on his return home.

Characteristic Fighting Speech.

The Welsh leader's reply was a characteristic fighting speech of the type which has made him famous. There was no thought of retraction for anything he had said or done, no hit of an apologetic strain, which some expected, for what had been called the Paris indiscretions. There were some passages which woud have made old school parliamentarians, steeped in Gladstonian tradition of stately courtesy which, as when he said the attacks made him feel as he were crossing the channel in a storm on a small destroyer. But Mr. Lloyd-George always brings something of the touch of the stump speaker into the commons, and this gave him a stronger appeal to the greater audience outside.

The entire cabinet sat beside him on the front bench and a packed, silent house of commoners, peers and others fortunate enough to obtain gallery seats bent forward for every word. The man whose mantle he had assumed faced him across a space of a few feet with a gilded mace between them. Although they addressed each other deferentially, as "my honorable friend" sentences passed which to those who know recent history seemed meat to stab.

Mr. Asquith's criticism was based on two grounds, that the new war council would conflict with the general staff and there would be separate military advisory bodies and the omission of the navy from membership. He also questioned how such a council could have averted the course of events in Serbia, Rumania, Russia and Italy, and whether the Paris speech did not mean that the sacrifices of the British army had not been largely misdirected or in vain.

The premier argued that the new body would co-ordinate the work of the various staffs, whereas under the old arrangement the general staffs had met together only once a year for the purpose of settling the strategy of the allies for battle fronts extending over thousands of miles.

Kitchener's Favored Council.

He announced that Lord Kitchener had recommended such council in January, 1915, and that the general staff had proposed in July of this year.

Dwelling on the charges that the new arrangement was designed to take control of the operations from the hands of the military and put them in the hands of politicians, he declared that he had only twice over-ridden his military advisers, when he launched his program for making more guns than they said were needed and when he placed control of the building of railways behind the lines in the hands of a civilian, Sir Eric Geddes, and both decisions had proved sucessful.

The premier declared that policy and strategy were inextricably interwoven; adding:

"Let them work together. The men who are trying to separate them, to divide them and foster disunion are traitors to their country. I care not whether it is done from personal rancor or political envy; it is equally treasonable. We look forward to co-operation between not merely civilians and soldiers, but between allies and allies.

"Are we to tolerate men in this country who, from purely political or personal reasons disseminate distrust and jealousy of France in the breasts of Englishmen. I say we ought to stop it here and now. . . . What about France—poor France trampled upon, with so many of her sons lost to her forever, her richest provinces torn from her? France wants nothing except emancipation from the deadly menace threatened for fifty years. I do hope, whatever happens, at any rate, that they will keep their hands and tongues and pens from trying to foster suspicion and jealousy and distrust between France and ourselves.

"If we act together I have no fear of what will happen."

The greater part of the premier's speech was a defiance of the criticism. What he said at Paris, he had said deliberately, to arouse public opinion, and he had done it. He had seen too many resolves for closer allied co-operation come to nothing.

Asquith Criticises Lloyd-George.

Opportunity for debate was given when Chief Whip Lord Edmund Talbot moved the adjournment of the house, and the fromer premier, Mr. Asquith, immediately arose.

Mr. Asquith said that in war responsibility for what was done and what was left undone rested on the shoulders of the government of the day. It was the business of the advisers of the government to give counsel as to the best means whereby the policy of the government could be brought to a successful issue. It was of vital importance in war that there should be frequent and intimate consultations among the statesmen of the allies and as complete co-ordination as circumstances permitted. Germany had the advantage that the policy of all the governments of that alliance was decided by a centra lauthority; Austria and Turkey had no voice either in the policy or strategy.

"It is urgent," continued Mr. Asquith, "that the allies develop by all means possible the machinery for concrete consultation, communication and co-ordination. We should welcome any scheme or arrangement which would provide for more frequent communication between the general staffs, supplemented by the appointment of liason officers of high rank."

He would deprecate the setting up of any organization which would interfere with the responsibility of the general staffs to their governments, he asserted, or derogative in any way from the authority and legitimate responsibility of each of the allied staff to its own people.

Dealing with the premier's speech, Mr. Asquith strongly emphasized that there was no mention of the navy, while in many aspects of the war the navy dominated strategical considerations. It suggested unity of control and meant unity of command, but he did not desire to read any such purpose into the premier's statement. He asked whether the advisory staff officer would have a separate staff and what would happen if his staff and the general staff were not in agreement. Which would give way or decide the question?

Sir Edward Carson, interrupting, said: "The war cabinet."

Paris Speech Is Criticised.

Mr. Asquith declared that the object of the debate was to dispel certain misapprehensions which had been excited, not so much by the scheme as by the Paris speech. Referring to that speech, he went on to say that while he would continue to eschew all unnecessary controversy, he would be failing in his duty if he were to pass it by.

The premier had selected four cases in criticism of the allied strategy—two, Serbia and Rumania, in which he himself and Mr. Lloyd-George had in their respective capacities equal responsibility, and two, Russia and Italy, which belonged to this year. Mr. Lloyd-George's view regarding Serbia was not the view taken by any military authority of weight in this country, he asserted. The proposition that there was only one front was perfectly sound, and one of the corollaries was that you might render the best service to any ally at one end of the line by exerting the maximum effort at the other end of the line. It was a sacred trust of the allies to see that the future freedom and security of Serbia and Rumania were adequately assured.

Mr. Asquith went through the premier's reference in his Paris speech to Russia and Italy, and asked what the premier meant by "we." He suggested a doubt whether a council at Versailles last March would have affected the Russian situation. He also asked whether it was not a fact that up to the eve of the German attack, General Cadorna was full of confidence and serenity, and assured that he would triumph over it.

"Mr. Lloyd-George regaled the good people of Paris," he added, "with irrelevant rhetoric."

Mr. Asquith doubted whether any allied council would have interfered with the successful offensives in the west in favor of more attractive adventures elsewhere, and concluded:

"We have no reason to be ashamed of our contribution to the war. We have kept the seas free. We have expanded our army into seventy divisions, and we have placed our arsenals and credit at the disposal of our allies, and so we will go on to the end."

Lloyd-George Answers Asquith.

Premier Lloyd-George, in replying, said that far more important than anything he had said in Paris was to decide whether greater unity of control was needed, and whether they were taking the right course to secure it. He reaffirmed that the allies had suffered by lack of co-ordination, and that any criticism he had directed against the past was not directed against any staff or any commander in this or any other country. He had merely used certain illustrations where lack of co-ordination among the allies had brought disaster, without any blame being attached to any commander or staff.

It had been said that this was an attempt on the part of the civilians to interfere with the soldiers, but an inter-allied council had been suggested by Field Marshal Lord Kitchener and in June, 1917, a scheme for a central authority was brought forward at a sitting of the chiefs of staff, at which Great Britain, France and Italy were represented. He was utterly opposed to the appointment of a generalissimo. It would not work, he said, and would produce friction.

So far as he could gauge American public opinion American would have preferred a council with executive authority, but there were reasons why he thought it undesirable to set up a council with full executive authority unless the allies were absolutely driven to it by the failure of the present scheme.

The first advantage of the present scheme was that information at the disposal of one of the allied staffs would be at the disposal of this central council. Nominally that was so at present, but only nominally. It is, therefore, an essential part of this scheme that it should be permanent and that the council should sit day by day coordinating the plans of the general staffs for all the fronts.

The Italian Front.

Mr. Asquith had asked him about the Italian front and what Cadorna had said. He replied:

"It is very difficult to give answers to these questions. I am not sure that I can answer the question as to what Cadorna said. There is a good deal to be said about what Cadorna said and what he thought. We were not responsible for the Italian front. We knew, or believed, or suspected a good deal. The Italian government knew something about it.

"But General Sir William Robertson (chief of imperial staff at army headquarters) could not go on pressing things in respect to another nation's conduct of its operations. If there had been a central council at Versailles General Robertson could have pressed his considerations through representatives of the government and forced consideration for them."

Showing that the Italian front was important to the French front, the premier pointed out that the British and French, when the disaster came had to rush troops there and asked:

"Does not that affect our front?"

"Of course it dies," he declared, and continued: "Well, we have come to the conclusion that the mere machinery of liaison officers and occasional meetings of chiefs of staff is utterly inadequate and inefficient for the purpose of securing real co-ordination. You must have a permanent body constantly watching these things, advising upon them and reporting upon them to the government, whether our front, the French front or the Russian front is most concerned."

The premier said he could assure Mr. Asquith that representation of the navy was no after-thought.

It was essential that all information regarding naval operations should not be known to these military advisers. That was a different thing to the establishment of a naval council and to co-ordinating naval strategy. A good deal could be said for that.

"We are suffering from lack of it now," declared the premier. "Anybody who knows what is happening in the Mediterranean could tell that. There is a good deal to be said for a similar council dealing with naval strategy to that which is set up for military considerations. But that is a very different thing."

A Reminder for Asquith.

Alluding to Mr. Asquith's question: "Suppose you have different advice?" The premier said, "That is a danger we are running now."

Mr. Asquith was perfectly aware that the government had constantly to reconsider things of that sort. The premier could recall two or three cases where Mr. Asquith had to overrule, coordinate and modify. It was not a new problem, and the advantage of the proposed body was that, instead of the cabinet having to do these things they would have the council to help them. It was intended to remove the possibilities of friction, and if there were any differences of opinion between the military advisers of the different allies this body would help to co-ordinate the views submitted, not only by this government, but by every other government.

The premier then turned to Mr. Asquith's criticism of his Paris speech, and, denying that Winston Spencer Churchill had anything to do with its composition, said:

"Let me say at once that I considered the speech carefully. If the speech was wrong I cannot plead any impulse or that it was said in the heat of the moment. I considered it and delivered it for a deliberate purpose—I have seen resolutions for unity and co-ordination. Where are they? You might as well throw them straightway into the wastepaper basket."

Mr. Lloyd-George then referred to the schemes for co-ordination stated by Lord Kitchener in January, 1915, and subsequently by M. Briand and Mr. Asquith and declared that they had all come to naught because "you have naturally a disinclination on the part of the independent bodies to merge their individualities in a common organization.

"It is inevitable," added the premier, "and I was afraid that this would recur in the same sort of way—just a resolution.

"We went to Rapallo with documents most carefully prepared and submitted to the cabinet before I left. Of course, we had to discuss things, but in substance the documents adopted were the documents prepared here and discussed line by line in the cabinet and which I carried in my pockets from the cabinet meeting a few hours before I left."

The premier explained he was afraid that this beautifully drafted document, approved by, among others, distinguished soldiers—one member of the general staff having been most helpful in drafting it—and adopted by the allies, would also fail, and declared:

"I made up my mind to take the rights, and I took them to arouse public sentiment, not here merely, but in France, Italy and America, and to insure that this document would become an act."

Resolved on Disagreeable Speech.

(This statement aroused loud cheers from the house.)

"I know nothing of military strategy, but I do know something of political strategy and to arouse public opinion in such a matter and convince public opinion of its desirability is strategy not of an easy kind. That is why I did it, and it has succeeded. (Loud cheers.)

"I was determined to deliver a disagreeable speech that would force everybody to talk about the scheme, and it has been talked about on two or three continents, with the result that America is in, Italy is in, France is in, Great Britain is in, and that is vital." (Loud and continuous cheers.)

It has been suggested, continued the premier, that he was blaming his own country, but he was not. Mr. Asquith had referred to four illustrations—Serbia, Rumania, Russia and Italy.

"France was just as much responsible for this as we were, just as responsible, but no more," Mr. Lloyd-George continued. "Italy was surely responsible. It was not a pleasant thing for Italy or for me to remind them that they had lost 2,500 guns. It was more pleasant to say that we had captured a kilometer than to say to Italy that she had lost thousands of prisoners. It was disagreeable all around, but it was necessary."

All the talk about easterners and westerners the premier characterized as "utter balderdash."

"The field is north, south, east and west," he continued, "and our business is to bring pressure upon the enemy from every point of the compass and inflict hurt upon him where we can. That is our business, and that is why we want a central council that will examine the whole field of operations, and not merely part., We need all the experience and help me can get, and our allies need it ,and their need is greater than ours at the present moment.

Victory Is Wanted.

"We want victory, and we will get it. But I do not want the whole burden of it to fall on Britain, and I want, therefore, an inter-allied council that will order the whole field of battle, that the whole resources of the allies shall be thrown into the conflict in order to bring pressure to bear upon the enemy. Mr. Asquith has challenged my history. That will be decided one day, and I am not afraid of it.

"There has not been a single battalion or gun moved this year except on the advice of the general staff. There has not been a single attack ordered on any part of the battlefield except upon the advice of the general staff. I have only twice this year acted against the advice of the soldiers. The first time was with regard to the big gun program; they thought I was manufacturing too many and they would be unable to man them. There is not a soldier today who would not say I was right.

"The second case was when I pressed upon the soldiers the appointment of a civilian to reorganize the railways behind the lines. There is not a soldier today who would not say that he was grateful to me for pressing my advice."

The debate closed with the withdrawal of the motion for adjournment.

MORTUARY

Mrs. M. T. Acton, Augusta.

Augusta, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—Mrs. Mary Torrence Acton, widow of the late William Dandridge Acton and one of the most highly respected women of this section, died yesterday morning, after an illness of two weeks. The deceased is survived by her son, James C. Acton, and a daughter, Miss Mary Acton, of Augusta, and one sister, Mrs. Maggie Foster, of Savannah.

Mrs. Lillian Dyar.

Mrs. Lillian Dyar, 44 years old, died Sunday afternoon at the residence, 80-B Gaskill street. She is survived by her husband, W. P. Dyar; one daughter, Mrs. L. Johnson, and one son, J. A. Dyar.

Vera Lucile Crosby.

Vera Lucile Crosby, the 16-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Crosby, of 90 South Boulevard, died Monday morning at 5 o'clock. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Mauldin Monroe Smith.

Mauldin Monroe, the 11-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Smith, died early Monday morning at a private hospital. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

Noah Turner.

Noah Turner, 20 years old, of Winston, Ga., died Sunday night at a private hospital. The body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond.

Mrs. George T. Smith.

Helena, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) Mrs. George T. Smith, formerly of Conyers, Ga., died here Monday afternoon. She is survived by her husband and two children, Mrs. M. C. Walton, Helena, Ga., and C. W. Smith, Atlanta; one brother, C. M. Swords, and one sister, Mrs. B. D. Whatley, of Conyers, Ga. Interment will take place at Helena Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, the services conducted by Rev. John H. Wood.

Supreme Court to Recess.

Washington, November 19.—The supreme court announced today that on November 26 a recess would be taken for Thanksgiving day until December 10.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Billousness
Take LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN. A liquid laxative pleasant to take. 50c. Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine and Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic.—(adv.)

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

New December Numbers of
Columbia Records

Columbia Records Trade Mark Grafonola

When Lazaro sings "Laugh, laugh, Pagliaccio!"

It is more than words or song or acting. His "Vesti la Giubba" is the breaking of a heart in music. Sorrow beyond words, hidden beneath a smiling mask to face the call of duty—what one of us has not sometimes laughed with Pagliaccio? Lazaro, Metropolitan Opera tenor, in this appealing record has made his singing live. 49020—$3.00.

THE records individually mentioned are only a few of the splendid Christmas list of Columbia Records. It includes many other operatic numbers, 22 new popular song hits, 14 whirlwind dance numbers, patriotic songs, fairy stories for the children, and a number of beautiful Christmas carols and hymns.

Stracciari's song of love and hate.

Love struggling with hate in dramatic melody—that is the theme of "Eri tu?" from Verdi's "Masked Ball." A song that requires much of the artist, and in this record Stracciari, leading baritone of the Chicago Opera, has given of his art in full measure. 49221—$1.50.

Barrientos, crystal clear in Lakme's "Bell Song."

Soaring joyously through the bell-like notes of Delibes' lyric, Barrientos makes music more musical by the matchless cadence of her voice. A record in which the great soprano of the Metropolitan Opera surpasses herself. 49151—$3.00.

"Holy Night" enshrined in Gerhardt's voice.

"Silent Night, Holy Night" sings Gerhardt's reverent voice in the very spirit of the starlit hills and wonder night of long ago. A record you will surely want for Christmas Eve. 58246—$1.00.

"I dreamt that I dwelt in marble halls." Only the wistful tenderness of Lucy Gates' voice could add to the beauty of this well-loved song. A5993—$1.50.

Poet and Peasant Overture. By the Chicago Symphony. A5991—12-inch, $1.50.

Columbia Grafonola Price $215

New Columbia Records on Sale the 20th of Each Month

Columbia Graphophone Company, New York

RAILROADS PLACE TRUST IN WILSON

They Will Be Guided Entirely by President in Any Crisis That May Arise With Labor.

Washington, November 19.—President Wilson today was given a free hand by the railroads in his effort to avert a strike for higher wages by engineers, conductors, trainmen and brakemen, with whose representatives he will confer here Thursday.

Formal announcement by the railroads' war board that the railroads were ready, should any crisis arise, to place their interests unreservedly in the hands of the president for such disposition as he may determine is necessary in the public interest was expected to clear away misunderstandings of the four brotherhoods over the attitude of the roads, which had caused the unions to refuse to arbitrate the disputes.

Representatives of the brotherhoods will confer Thursday with the president regarding the points at issue and means of settlement. It is expected the railroads' war board will meet immediately after this conference to learn the attitude of their employees.

Possibility of a stoppage in the steady flow of commerce, thereby paralyzing the nation's war preparations, was believed by officials to have passed.

PETE HERMAN ESCAPES SERVICE IN THE ARMY

One Member of Exemption Board Says Pugilist Acted "Like Rank Slacker."

New Orleans, November 19.—Pete Herman, world's bantamweight champion, whose real name is Peter Gulotta, today was granted exemption from service in the national army under the selective draft. Exemption was allowed by the federal district appeal board upon the claim of aged dependent parents and three orphan children of a sister.

Herman was called for service several months ago, but allowed until October 15 to report at the training camp. Later he was allowed until November 15 to report to give him an opportunity to defend his title and obtain money for his parents' support. On November 4, the day before his championship fight with Frankie Burns, Herman was married an dtwo weeks ago his case was reopened upon the appeal of his parents.

Only three members of the exemption board were present when Herman's case was brought up this afternoon. The vote was 2 to 1. A. C. Carpenter, acting chairman, before the vote was taken criticised the exemption claims and said:

"The man acted like a rank slacker and I wish to tell you thatif I am left to decide the question Herman will be sent into the army."

Herman late today telegraphed W. C. Raycroft, chairman of the committee on training camp activities for the war department, offering his services as boxing insructor at one of the cantonments.

Sugar Dealer Will Refund Overcharge Of 9 Cents a Pound

People who purchased sugar in Atlanta Saturday afternoon and night at 20 cents per pound, and who made report to the federal food administration for Georgia, may call at the store where the purchase was made and receive a rebate at the rate of 9 cents per pound on the amount purchased.

Announcement to that effect was made last night by Executive Secretary D. F. McClatchey upon conclusion of his investigation and in finally closing this case.

This is the first case in Georgia of the exercise of police authority in the enforcement of the food administration regulations and evidences within itself the close scrutiny of the administration over food supplies generally.

The merchant who made the sales here concluded his transaction by signing the administration's membership card, pledging hearty co-operation and agreeing to faithfully observe all regulations of the food administration.

Secretary McClatchey's investigation brought out the fact that there had developed a marked shortage in sugar in Atlanta Saturday. The dealer under investigation had exhausted his supply and, during the afternoon, purchased a quantity of granulated sugar, put up in two-pound packages, and offered it for sale at 20 cents per pound. His desire, he said, was to be able to continue supplying his trade, but at the same time to restrict the amount purchased by a customer as much as possible.

The federal food administration found that practically all dealers are refraining from selling at excessively high prices, but are co-operating with the government.

"It can definitely be stated," said Secretary McClatchey, "that there will be no more granulated sugar sold in Georgia for 20 cents a pound, or anything like that figure.

"This office has gone pretty well into the sugar situation in Atlanta today, and we find that the large majority of the retail merchants of the city have not offered it at unfair prices but, in reality, have sold sugar at the old prices and have fully co-operated with the food administration.

HIS TEETH COST JUST ONE-HALF

Comer Man Delighted With the Dental Work at the One-Price Dental Office in Atlanta.

Mr. Samuel Hagan, of Comer, Ga., is delighted with the treatment of his teeth at the One-Price Dental Office, 104½ Whitehall St., corner of Mitchell. He came all the way to this city to have some crown work done and he says: "It would have cost me anywhere else double the amount paid at the One-Price Dental Office." He also says "that the work has given him entire satisfaction and it is a pleasure to recommend the One-Price Dental Office to anybody." The Atlanta people know only too well the superiority of the dental work done by the One-Price Dental Office and the fame of this dental institution has spread all over Georgia. People come from miles to have their teeth treated and they can save money by doing so. If your teeth need attention, by all means go to the One-Price Dental Office and get an estimate as to the cost. All work done is guaranteed ten years and prices are always the same. Best gold crowns, $3; bridge work, $3 per tooth; finest set of teeth that money can buy, $5. Office hours Sunday from 9 to 1.—(adv.)

GENERAL MAUDE DIES AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS

Captor of Bagdad Rated as One of Most Brilliant British Leaders.

London, November 19. — General Maude, British commander in Mesopotamia, died yesterday.

An official announcement issued today says General Maude died in Mesopotamia yesterday evening after a brief illness.

Premier Lloyd-George, in announcing General Maude's death to the house of commons today, characterized him as "a great leader of men and a commander of the first rank."

The premier briefly reviewed General Maude's career and told of the difficulties he overcame, which resulted in the capture of Bagdad and other successes in Mesopotamia.

"Now in his hour of triumph," said the premier, "he is stricken down by fell disease. The country mourns the loss of one of its most valiant sons."

Page and Venizelos Confer.

London, November 19.—Ambassador Page conferred today with Premier Venizelos of Greece, with whom he discussed the visit which the premier is to make to America in the spring.

To Cure A Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 30c.—(adv.)

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UNCLE REMUS
60c, by mail 70c.
No better book for the little folks than these stories by JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS.
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71 Whitehall Street
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Save Sugar
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A BEVERAGE
"The all year 'round soft drink"
Recommended by Physicians.
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Suva, New Zealand, Australia.
Regular Sailings from Vancouver, B. C., by the PALATIAL PASSENGER steamers of the
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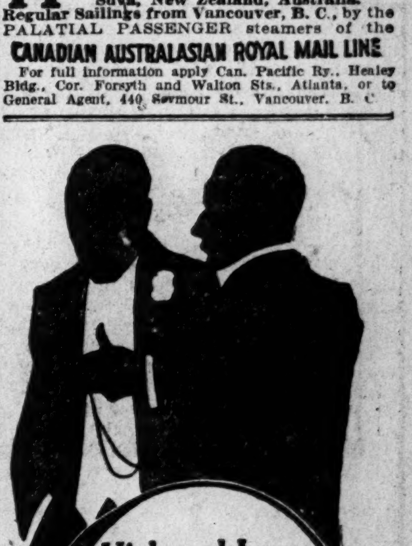
For full information apply Can. Pacific Ry., Healey Bldg., Cor. Forsyth and Walton Sts., Atlanta, or to General Agent, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.



High and Low
Rich and Poor
People in every class are agreed that there is ONE rubber heel that gives absolute satisfaction—SLIPKNOT. There's no "hard feelings" when you wear SLIPKNOTS. Wear? You bet they do.
Manufactured by
Plymouth Rubber Co., Canton, Mass.
Put on by All Shoe Repair Shops
SLIPKNOT RUBBER HEELS

TRY CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT

For Your Cough or Cold or if Wet and Chilly.

You may have a dreadful cough so your lungs feel sore, and it hurts when you breathe, or you may have only a simple cough, or severe cold, asthma, croup, whooping cough. In either case get a 25c bottle of Cheney's Expectorant from any drug store. Directly after taking a few doses of Cheney's Expectorant your cough will get better, and a few bottles have cured the worst colds and coughs, asthma, croup or whooping cough.—(adv.)

MARGUERITE OBER SUES METROPOLITAN

German Contralto Wants $50,000 Damages Because She Is Barred.

New York, November 19.—Marguerite Ober, German contralto, who was dismissed last month from the Metropolitan Opera company on "account of existing conditions of war," filed a suit for $50,000 damages against the opera company today for alleged breach of contract.

The opera star declares in the complaint that she was engaged for six successive seasons, this year being the last under the terms of the contract, with a guarantee of forty nights a season at $400 a night. This season, she stated, she was to receive $650 a night. She included in her repertoire nearly all of the Wagner operas.

The terms of the contract, she alleged, provided for cancellation "in case of war interference with performances," or "some act of God." Signor Giulio Gatti-Casazza, in his letter dismissing Madame Ober, claimed the right to cancel the contract because of the existing state of war between Germany and the United States.

Carl Jorn, tenor at the Metropolitan Opera house, who was a German subject, obtained full citizenship papers today in the supreme court. His application stated that he was born in Riga, Russia; that he came to this country in 1909, and a year later took out his first papers in Wayne county, Pennsylvania. His wife and five children, he said, are living in Germany.

DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS FOR LIVER ILLS

Habitual Constipation Relieved

If you wake in the morning with a bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, perhaps headache, your liver is torpid. A torpid liver deranges the whole system, produces sick headache, dyspepsia, costiveness and piles. There is no better remedy for these disorders than DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS. Try them just once and be eternally convinced. For sale by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills

the California Limited "as usual"

-the only Exclusively First-class train to Southern California via any line

In California there are more than 4000 miles of paved motor roads—and every day an out-of-doors day

-go this winter

Fred Harvey serves all meals on the Santa Fe and you can visit the Grand Canyon on your way

Four daily California trains via the Santa Fe from Chicago and Kansas City, with connections from St. Louis. Also the new California Special from New Orleans via Houston and the Santa Fe; it cuts off the miles.

New booklets tell in detail

E. H. Dallas, Gen. Agt., A. T. & S. F. Ry.,
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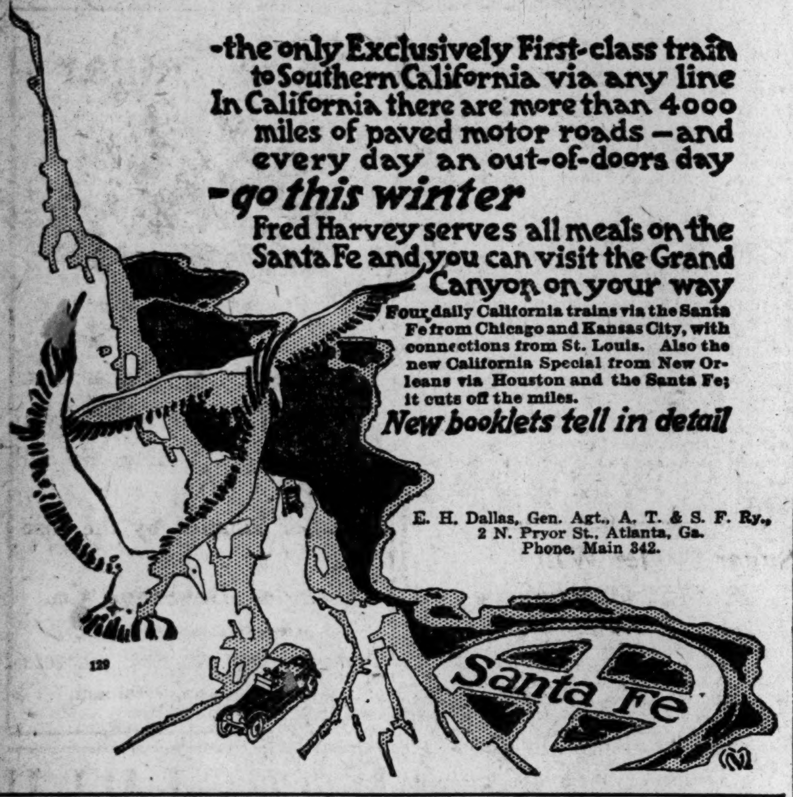


GOMPERS IS APPROVED BY LABOR FEDERATION

Continued From First Page.

Hayes, of the typographical union, and Vice President James Duncan.

The opposition discussed the high cost of living, the Arizona miners' strike, the Pacific coast ship builders' fight, the street railway strike of Springfield, Ill., and the suppression of foreign laguage newspapers and President Gompers gave them full rein.

Pacifists Are Condemned.

The supporters of the resolution did not mince words in condemning the attitude of the pacifists.

"Labor has a big duty to perform," said Mr. Berry. "We cannot afford to place ourselves in such a position that we will be misunderstood. If the resolution is rejected, it will go abroad to the world that we have turned down the government. It is time we should stand up and be counted.

"If we have traitors in our ranks, I am ready to eliminate them. We cannot take half way measures. We must show where he stand for the democracy for which we have been fighting during the last thirty-seven years."

Delegate Walker, who was at the Minneapolis meeting of the Alliance Labor and Democracy, said the fact that the alliance had declared against treason and sedition seemed to have been unfavorably received by a great many people.

"I have not changed my mind about that," Mr. Walker continued. "Internment should be the fate of those who preach sedition and, if that is not sufficient to suppress their advocacy of Prussian autocracy, I am in favor of taking whatever steps are necessary to suppress them.

"Pacifists skulking under the cloak of unionism are going as far as they dare in the way of preaching sedition. This war is no child's play. It means more to us than any issue ever raised in the history of the human race."

Delegate Brown suggested that when a vote was taken there should be a roll call. "Let us stand up and be counted," he demanded.

Mr. Hayes protested against what he termed the "holier thau thou" attitude of some of the speakers. None of the members of the federation could be called traitors, he said.

"When President Wilson declared war," he said, "our duty was plain, and that was to stand up and fight this war, no matter how long it takes. We are making economic history more rapidly than we realize ourselves. When such a man as Lloyd-George says that the world cannot revert to old conditions, he states a great truth. It is realized now that the old individualistic idea of capitalism does not work out in war."

Mr. Hayes predicted government control of industries, mines and the railroads as the only solution of the economic questions to be met at the close of the war.

Gompers Closes Debate.

President Gompers closed the debate in a ringing speech in defense of the alliance and his own position.

"By those who have opposed the report and the recommendation of this committee," he said, "my name was not always mentioned, but my position was, and there is no difference between the two. For instance, I may recall that insinuations were made of my hobnobbing with the enemies of labor. Now, I have always said this: 'I will go anywhere to bring the message of hope to labor—even into the camp of the enemy.'

"If there is anyone who can bring one utterance of mine, made anywhere, that was not in the defense of the rights of the laboring people, let him do so. I dare you! I challenge you!"

Mr. Gompers went into the history of the people's council, which he said was an outgrowth of the socialists. He took full responsibility for the calling of the Minneapolis meeting of the alliance.

"The situation demanded," he said, "that there should be a clear-cut distinction between what these people represented and what the trades unions stood for. The fact is that the socialists, since the Detroit convention, when they failed to break in, have made war upon the American Federation of Labor. They sought to discredit it. They started the Western Labor union, the American Labor union, and they started the I. W. W., and finally they started the so-called People's council. In the one instance it was rivalry to the American Federation of Labor, and in the last it was hostility to the republic of the United States.

"I do not know how many of you feel toward me," said President Gompers in conclusion. "If I am to continue as president of the American Federation of Labor it will be by your votes. You may vote against me if you wish, but I must continue on good terms with myself.

"I am not neutral in this war. Pacifist as I have been all my life, when I find there is a band of murderers abroad and I fail to defend my children I am not a pacifist, but a coward.

Gompers a Fighting Man.

"President Wilson and the members of his cabinet were peace loving men; I know of no militarist in their number. But now they are fighting men. And I publicly declare now that I am a fighting man and will continue to fight for the country to which I owe all; the country which I love and in which my hope and aspirations are bound up.

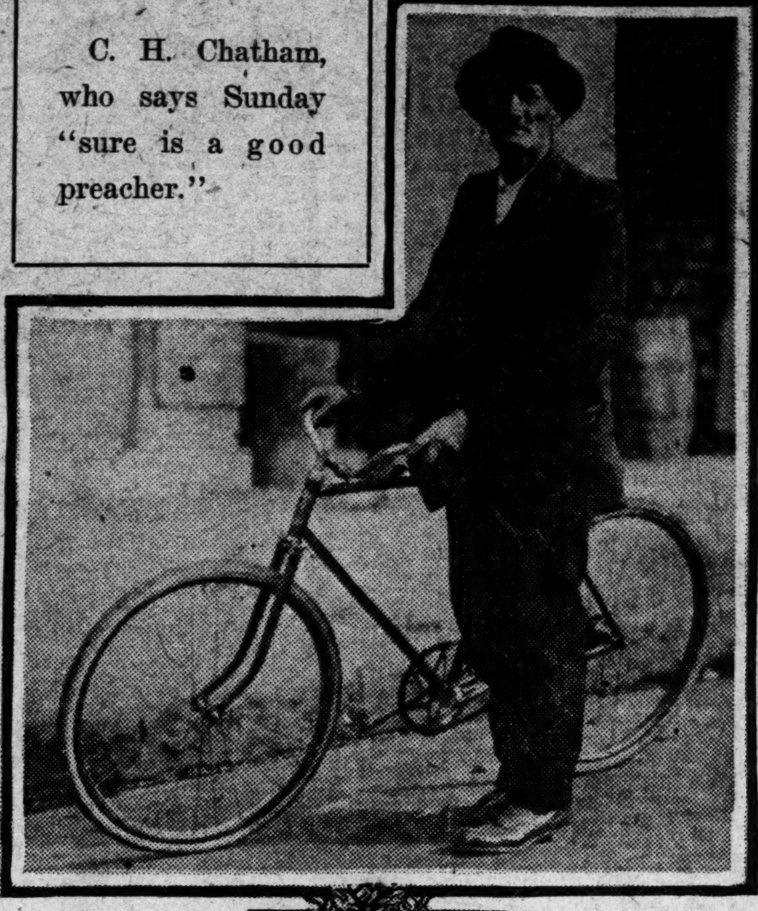
"I propose to do a man's duty in helping to make this war the last war of this world. All my energies shall be laid at the feet of America and of our allies to do what I can toward the establishment of democracy, even in Germany."

The first vote was taken on an amendment offered by the opposition to table the report. It was offered by Delegate Cannon, who said the alliance was no concern of the federation. It was defeated. The roll was then called on the adoption of the committee's recommendation, resulting: Yeas, 21,579; noes, 402.

In connection with the adoption of a report instructing the executive council to place negro organizers in the southern states, Delegate King, of Alabama, said there was a time when such action would have been resented, but that feeling has disappeared, he said, and the negro organizers would be welcomed.

White bread was first introduced in London about the beginning of the nineteenth century.

Man of 67 Rides His Bicycle 50 Miles to Hear Billy Speak



C. H. Chatham, who says Sunday "sure is a good preacher."

C. H. Chatham, of Route No. 3, Whitesburg, Ga., is a visitor in the city, attending the Billy Sunday meetings.

Mr. Chatham is 67 years old; has been going to preaching all his life, and riding a bicycle for 20 years. He came to Atlanta on his bicycle, found the roads in pretty good shape, and declares that Billy Sunday is just about the best preacher he ever listened to.

Mr. Chatham covered a distance of more than fifty miles on his bicycle, coming by way of Newnan to Palmetto, last Friday, spending the night in Palmetto and proceeding to Atlanta Saturday. This is the third such trip he has made in the last year or so.

Got Along Pretty Good.

"I got along pretty good," said Mr. Chatham, "till I got down just 'tother side of Palmetto and my bicycle got wrong somehow or 'nother in the hind hub, and mighty nigh pulled me down. It ran all right the rest of the way, though."

Mr. Chatham estimates that he is good for ten years of life that would not have been his if he did not ride a bicycle.

"I learned about twenty years ago," he said. "My boy had a bicycle and he kept pestering me to learn something about it, and I kept fooling with it till the first thing I knowed I'd learned to ride it. One of the tires gave out on us, though, and we kinder set it aside. I'd been wanting a bicycle ever since, so I bought myself one about two years ago, and it's been doing all right."

Mr. Chatham says that the bicycle trip to Atlanta is well worth it to hear Billy Sunday preach. "He sure is a good preacher, and he pulls off his coat like he means business," said Mr. Chatham. "Rody's pretty good, too. I guess the singing is about as nice as I ever heard. I ain't hit the trail yet. I don't know whether I will or not, but I think I'll stay over a day or two longer, anyway.

Didn't Need Help.

"'Course, it was awful nice of a lady out there the other day to offer to help me get up to the platform to shake hands with Billy, but I had to laugh at her a little bit, anyway. I was sittin' on jest about the first row, and what in the dickens does a young fellow, who can ride a bicycle 50 miles, need with help to walk 10 feet to shake hands with anybody?"

Mr. Chatham paid The Constitution office a visit, shook hands with Frank Stanton and looked over the plant. "I been taking The Constitution pretty near ever since she's been printed, I guess," he said, "and I thought I'd come around and have a look at her and get you to put a little article in the paper—just for a project, y' know."

CATHOLICS URGED TO GIVE TO Y. M. C. A.

Continued From First Page.

nity could be brought together, presided, and this emergency work was reported to the general meeting.

Father Horton, Mr. Cusick and Mr. Sharp each made short talks, pointing out definite plans of work, including, for instance, the arrangement of some festivities at Thanksgiving and Christmas, and praised the work of the committees already acting, which have purchased and hung window shades and attractive draperies, have put in place foliage plants and flowers, and today will give the finishing touhces with picturesque arrangement of bunting and flags.

He congratulated the library committee, which has already placed 1,500 books on the shelves.

Sunday Dinners.

Father Horton urged for the soldiers a welcome in Atlanta homes.

He explained that a great many of the soldiers were "home boys." That is, they had lived in their own homes, and they are homesick. They do not enjoy loafing on street corners, and the hospitality of Atlanta people would be a blessing to them and a boon.

There was an immediate response to the suggestion in the offer of all the women, and one told in simple manner of how she had already found out the happiness which could be given by such hospitality.

Father Norton will be notified through the hospitality committee what families will entertain soldiers any Sunday, and he will select and send the guests.

Committees Appointed.

The committees already acting, which include representatives from the three parishes, are:

Committee on window shades, Mrs. E. A. Kalkhurst, Mrs. J. A. Alexander.

On draperies, Mrs. Robert Otis, chairman; Mrs. Robert O'Donnelly, Mrs. C. O. LaHatte, Mrs. H. F. Luckett, Mrs. John Kuhn, Miss Elizabeth Erskine.

On floors and ferns, Mrs. M. J. Murphy, chairman; Mrs. John F. Hurley, Mrs. Henry W. Salmon, Mrs. T. W. Dealey.

On flowers and ferns, Mrs. M. J. Murphy, aid and Miss Annie Flynn, co-chairmen; Mrs. T. Minehan, Mrs. John Ramsey, Mrs. J. G. Englehart, Mrs. Thomas Johnson, Mrs. James C. Wilson.

On decorations, Mrs. Henry Kuhrt, chairman; Mrs. Neville Reed, Mrs. James O'Donnell, Mrs. L. W. Rowlett, Mrs. O. M. Varley, Mrs. E. J. Putnam, Mrs. Joseph N. Moody, Mrs. Victor Clues, Mrs. A. C. Bromberg, Mrs. M. F. Sullivan, Mrs. E. H. Ginn.

On library, Mrs. Paul Rapier.

On other committees are Mrs. F. J. McGarry, Mrs. Clyde Haynes, Mrs. F. E. Mackle, Mrs. James L. Dickey, Mrs. W. D. Williamson, Mrs. W. F. Spalding, Mrs. Ellen Anderson, Mrs. R. D. Spalding, Mrs. R. A. Magill, Miss Annie Connally, Mrs. J. J. Lynch.

Mrs. McAlpin is general chairman of the auxiliary work on training camp activities.

Williams Named for Florida.

Washington, November 19.—The fuel administration announced today the appointment of Arthur T. Williams, of Jacksonville, as state fuel administrator for Florida.

MAJOR WEIL DIES AT CAMP WHEELER

Chief of Medical Staff at Camp Wheeler Base Hospital Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Macon, Ga., November 19.—Major Richard Weil, chief of medical staff at Camp Wheeler Base hospital, is dead. His body will be shipped to New York on Special Pullman at 7 o'clock tonight.

The death certificate shows Major Weil died of pneumonia.

Major Weil came here from New York at the opening of the base hospital at Camp Wheeler.

He was taken seriously ill eight days ago, a critical case of pneumonia developing. Mrs. Weil, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Strauss, who were lost with the sinking of the steamer Titanic, rushed to the bedside of her husband. She has been one of three nurses attending her husband ever since.

Upon the arrival of Mrs. Weil, a specialist was ordered to come here from New York and has been aiding the staff at the base hospital. Mrs. Weil's brother, Jesse Strauss, accompanied the specialist.

Before entering the army medical corps Major Weil was a lecturer at Cornell university, though he did not hold a chair there. Last year he was engaged in research work at Mount Sinai hospital in New York in connection with the spinal meningitis epidemic in that city.

Other deaths at Camp Wheeler today were.

Ephram T. McCurley, 25, Opp, Ala., pneumonia.

Eugene Eubanks, Boaz, Ala., pneumonia.

SPEAKS TO RED CROSS

Madame Joseph Lustrat, a distinguished and scholarly French woman, who will speak on "France and the Red Cross" at the Wednesday morning conference of the Red Cross. She is the wife of Professor Joseph Lustrat, of the University of Georgia.

WAR COUNCIL HEAD IN ATLANTA TODAY

Strenuous Program Is Arranged for Visit Here of Head of Red Cross War Work.

Henry P. Davison, senior member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., and chairman of the executive committee of the American Red Cross War Council committee, and party, will arrive in Atlanta this morning about 9 o'clock.

They will arrive from Savannah over the Central of Georgia railroad at the Terminal station. They are traveling in Mr. Davison's private car.

The party includes, in addition to Mr. Davison, H. D. Gibson, president of the Liberty National Bank of New York, general manager of the Red Cross Council, and Ivy Lee, national publicity manager of the Red Cross.

The visitors will be met at the Terminal station by a committee of prominent Atlantans, headed by Colonel William Lawson Peel, director general for the southeastern division of the Red Cross. The reception committee will include a delegation from the chamber of commerce.

Interesting Program.

An interesting program has been arranged for the entertainment of Atlanta's prominent visitors. This includes, besides two conferences with the 500 delegate workers of the Red Cross who are arriving on practically every train, for a two days' meeting here, many social events.

Immediately upon arrival the officials will be taken to the Ansley hotel for breakfast, following which they will go for an auto tour of the city. The trip will include visits to Camp Gordon, where Mr. Davison will deliver an address to the soldiers, and the Georgia School of Technology, where Mr. Davison will speak to student body.

The party will be entertained by Colonel Peel at luncheon at the Capital City club. At 2:30 o'clock a conference will be held in the ball room of the Ansley hotel, which will be attended by all of the delegates in attendance.

Members of the local chapter of the Red Cross wish to emphasize the fact that at no time during the day will subscriptions to the Red Cross be solicited. The conference is called merely to advise the workers in the southeast of what is being done by the Red Cross throughout the country, and to bring them closer together in their work of helping stricken soldiers and destitute families at home.

Mass Meeting at Auditorium.

Reservation have been made for 400 guests at the "Dutch" banquet at the Piedmont Driving club tonight at 6 o'clock and the party will adjourn to the Auditorium, where a mass meeting will begin at 8 o'clock.

The guests are urged to be at the club at 5:30 o'clock. Dnner will be served at 6 o'clock.

Following dinner at the Driving club, Mr. Davison will visit the tabernacle and make a short address to the thousands of people congregated there. Following the meeting Billy Sunday will go with Mr. Davison to the auditorium, where Mr. Sunday will make a short talk. The principal address will be made by Mr. Davison.

Alfred C. Newell, chairman of the dinner committee, especially requests that all Atlantans who intend to attend the dinner purchase their tickets this morning and be at the club on time.

It was at first announced that the price of the tickets would be $1.75. This amount has now been reduced to $1.50. The dinner will be served in the main ballroom of the club.

Colonel Peel will preside at the meeting in the auditorium. W. T. Cochran will introduce the speakers.

LIBERALITY URGED FOR THE WAR FUND

Continued From First Page.

men stood at their arms, ready to rise with a wild yell and charge. At 6:25 silence still prevailed, and then at 6:27 it came. First there was a heavy shell burst in front of us, then one to the rear. Great coluds of earth were hurled high in the air. Oh, men, if you could only have seen that! I wished that my brother might be there to witness it. I wished that my faher, now dead, might see it.

"And then there came a yell, and thousands of Canadians, and the Scots, in their kilts, poured "over the top" and went on their way. It was glorious! Those Canadians took every objecive, and held every poin won. Only a few came back, the others were left dead or wounded—and it is to the Y. M. C. A. hut that these, the few that returned, go for warmth and comfort when their stay in the trenches is over."

A storm of cheers marked the close of his address. No sory could have been better told; no greater plea for help for the Y. M. C. A. could have been made by any man.

To obtain the fullest measure of comfort you should have your shirts made to order. To obtain the greatest amount of style, it is absolutely necessary that you do so. Every color and design in our line of shirtings is exclusively our own and cannot be had in ready-made garments. About two weeks' time is required to execute orders, and when the rush comes on it takes longer, so let us show you these new things and take your measure today.

JEWELL SHIRT COMPANY
34½ PEACHTREE—3rd FLOOR

SHIRTS : TO : MEASURE

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Yarns at 18c

In a Little Clean-Up

Germantown and Shetland floss, practically every color except olive drab and gray. Regularly these are 25c and 35c a hank. Buy for the Christmas knitting.

Crochet Threads 5c

Assorted colors and white. Included are such brands as Columbia and D. M. C. and others. Regularly these are 15c, 25c and 30c.

Embroidery Floss 1c

Assorted colors—for art needlework. Regularly 3c a skein.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Overcoats and Opportunity

THE certainty of winter—the dropping of thermometers—and maybe a "slant" at the old one reminds you that you need a new OVERCOAT. Market quotations—a glimpse ahead—tells you that NOW is OPPORTUNITY.

The really splendid all-wool overcoat purchased now—even though your plan is to wear it another season—this is the most provident reasoning you could do.

Provident and profitable because postponement promises to cost you almost half as much again. For such is the market advance on all-wool garments already in effect at the manufacturers' end of your next season overcoat purchase.

Consider these Muse Smart Belted Models—Military Style

$20 to $65

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.
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Thousands of Satisfied Patients

will tell you our work is both good and durable. Why pay more when we do it and GUARANTEE it at these low prices? Come today.

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PHONE M. 1708. LADY ATTENDANT.
Open Daily 8 to 6; Sunday 9 to 1.

PLATES Made and Delivered Same Day

Set of Teeth $5
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All Other Work Low In Proportion

All Work GUARANTEED

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Atlanta New York Paris

The Smart Boot For Street Wear

It has the military air—notice it in the heel and in the wing stitching.

This comes in black, gray and white kidskin—in all black calfskin, all white calfskin, black calfskin with gray suede tops and in Russia calfskin.

Sorosis at its best.

$10, $12 and $12.50 according to the leather

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Repentance Is Not Merely Remorse, Says Billy in Sermon to Negroes

Man May Change His Mind About Sin, Says Evangelist, and at Same Time Neglect to Alter His Conduct.

Billy Sunday preached on "Repentance" last night to a large audience of negroes. The sermon follows in full:

Text: "And David said unto Nathan, 'I have sinned against the Lord.' And Nathan said unto David, 'The Lord also hath put away thy sin; thou shalt not die.'"—II. Samuel, 7:13.

"This, I think, is a part of one of the saddest stories in the Old Testament. Though it is marked with conflicting emotions, this alone is sufficient proof of the authenticity of the Bible, for if it were written by men uninspired by God, we would have no account of man's sin and shame, especially if that man had been prominent.

"God puts it all in. Not only the bright side. Man would put in only the bright side, but God puts it all in. Not because He approves of it. Oh, what men and women of other ages did and how they were punished, and what will happen to us if we disobey His commands!

"What God does for one He will do for all. The plan of redemption doesn't apply to only one individual, but applies to all. So when God inspired the Bible He put it all in.

"If man had written it he wouldn't have put anything in about Noah getting drunk after he came out of the ark, or about David committing adultery, or about Solomon having 700 wives and a few hundred concubines on the side, and having old Brigham Young backed off the boards, or about Judas, the miserable old scoundrel, betraying Him.

"You read the life of Robert Burns and you won't see where he said if there was a barrel of whisky in one corner and a cannon in the other, and he knew if he touched the whisky he would be shot, he would have to go to the whisky.

"No, if man had written the Bible you wouldn't have seen the sin. He put them in to show that even though man had sinned, if he confessed it, the Lord would forgive and forget it.

"The other is a feeling of sadness. One of the saddest things on earth is to tie your hopes to a man or woman and have them disappoint you.

"It is a sad thing to build our hopes on a son or daughter and have them dashed to the ground. Many a woman has stood beneath the perfume of the orange blossom and given her life into the keeping of some man who vowed to be true as long as the skies and sea are blue and he broke them all and tonight she feels her disgrace.

"Many a mother has brought up her children and builded her hopes on them and they have gone out and murdered and assassinated all of her hopes until she drops out of all of her society and goes by way of the back streets and is ashamed and disgraced because they have the family name synonymous with drunkenness, adultery, blasphemy and robbery and every hellish thing in general.

"It's a sad thing and of all the agonies that wring the heart and almost annihilate reason, the saddest is to be disappointed in the people you expect better things of.

"Think of the man who could write the Twenty-third Psalm (Henry Ward Beecher called it the nightingale song). It sings its sweetest melody in the night of darkness and affliction.

Great Because He Repented.

"When I read it, it seems to me I can see the very angels singing, David—the man after God's own heart.

"An old infidel out in Iowa said to me: 'Bill, if David was a man after God's own heart, I haven't much respect for God's choice.'

"He wasn't after God's own heart because he sinned, but because he was decent and manly enough to own up that he had sinned and ask God's forgiveness.

"If you were like him you deserve hell. You'll be a man after God's heart when you admit your cussedness and come out and want to trot decent.

"Sin is graded by light. The more light the greater your guilt. I'd rather be a heathen in Japan or in Africa worshipping idols of wood or stone than be a man in Atlanta today and not be of God.

"I don't have to go to Africa or China to find heathen. A heathen is a man who doesn't believe in God, and some of the biggest heathens this side of hell live in Atlanta.

"Just remember that a heathen is one who doesn't believe in God.

"It's a greater sin for some men to do the same thing than for others to do the same thing, because sin is graded by light.

"It was a greater sin for David to do what he did than it would have been for some others to do the same thing.

"It's a greater sin for some men to drink than for others. I never was possessed of an appetite for drink, and was never drunk but twice in my life. That was bad enough.

"But I say I was never possessed of an appetite for drink, but then every once in a while I lose a piece of my temper. I have the same disposition I had before I became a Christian and I never have gotten over losing my temper, and never expect to.

"I am going out just as fast for God now as I was going to the devil before. Instead of cussing now I pray. Instead of hitting the booze up now I pray.

"So you needn't swell up like a poisoned pup and thank God you are not like some one else. How do you know you may not be damned for the very thing that you are thanking God you are, because you may have more light than the other?

"You say, 'What! Sin graded by light?'

"Certainly. Jesus said: 'Woe unto thee, Capernaum, if these things had been done in Tyre and Sidon, they would have been saved long ago.'

"Jesus walked the streets of Capernaum and healed the sick and opened the eyes of the blind and He said: 'You people are worse than Sodom and Gomorrah because you have more light.'

"So you people are worse than Japs and Chinese because you have more light.

"I have one of the sweetest pictures of the love of God I can find in the Old Testament. If you want to know how you can best resist temptation, I should say: 'Keep busy for God.'

"Satan finds mischief for the idle hands to do and an idle mind is an instrument of the devil.

"No Trade" a Prison Passport.

"The reason so written after your names is because you are not busy for God. You sit around with your arms folded.

"The man that stands around with his hands in his pockets will soon be trying to get them into somebody else's.

"No trade. Keep them busy. No trade is the passport by which 90 per cent of the criminals enter the penitentiaries of the country.

"David was living in luxury. He had obtained peace with all of his enemies. A little insurrection arose and instead of going himself he sent Ahab to quell it.

"And he was walking on the roofs of the houses in the cool of the evening and he saw a woman, noted for her beauty of face and her symmetry of figure, Bethsheba, and he thought of sin.

"No man or woman ever sins if they don't think of it first. No man ever stole without first stealing in his mind. No man ever lied or deceived by his actions without first thinking of it. No man ever murdered without thinking of the murder first.

"The sin of the hand is born in the heart. You conceive it here and bring it forth there. So I say no man or woman ever sinned without first sinning in their minds.

"So he looked and thought of sin. The Bible says: 'Let the wicked forsake his way and the unrighteous man his thoughts.' An evil thought, an evil act, an evil character, and all is built on character.

"A man's thoughts do not make him a criminal. A man becomes a criminal by his acts. A man becomes a sinner by his thoughts.

"You are a criminal when you act contrary to law. When you think against the laws of God you are a sinner. You can think against the law and not be a criminal, but you cannot think against the laws of God and not be a sinner.

"Moses said: 'Thou shalt not commit adultry.' Jesus Christ said: 'Whosoever looketh upon a woman to lust after her hath committed adultery with her already in his heart.'

"Chastity requires purity of thought as well as acts. A lot of you don't act, but you think and you are just as low-down dirty as if you acted.

"How did God treat David? Did He uncork the vials of His wrath upon him? No! There isn't a man in hell that God didn't give a chance.

"He sent Nathan to him and Nathan told him the story of the ewe. There was a rich man and he had large flocks and one day a fellow whom we would call a hobo, came along and asked him for something to eat, and there was a neighbor who was poor and had just one little ewe, which was a pet of the children, and the rich man ordered his servants to go to take the ewe by force, and he killed it and made savory meat of the flesh and gave it to the wayfarer.

"And David was angry, and I can imagine him stamping his foot and crying: 'I vow the man that did that shall surely die.' And Nathan pointed his finger at him and said: 'Thou art the man.'

Not Like Modern Preachers.

"I'd like to have lived in the days of the old prophets. Those old fellows weren't trimmers like a bunch of preachers I know today. If he was like those of today he would have said: 'Just keep it under cover. We'll keep it as quiet as we can.'

"That's why God honored them in the old days. They told the kings or anybody if they were old sinners. Then David called in the words of my text: 'I have sinned against the Lord.' And Nathan said unto David: 'The Lord hath put away thy sin.'

"Note first, he sinned against his light. He knew he had sinned when he sinned, and so does every one of you today. Ignorance of the law is no excuse. Neither is ignorance of the law of God any excuse. You have a chance to learn and it is your business to learn. Everyone knows when he sins.

"Second. He will forgive you if you will repent.

"Third, you can forsake your vilest sins if you yield to Christ.

"Note next, he sinned against his position as king. He influenced others to sin. He hurt his wife and his children. No man lives to himself alone. What you suffer, your wife and children suffer. Yet if you were the only one that was injured I'd preach just as hard to save you.

"But you're not. No man can live to himself alone. I got up and asked about a girl. 'Oh, she is so-and-so, her mother is so-and-so.'

"So many a child is ostracized and stigmatized by society and compelled to live an isolated life because he has the blood of a certain old disreputable scoundrel in his veins.

"A girl is handicapped because you are her father. And your sister hangs her head in shame because you are her brother and because of the life you lead.

"So do you. You sin against your positions in the home, in society, in commerce and in the lodge. You can do as you like.

"It was a great sin and a great repentance. I'd like to ask you for your definition of repentance. You'd say it was sorrow. No, you can't find a man in the penitentiary who is not sorry. Not sorry because he has broken the laws, but because he was caught. So it's not repentance.

"It isn't conviction. If conviction were repentance everyone here would have been saved long ago. Lots of you are convinced that you're living the wrong kind of a life, but you're not converted. You're not willing to take a new stand.

"If there's anybody on earth I despise it's a religious coward. So it's not conviction.

Remorse Is Not Repentance.

"It isn't remorse. Down in a meeting in Troy, N. Y., a bum got up one day and yelled, 'Remorse, remorse,' and three days later, behind a stale beer joint, they found his body. But remorse was not repentance.

"Repentance is a change of mind which leads to a change of conduct with reference to sin toward God and man, and that you ask God for forgiveness through Jesus. Many of you have already changed your mind, but you have not changed your conduct.

"A man steals, but he stops. He is reformed, but he is not saved. In other words, a man will come down and say he is wrong, but will not accept Christ as his personal Savior. Repentance means to turn your back on sin and live for the Lord.

"You cannot be saved unless you are born again. Nothing will take the place of being born again. Baptism and confirmation will not take its place. 'Ye must be born again.'

"Over in the eighth chapter of Acts you find a certain rich man named Simon, who when he saw the joy Peter was bringing asked him how much it cost.

"And Peter told him, 'Thy money perish with thee.'

"He showed him it couldn't be bought. That fellow had been baptized. You can bet he had been baptized according to whatever the right way of baptizing in the Bible is, either sprinkled or immersed. There was a baptized lost sinner. Peter told him he had no part in this matter, that he couldn't buy it with money.

"Now don't go away from here and say that I am preaching against baptism, for I'm not. I'd be a fool to. Baptism is a Scriptural truth. I say that baptism won't save you from hell, and it won't. I say the ordinances of the church are all right, but they won't save you from hell.

"It's faith that saves you and not water, or the thirty-nine articles of confession or the apostolic successions. They are all right, but get them in their place.

"Keep Jesus Christ where He belongs and don't try to back Him in on a side track and try to lock the switch.

"No performances of religious ceremonies will save you. You may go to church and read the Bible and know the long and short catechism, but you must be born again. Everybody that is born again does these things, but everybody that does these things isn't born again.

"Orthodoxy of faith will not save you. No one has the devil beaten for orthodoxy. The devil has a lot of preachers backed off the boards. He believes that Jesus Christ is the Son of God, and he trembles, and that's more than some of you old lobsters out there do.

"He believes in the Bible and heaven and hell. The devil believes all this, but he don't live it.

"James said: 'Show me your faith by your works.'

"Your culture and correctness of manner won't save you. Why some of you are so stuck up with your outside appearance. Look at your heart. Some of you are just like some apples—so fine on the outside, but the minute you bite into them—bah—you spit it out.

"What's worse than finding a worm in an apple? To find half a worm—rotten.

"No, it isn't the manners that will save you. You eat your soup with a spoon and lift it away from you and eat it out of the side.

Marks of New Birth.

"It's universal. No man or woman will be saved unless they are born again. How can we tell? Let me give you what God calls the marks of a new birth.

"First, John ii, 29, 'Whosoever is born of God doeth righteousness.' That is, he'll do as God wishes. He'll read the Bible and do as God says. You'll make that your rule.

"Second, John, iii, 9, 'Whosoever is born of God does not commit sin.' That doesn't mean that I cannot commit sin; can't hit the booze, but that I don't want to hit the booze. It doesn't mean that I can't sin, but that I don't want to sin.

"It doesn't mean you can't sin, can't make a mistake, but that you will not willfully sin. It means if you fall in sin you won't stay there.

"You let a sheep and a hog fall in a mud puddle. The sheep will bound clear of it, but the hog will stay in it and wallow in it. Their natures are different.

"The world can tell whether you are a hog or a sheep.

"Let a man or a woman be born again and they'll bound away from sin. But let someone that isn't and he'll wallow in it.

"Some church members are just washed sows. I'm just qouting Scripture; Peter said, 'Some of you are like a sow, which washed goes back to wallow; like a dog, which goes back and licks up its vomit.' Oh, you're shocked, but just the same you're like the sow and the dog.

"Third, whosoever is born of God loveth the brethren. Everybody that is a Christian, whether he's of your denomination or not.

"Now, what are you going to do? That means the Christian. Not the saloon keeper or the brewer. They're no brethren until they are born again. They are children of the devil now.

"It's God's nature to love and you should love each other. Do you Presbyterians love each other? Do you Presbyterians love the Baptists and do the Baptists love the Christians and the Christians the Metohdists and the Methodists the U. B.'s? Do you?

"Do you love me?

"See?

"It puts it square up to you. If you don't I'll tell God when I get to heaven about some of the mean things you said about me down here.

"Whosoever is born of God does not commit sin. Whosoever is born of God doeth righteousness.

"I was in a Baptist church where they were extending the right hand of fellowship and they voted on one woman and all but one woman arose to give her right hand of fellowship. She said she wouldn't because the woman came from a little mission section. And she had the audacity to call herself a Christian and yet refused to extend the hand of fellowship because a woman came from the submerged tenth.

"Whosoever is born again believlieveth that Jesus is the Christ. That puts a lot of preachers out of business.

"Who's a liar? Anybody that denieth God is a liar. The Unitarians are not even in the kingdom.

"First John, 5-4—'Whosoever is born of God overcometh the world.' There are two classes in the world today. Those who are overcoming the world are Christians. Those who are letting the world overcome them are not.

"Would you rather go to a theater party, card party, or Dutch lunch than a prayer meeting? Then you are not of God. This thing of just hanging on to a church membership is going too far.

"Every one in the church has a body and soul, but a Christian has more than a sinner, and you'll never be saved until you have it. I had physical birth, but I have a spirtual birth. A sinner has no spiritual existence. God looks on him as dead.

"It's a great forgiveness. I want you to read the Thirty-second Psalm when you go home. It starts out, 'Blessed is he whose transgression is forgiven, whose sin is covered.' A great forgiveness. People try to cover their sins. Don't do it. Come to Christ as you are and He'll forgive you.

His Life Was a Desert.

"I had a friend who was a brilliant young fellow. He covered the Japanese and Chinese wars for a New York paper. He was on his way home when he was shipwrecked and the captain and he were the only ones saved.

"They stayed on an island living on roots for a week, and then they signaled a steamer and got started home. He got word from The New York Tribune and they told him to go to 'Frisco, so he went, and they told him to come across the arid country and write up the prospects of irrigation.

"And as he walked across those plains he thought of how they would blossom if they were only irrigated.

"Then he thought of how his life was like that desert with nothing in it but waste.

"He got to Chicago and got a job and lost it on account of drunkenness and couldn't get another on account of having no recommendation. So he walked out one winter night and took his reporter's book, addressed it to his father and wrote something like this:

"'I've made a miserable failure of this life. I've disgraced you and sent mother to a premature grave. If you care to look for me, you'll find my body in the Chicago river.'

"He tossed aside the book and it fell on the snow. He leaped to the rail of the bridge, but a policeman who had been watching him sprang and caught him. He begged him to let him leap, but the policeman wouldn't do it, and got his story from him. Then the policeman said:

"'Well, I don't know whether you are stringing me or not, but if half of what you say is true you can make a big thing out of life. I'm not much on religion, but I'll show you a place where they will keep you,' and he took him to the Pacific Garden mission, at 100 East Van Buren street, which for 13,000 nights has had its doors open every night.

"He went in and sat down by a bum. He read some of the mottoes like: 'When did you write to your mother last?' and they began to work on him and he asked the bum what graft they got out of this.

"The bum flared right up and said there was no graft, that Mrs. Clark had just mortgaged her home for $3,000 to pay back rent. He told him he could sleep right there and go down in the morning and get something to eat free, and if he couldn't land a bed by next night he could come back to one of the benches.

"Then my friend got up and went down and accepted Christ. He was so full of gold bromide cures that he tingled when he talked and jingled when he walked.

"He started out to give his testimony and he was a marvelous power. I met him some time later in an elevator in Chicago and he was dressed to kill with a silk lid and a big diamond and the latest cut Prince Albert and he said:

Was Given Marvelous Power.

"'Bill, that was a great day for me. I started out with not enough clothes to make a tail for a kite or a pad for a crutch and now look at me.'

"He was secretary in the firm of Morgan & Wright, and was drawing $175 a month. He is an expert stenographer. A newspaper in New York had written him to take associate editorship, but I told him not to do it, to stay where he was and tell his story.

"What did he do? He told God he was a miserable sinner and God forgave him as He will you.

"There are two verses of scripture I'd like to blaze all over Atlanta, and everywhere around. They are these:

"'Be sure your sins will find you out,' and

"'If we confess our sins He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins and cleanse us from all unrighteousness.'

"One to startle you and the other to chase you to Jesus Christ.

"I don't know what He meant by saying He would cast my sins behind Him, but I know now.

"Twenty-six years ago He told me He would cast my sins behind Him and hold them against me no more forever. He would drop them in the deepest depths of the sea.

"Out in the Pacific ocean recently they measured and six miles didn't touch bottom. No one can see what six miles of water flows over. I understand it now.

"If there is anything on this earth I despise it is the man or woman who will remind anyone of the deeds of their former life if they are not leading that kind of life now. Anybody who does is so low down he'd have to get a balloon to get to hell.

"God says, 'I'll remind you of your sins no more forever.' So what do you want to do it for?

"Don't try to make yourself better. Come as you are and God will take you."

(Copyright.)

REVIVAL CAMPAIGN PROGRAM TODAY

AT BILLY SUNDAY TABERNACLE.

Preaching by Billy Sunday 2 p. m. Everybody invited.

Preaching by Billy Sunday to everybody at 8 p. m.

Noon-day shop meetings:

Dr. Isaac Ward, director.

Continental Gin Company—12:00-12:30—Rev. C. A. Ridley, conductor.

Foote & Davies, 12:00-12:30—Homer Rodeheaver, conductor.

Georgia Railway and Power Company, Fulton County Plant, 12:00-12:30—D. S. Edenfield, conductor.

Southern Railway (South) Shops, 11:30-12:00—Rev. J. E. Hemphill, conductor.

Atlanta Joint Terminals, 12:00-12:30—Rev. A. A. Little, conductor.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' SUNDAY CAMPAIGN.

Miss Alice Miriam Gamlin, Director.

2:15 P. M.—Boys' and girls' meetings. Forrest Avenue school, Forrest avenue and Randolph street. Miss Kate King.

7:30 P. M.—Parents. Central Presbyterian, opposite state capitol. Rev. Dunbar Ogden, 37 Columbia avenue, Main 4302.

MISS GRACE SAXE'S SCHEDULE.

11:00 A. M.—Georgian Terrace.

3:00 P. M.—Tabernacle.

7:45 P. M.—Capitol Avenue Baptist church.

MISS MILLER'S SCHEDULE.

2:30 P. M.—Business women's invitation committee, Y. W. C. A., Arcade building.

MRS. ASHER'S SCHEDULE.

12:00 Noon—American Can company, 410 Marietta street.

2:30 P. M.—Business women's invitation committee meeting, Y. W. C. A.

MEETINGS FOR GIRLS OF HIGH SCHOOLS.

Miss Kinney.

2:15 P. M.—Commercial High school. First Christian church.

Here's Billy Sunday, Jr., And His Brother, Paul

The above photographs show two of the Billy Sunday family who have not been seen heretofore by the Atlanta admirers of the great evangelist. Paul, the 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Sunday, is shown on the right. He is at the Sunday home, in Winona Lake, Ind., where he is in charge of the family nurse, and housekeeper, and where he is attending school. Billy Sunday, Jr., whose picture is also shown above, is at Blairstown, N. J., and is a student there of the Blair academy. Billy and Ma Sunday are very proud of these two boys, and have spoken of them many times since coming to Atlanta.

Sunday Will Conduct Meeting on Thursday At Home of Mrs. Davis

The second of the Billy Sunday "drawing room" meetings to be held by the evangelist in Atlanta will be at the home of Mrs. Archibald Davis, 1220 Peachtree street, on next Thursday. Mrs. Davis, who is prominent socially and who has done great work for the Sunday forces, will invite a number of friends to her home, as was done by Governor and Mrs. Hugh Dorsey, and Billy Sunday, accompanied by Mrs. Sunday and other members of the party, will be invited to meet them. Mr. Sunday will speak to the society folk and Rody and Brewster will give them some good music.

Mr. Sunday considers these meetings a most important part of his campaign work, and there are many people reached by them, he claims, that would not otherwise come in contact with him.

MISS SAXE WILL SPEAK TO STUDENTS OF BIBLE

Miss Grace Saxe, the efficient head of the Bible study department of the Billy Sunday system, will address the Bible students this afternoon at the close of the service on the platform. Miss Saxe will speak on "The Deity of Christ." Miss Saxe will address a Bible study meeting each afternoon at the close of Mr. Sunday's sermon, her subject tomorrow being "Proof of the Inspiration of the Scriptures."

On Thursday she will speak on "Christian Science and Spiritualism." This address is full of interesting matter, and Miss Saxe declares that many Christian Scientists have forsaken their tenets and embraced the religion taught by the Billy Sunday organization, after hearing this talk. On Friday afternoon, from 5 to 6 o'clock, Miss Saxe will hold a meeting in the tabernacle for the school teachers' Bible class.

BIBLE STUDY CLASS AT GEORGIAN TERRACE

A Bible study class will be conducted this morning at the Georgian Terrace drawing room by Miss Grace Saxe, which will be attended by a large number of invited guests. Invitations have been sent out for this meeting, and it is expected that many ladies will be present to hear Miss Saxe deliver one of her fine Bible addresses. Mr. Rodeheaver, Mr. Brewster and Mr. Matthews will be present, and will furnish songs and instrumental music before and after the talk by Miss Saxe. The hour for the Georgian Terrace meeting is 11 o'clock.

Gray Hair? Use BARBO

A preparation of great merit for streaked, faded or gray hair.

You Can Make It Yourself

Get a box of Barbo Compound at any drug store. Directions for making and use come in each box. Costs little and easy to make.

LOS ANGELES READS ABOUT BILLY SUNDAY IN THE CONSTITUTION

Out in Los Angeles, Cal., where Billy Sunday recently completed a campaign, they are buying The Constitution to find out what he is doing here, and they are greatly pleased with The Constitution's reports of Billy's Atlanta meetings, as the following letter shows:

"1800 Flower Street, Los Angeles, Cal., November 12, 1917.—The Atlanta Constitution: I am securing the copies of The Atlanta Constitution and am very much pleased with the reports. Paul Jones, Ned McIntosh and Britt Craig are splendid.

"I take the papers to the Sunday campaign headquarters and many are enjoying them. Others made inquiries about The Constitution.

"Enclosed find postoffice order for $1.30 for two months' subscription.

"Los Angeles has been greatly benefited from the Sunday campaign and expensive plans for follow-up work are being worked out. The chorus has a weekly song service. Yours truly,

"CORA C. MOWREY."

GOOD CITIZENSHIP TO SOLVE PROBLEM

Continued From First Page.

those hundreds of thousands of slaves who stood guard in the household of the women and children of the south while their fathers and sons were at the front fighting to keep the shackles on those slaves. History has no brighter page of loyalty or devotion than its record of the unswerving fidelity of the black slave phalanxes that stood guard over the helpless women and children and cultivated the fields of the south during those awful days of the civil war. In all that long period of strife the men of the south in distant battlefields knew that their loved ones at home were safe, and that the ever-watchful slave sentinels were ready to sacrifice their own lives rather than prove false to the trust which their masters had placed in their hands.

"But those days are gone forever. The slave is now his own master, but the character that shone so brilliantly in the hearts of their ancestors must be inherited, and lived out by the sons and daughters of those, who now, as free men and free women, can view only with unbounded pride that record of loyalty and devotion, which so brightly illumines the history of your race and shows that your heart is in the right place.

Wonderful Progress.

"It is natural that in your efforts upward you should feel that the progress is not as fast as it might be, but you compare what has already been accomplished by your race with the toil and struggles and hardships of other races, and you will see that your progress has been the wonder of history. Look at the Armenians. Four hundreds of years, millions of them have been crushed under the iron heel of the Turk infidel. For centuries their bones have bleached on the Syrian plains, and today as a nation they are almost annihilated. One million eight hundred thousand of them have been slain by the Turks. The Jews have been driven from Palestine, and for two thousand years they have sought shelter under the flags of all countries of the earth. Today they do not even own the country hallowed by the graves of Moses, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, and the land where Jesus was born.

"But you are here among the best friends you have in the world—the white people of the south. They know you, and you know them. They understand you better than you are understood anywhere else on earth. There is not one here, but if you got into trouble would send for a white man to help you out. No wonder that thousands of negroes who have gone north are coming back to their southern homes. This is the place for them, just as Alaska is the place for the Eskimo. This is as naturally your home as it is the home of cotton. The south can not get along without the negro, and the negro can't get along anywhere in the world as well as he can in the south.

"If you think there are things to which you are justly entitled, and which you are not receiving, the best way to get them is to strive to make yourselves more worthy of them.

"You can depend upon it that all things will work out in time. The best way for a white man who is working for another to receive promotion is to appeal to his conscience, by making himself indispensable. Rome was not built in a day, and you cannot get everything you want in a day. It takes a month to hatch a turkey egg.

"Your school facilities are inadequate; so are those of the whites, and when you think that it was only fifty years ago that it was illegal in the south to give the negro even the fundamentals of an education and when you see the wonderful progress you have made since then, you have every reason to feel proud and encouraged that everything is working out all right.

"So, I say to the north—keep your hands off—and the white folks and the negroes of the south will work out all these problems in time. They will not forsake you any more than your ancestors forsook them in the stormy days of the civil war.

"Base your appeal on the bedrock of good citizenship—do your part, and you can depend on the white man doing his.

Y. M. C. A. Work.

"I understand that you have already raised under the leadership of your ministers of your churches about forty-thousand dollars for a new Y. M. C. A. building for the negroes of Atlanta, and as soon as you raise fifty thousand, a twenty-five thousand-dollar donation is ready for you. I feel sure from what I know of the white people of Atlanta that when you have raised all you can for such a noble work, your appeal to them for the amount needed to complete the fund will not be in vain. One building of this kind will mean more for the negroes of Atlanta and the south, for this city is the center of educational efforts of the south, than all the joints in the city, and more for the race than all the negro dance halls from Washington to New Orleans.

"Follow your leaders among the ministers of your churches and your educators. They are godly men and are giving their lives to their noble work. They will lead you to paths that will take you to a better life, and lead you to the certain rewards of good citizenship.

"Some one told me the other day that one of the reasons that so many negroes were going north, was that Georgia had gone 'bone dry,' and they wanted to go where they could get their 'dram.' I consider that an insult to your race. If any negro or white man wants to leave Georgia because he cannot get booze here and get drunk, the sober and respectable people of Atlanta will escort him to the depot and sing 'Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow' as the train takes him away. I would rather have all the snakes that ever infested this world turned loose in a bunch in Georgia than witness the return of the barrooms to this state. I hope to see the United States become so dry that you will have to prime a man before he can spit.

"You have had a strict prohibition law operating a little more than a year. In some counties they are already advertising the jails for rent, and are using some of them to store cotton instead of negroes. The county authorities can't find enough convicts to work the roads. The man who formerly did the work with ball and chain in a striped suit, is now working as a free sober man, and is being paid by the day, and there are no bar-rooms in which to squander the money on pay day. I have it from direct authority that the judges of the superior courts of Georgia testify to the fact that in this year's courts there are very few murder trials, whereas most of the time used to be occupied in the trial of such cases. Judge Ben Hill at the opening term of the criminal court had to adjourn the session because there was no business. Prohibition is responsible for these wonderful results, and when you take into consideration the fact that three-fourths of the convicts of this state come from the negroes, you can see what prohibition has done for your race.

"So, let all the negroes who must have their whisky go to the booze-cursed states, if they want to. If you will get rid of all the drunken white men and drunken negroes in Georgia, leaving only the sober ones, you will find that the millennium has come between the white man and the negro.

"Liquor has been at the bottom of most of the racial troubles and riots, just as it has been at the bottom of most all cussedness.

"I hope you will receive these plain words in the spirit they are given, for they come from a friend.

"Let me tell you again, that the heart of your white neighbor beats in friendly sympathy, and your best friend is the white man of the south, and if you appeal to his conscience and confidence, he will abide by the golden rule and 'do unto you as he would have you do unto him' if conditions were reversed. Then there will be a new birth of prosperity and happiness for the dear old southland."

BUSY WEEK IS AHEAD OF SUNDAY WORKERS

Every Man and Woman on Billy's Staff Will Aid in Campaign.

Billy Sunday and his great force of workers will resume business this morning, after another "strenuous day of rest," and a busy week is before them. Mr. Sunday will preach twice each day at the tabernacle, afternoon and evening, aside from making many talks to various educational and other institutions.

Dr. Isaac Ward, who has been holding some very effective meetings at noonday among the manufacturing and mercantile plants, will conduct his services every day this week.

Miss Alice M. Gamlin, who has charge of the work among the boys and girls, will hold two meetings today, this afternoon at 2:15 at the Forrest Avenue school and tonight at 7:30 at the Central Presbyterian church.

Miss Florence Kinney, who has in charge the work among the students, will hold meetings during the week at the various high schools.

Mrs. William Asher will begin the week's activities with a noon-day meeting to be held for the business women at the American Canning company's plant.

Miss Miller will hold the luncheon meeting for the business women in the Y. W. C. A. rooms, Arcade building, from 11 to 2 o'clock each day this week, beginning today, and on through Friday.

There will be some special services held at the tabernacle during the week, as announced. Thursday night will be known as "grocers' night" and a large number of special seats will be occupied by the Atlanta grocery men. Friday afternoon will be devoted to "Mothers' day," and the men of the city are asked to wear a white flower in honor of the occasion, and to see that the mothers have an opportunity to attend this special service.

Friday evening will be given over to the colleges, and will be known as "college night."

Japanese at White House.

Washington, November 19.—The Japanese financial mission to the United States, accompanied by Ambassador Sato, paid a formal call late today at the white house.

NO ADVANCE

In Prices Here

On account of the war most everyone has advanced their prices. OUR prices remain the same, although the prices of materials are way up. TAKE advantage NOW while we are able to give you the same high-class dental work at the same old prices we have charged for the last 10 years.

GOLD CROWNS $3.00. BRIDGE WORK $3.00 PER TOOTH

BEST SET OF TEETH $5.00—YOUR DENTIST CHARGES $10

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

"THE OLD RELIABLE"

ATLANTA DENTAL PARLORS

C. A. CONSTANTINE, Prop.

10 Years at Same Location. Corner Peachtree and Decatur Sts.

GERMANY REFUSES TO DISCUSS PEACE WITH RUSS RADICALS

Kaiser Says He Will Only Treat With Legal Successor to Deposed Czar or Constituent Assembly.

Petrograd, November 19.—Germany has refused to treat for peace with the few soldiers and workmen's government in response to a recent proposal, according to the newspapers here, which publish this news as coming from a well authenticated source.

It is stated that Emperor William announced in his reply that he could treat only with the legal successor to the imperial government or with the constituent assembly.

In this connection the Volina Noroda says it has information that the soldiers' and workmen's government, in the event of its failure to receive replies from the belligerents by November 23, reserves the right to make peace on its own account, after which, if the war continues, Russia will occupy a neutral position.

Stockholm, November 19.—"Brotherly greetings" were recently sent by the Petrograd Bolsheviki to the German majority and minority socialists. The communication, which was issued and forwarded by the "foreign representation" of the Bolsheviki, contains numerous references to capitalists and traitors to the proletariat cause, declares the Bolsheviki program to be peace without annexations or contributions and calls on the proletariat to rise everywhere to bring to an end the long strife, which is otherwise threatened. The communication declares further:

"The Bolsheviki foreign representation has received from the French, Austrian and German socialist parties assurances that the Russain proletariat can reckon on powerful support."

TEUTONS PUSH NEARER TO THE VENETIAN PLAINS

Continued From First Page.

front in Belgium and France, but indications point to another attack by Field Marshal Haig in Flanders and possibly by General Pétain's forces near Verdun. On both sectors extremely heavy bombardments are in progress—that in Flanders extending from the region of Passchendaele on past the French positions on the British left and up to the Belgian coast.

WHERE ARE ALLIES? ITALY IS ASKING.

Headquarters of the Italian Army in Northern Italy, November 19.—(By the Associated Press.)—Having felt the Italian steel along the Piave, the enemy is again massing his forces on the north. Austrian prisoners taken at Follina and Fagare say that von Below's forces, who were present four days ago at Vider, on the Piave river, have been swung northward, probably back of Asiago, on the front between the Piave and Brenta rivers.

Some of the heaviest blows are being struck there and, although the enemy forces in that territory, have exceeded the Italians, heavy reserves are being added to them and the pressure has been steadily increased since Friday.

It is not possible to state where the allied reinforcements are, but it can be stated that they are not on the Piave nor in the fighting zone at the north, which now appears to be one of the enemy's chief lines of approach.

It is felt that the allies' reinforcements could render incalculable service at this juncture in furnishing reserves to meet this concentration on the north and the correspondent is authorized to state that this would be considered most timely now.

POWERFUL ATTACK MADE ON ITALIANS BY TEUTON FORCES

Italian Army Headquarters in Northern Italy, November 19.—(By the Associated Press.)—Conditions were virtually unchanged on the fighting front early today. A powerful attack is proceeding in the north between the Piave and Brenta rivers, the enemy throwing heavy masses into the line. The Italian artillery and infantry are holding tenaciously. There have been no further attempts to cross the Piave.

OFFENSIVE BEGUN BY ITALIAN TROOPS.

Rome, November 19.—Italian forces have begun an offensive on the Asiago plateau and have occupied advanced elements of trenches, the war office announces today.

Further attempts of the Austro-German troops to cross the Piave have been stopped.

On the front west of the Piave south of Quera, great numbers of Austro-German troops are attacking the Monte Monfenera and Monte Tomba lines.

The statement reads:

"Last night there was lively artillery activity between Lake Garda and the Astico.

"On the Asiago plateau the enemy made violent concentrations of fire on our positions at Monte Tonberecar and Monte Badenecche, without following up with any infantry attack. Our parties in new offensive operations reoccupied advanced elements of trenches, capturing six officers and 202 men.

"South of Quero enemy forces in great number are attacking our Monte Monferera and Monte Tomba lines.

"On the plains the vigilance of our troops has stopped the enemy from renewing any attempt whatsoever to cross the Piave.

"Among our troops the following deserve again to be specially mentioned for valor shown during these last days: Bersaglieri battalions in the Fagare zone and the Granatieri and Catania brigades at the Zenson loop.

"Enemy troops repeatedly were bombarded in the course of the day by our airplanes and in the night, in spite of a strong wind, by our airships at the basin of Primolano, to the northwest of Susegana and at Tezse di Livenza."

TEUTONS CAPTURE STRONG POSITIONS.

Berlin, November 19.—(Via London.) Quero and Monte Cornelle, on the northern Italian front, have been taken by storm and the Italians have been driven from Monte Tomba, the war office announced today.

The announcement follows:

"Northeast of Asiago the enemy repeated his fruitless and costly attacks to gain the lost heights. Between the Brenta and the Piave the last few days have brought the (Teutonic) allies further successes in difficult mountain fighting."

The announcement follows:

"In prepared and naturally strong positions the Italians sought to dispute every foot of ground. They threw freshly brought up forces against our advancing troops, but were not equal to the unconquerable offensive strength of our infantry. Step by step, fighting stubbornly, the enemy yielded. In particularly desperate encounters Quero and Monte Cornelle, extending to the northwest, were taken by storm and the enemy was driven from his strongly prepared positions on Monte Tomba. The German storming troops and the second Bosnia-Herzegovina infantry regiment especially distinguished themselves in this action. Eleven hundred Italians fell into our hands.

"On the lower Piave the artillery duel at times increased to great violence."

The supplementary statement tonight says:

"There was violent fighting in the mountains between the Brenta and Piave rivers (Italian front)."

RODY AND SUNDAY LEARN WHEN NEGROES HIT TRAIL

Continued From First Page.

never been anything like this meeting, certainly in Atlanta, before. And to begin at the beginning: It was a meeting for negroes only, and only such white people as had business there were there.

With the rain softly pattering down on the acre roof over the tabernacle, the big auditorium was practically filled at 7 o'clock, and the various college delegations and organizations were staging a hot competition in yells and college songs.

Besides everydody else, there were delegations from Morris Brown college, Union church, of Decatur; postoffice employees, Clark university, the Trio laundry, Holmes institute, Morehouse college, Atlanta Normal, Spelman seminary, Gammon Theological seminary, Atlanta university, and a big delegation of negro soldiers who had come in on special cars from Camp Gordon, occupied an entire section on the left of the platform.

The Singing Starts.

Rody started things going by asking everybody to stand and sing "My Country 'Tis of Thee." Then he called for "Come Thou Fount of Every Blessing" and some more of the good old-time church songs.

A request of the delegation from Clark university brought forth a college yell that shook the building and met with a storm of applause.

The Morris Brown college delegation fairly set the vast audience on its ears with their college song, entitled, "Morris Brown Gonna Shine."

The burden of this song, set to a good, swinging melody, was about as follows:

"Morris Brown gonna shine tonight;
  Morris Brown gonna shine;
When the sun goes down an' the moon
  comes up,
  Morris Brown gonna shine!"

And, believe me most sincerely, Morris Brown shone, for they could certainly sing that song. Rody wanted to hear it two or three times and the congregation burst into enthusiastic cheers.

Give Soldiers Ovation.

The congregation went wild, though, when Rody called on the negroes to stand up and let everybody see them. When the negro boys in khaki—a whole company of them, maybe several companies—stood up the whole crowd stood up, cheering and waving handkerchiefs, and gave the soldiers an ovation which must have flattered them deeply.

Rody had a taste of army life in the Spanish-American war, and he told the soldiers of how well the negro troops had acquitted themselves in that conflict. The mention of Teddy Roosevelt's name got an immediate and very considerable rise out of the men in brown.

But to get back to the singing.

The chorus seats were full of good brothers and sisters who h'ist and ably support the tunes in Atlanta's negro churches, and Rody turned to these and asked for "one of your real southern negro songs."

A young girl from Clarke university came upon the platform and, in the tenderest crooning soprano, led the wonderful melody of "Swing Low, Sweet Chariot," with a chorus of a thousand voices following her.

Beyond Description—That's All.

It would have been a good bet that this performance could not have been beaten for sweetness and harmony and rhythm, but the next song was "Lord, I Want to Be a Christian in My Heart," that song with the great deep chords and the subtle bewildering minors! It was beyond description.

At the end of this song Billy stepped upon the platform and everybody cheered at the first glimpse of the big preacher. The first crowd to catch Billy's eye was the soldiers. He gave them a great [illegible] broad grin, and a wave of his hand, as much as to say: "Hey there, fellers!" The soldiers "got" him right from the start, and he and the Camp Gordon boys were acquainted.

Bill didn't rush into his sermon, though. He had been back [illegible] platform for some little bit, getting an earful of the singing, and he was entirely willing to hear some more of it.

Rody undertook the mighty easy task of teaching the negroes to sing "Brighten the Corner," and made a big discovery about singing preachers.

He called on the soldiers to sing the first line; the last ten rows the second line; everybody the third line, and the preachers the last line. Each crowd thought they were doing pretty well until those preachers, in a deep hell-fire-preaching, kingdom-come-praying, Sunday-fried-chicken chorus broke down on the last line. They made the rafters shiver. Everybody started a spontaneous cheer, and Rody made the parsons stand up and sing the whole chorus alone.

New Thrill in Every Song.

There was a big surprise and new thrill in every song, though, for that matter.

Rody called on the Spelman delegation for "the song that Billy liked when he was out there the other day."

The Spelman leader stood upon a bench and started "I'm Gonna Meet My Mother, Down by the River Bank." The great crowd caught up the refrain, "I ain't a-gonna study war no more." Feet began to pat. The chorus surged upward. The basses made the very atmosphere throb, and when they had finished Rody called for "another verse." And when they had finished the second verse Rody hesitated a minute, and then said:

"Let's have one more verse anyway."

Then he made them taper the chorus down to the veriest lullaby that could have crooned an army to sleep.

Now Rody and Mrs. Asher are not the worst singers of negro folk songs, at that, so they sang a duet for the Atlanta negroes. "Heaven" was the name of it, and they got away with it with such faithfulness that the last verse wound up in a thunder of amens from the parsons' corner, and a big tribute of applause from all over the audience.

A Work of Art.

Then Rody and Mrs. Asher sang "I Gonna Sing and Shout in Glory Some o' These Days." The negroes recognized their singing as a real work of art. One could feel the rhythm of it, and everybody was keyed to the melody and harmony of the song. Suddenly Rody swept his arm over the audience and the choir and shouted:

"Come on, everybody."

It was like unleashing a pack of hounds on a hot trail. The promptness and unanimity with which at least 5,000 negroes grabbed that chorus was not short of a psychlogical phenomenon.

At last, however, the singing came to an end, and Billy began to preach Billy was dressed within an inch of his life—high stiff collar, and everything. He lectured the audience first on proper co-operation between the white people and the negroes, and he talked some good, sound, horse sense, which would do a lot of white people as much good as the negroes, if they would let it soak in.

But Bill talked prety vigorously, too, and by the time he got down to his sermon proper, beads of perspiration were standing out on his brow.

He annonuced his text, and started on his sermon, but he didn't get far before he stopped and "shucked off."

"I'm too dolled up to preach," he said. And off came his coat and collar.

Straight From the Shoulder.

Bill preached to the negroes straight from the shoulder, and told them what would happen to them if they didn't go straight; how to get right with God and go straight—in short he dosed them up with good old time religion, good and strong.

His sermon was repeatedly echoed with choruses of "Amen's," and audible voicings of approval of what he was saying. He hadn't gone far, when a good sister, away over on one side, had a shoutin' spell.

Bill is usually a stickler for silence on the part of the congregation when he is preaching, even to the extent of having Rody deliver a regular lecture on the art of coughing. But when the "Amens" and the shoutin' greeted Billy's ears, he took one look and said:

"This is your meetin' !"

There are a lot more things that ought to be written about the Monday night meeting, but the clock is already getting dangerously near the dead line.

"Ma" Sunday was introduced, and made a little talk.

Mell Trotter, who was converted at the same Chicago mission that Billy Sunday was converted at and who is now running that mission, was introduced.

Charles H. Gabriel, author of "Brighten the Corner," and lots of other church songs, made his bow.

Mr. Trotter's army Y. M. C. A. quartet sang.

In short, something was happening every minute and in between minutes, too.

Dr. George N. Flowers, Confederate Veteran, Died Monday Evening

Dr. George Newton Flowers, one of the oldest and best known citizens of DeKalb county, died last night at 11:45 o'clock at his home in Doraville, after an illness of only a few days.

Dr. Flowers left his home in DeKalb county to enlist in the confederate army, in which he served for the four years of the war between the states. At the close of the war he came to Doraville, to his old home, where he had lived ever since. For many years he was an active member of the Methodist church.

Dr. Flowers is survived by his wife, three sons, Dr. J. E. Flowers, of Daraville; Dr. Arthur Preston Flowers, of Atlanta; Lamar Flowers, of Blacksburg, S. C., and one daughter, Miss Daisy Flowers, of Doraville. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

P. D. ARMOUR III. JOINS U. S. AVIATION CORPS

Chicago, November 19.—P. D. Armour III., grandson of the founder of the Armour packing industry, enlisted today in the United States aviation corps and was given a commission as a first lieutenant. Armour is 31 years old, over the draft age, and is a vice president of Armour & Co.

"Built Like a Skyscraper"

An average drawer load weighs fifty pounds. This Shaw-Walker drawer is holding about ten times that weight. And holds it easily—without sagging. (From actual photograph.)

SHAW-WALKER STEEL LETTER FILES

EVERY time you pull open a Shaw-Walker drawer, two "Voluntary Slides" run out to support it. That's why capacity-loaded drawers "coast" smoothly, *noiselessly*. Non-rebounding, too.

Shaw-Walkers are "Built Like a Skyscraper" with a framework of skyscraper steel. Electric-welded into one solid piece. No nuts—bolts—rivets—rods—screws.

We believe you'll say Shaw-Walkers are the best files ever made. If, after trying a Shaw-Walker, you don't think so—your money back—quick. Order one by 'phone.

WOOD FILES

Shaw-Walker also manufactures a complete line of filing cabinets in wood; as well as supplies for all files.

HORNE DESK & FIXTURE CO.
W. A. Horne, Proprietor
Bell Phone, Ivy 1158
Wholesale and Retail Commercial Furniture, Desks, Chairs and Filing Devices, Sectional Office Partitions
93 North Pryor St., Atlanta

High-Grade Boots

Colored Kid and Two-Tone effects, including light Gray, Ivory, etc.

Actual $8 to $10 values,

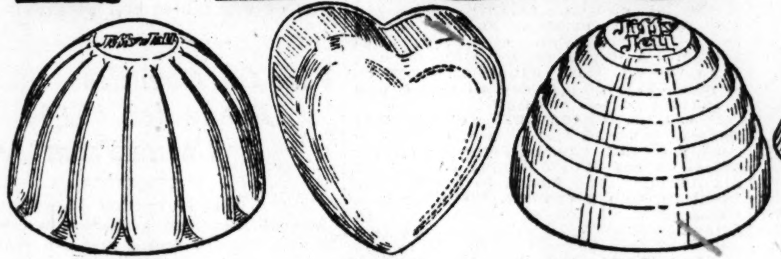
$4.95

Qualities so unusual that it is possible we will never again have such wonderful shoes to offer at this price—considering market conditions.

For two days only, today and Wednesday, No exchanges, refunds or Mail Orders for shoes at this price. Shop in person, thus obtaining correct fit and complete satisfaction. All sizes and widths in the lot, but not of each style.

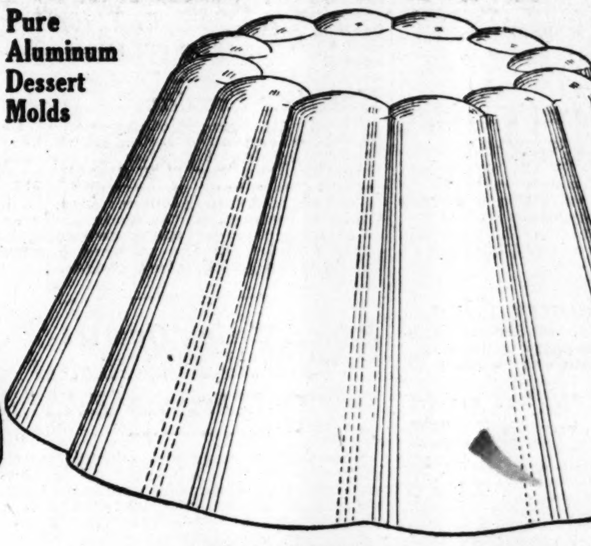
Main Floor Rich's Shoe Dept.

Free Until November 29 Pure Aluminum Dessert Molds



Three Individual Molds

Pure aluminum—assorted styles. Send the coupon below with only 10c to pay mailing. Or we will send six molds—enough to serve a full package of Jiffy-Jell—if you enclose 20c with the coupon. The advertised price is 60c per set.



Value 50c

Pint Dessert Mold

Or this Pint Mold, which serves a full package, will be sent for cost of mailing. Enclose only 10c with coupon. This Pint Mold comes in heart shape also, if preferred.

A Gift for Women

Our Thanksgiving Offer to Jiffy-Jell Users

Pineapple Flavor for Salads or Dessert Jells

This is to urge you to try Jiffy-Jell—perhaps for Thanksgiving dinner. You should know this new-grade, quick, fruity dessert. It will be a revelation.

It is made with rare grade Waukesha gelatine which costs twice as much as the common. And it brings you quick desserts and salads with a wealth of ripe-fruit taste. All fruit flavors are made from the fruit itself. They are highly concentrated, so every serving tastes like fresh crushed fruit.

All these liquid flavors come sealed in glass vials. One in each package. So they keep their strength and freshness. You add them when the jell has partly cooled, so you never scald the flavor.

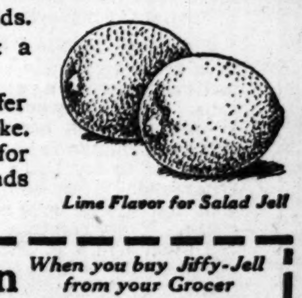
You will be amazed to learn how Jiffy-Jell dainties excel old-style, quick gelatine desserts. Yet they cost but two cents per serving.

Jiffy-Jell
For Desserts and Salads
Flavors in Glass Vials

Then there is Mint flavor, which makes a Mint Jell rich in fresh-mint taste. There is Lime flavor—made from lime fruit. It makes an ideal salad jell—tart, zestful and green. We want you to know these new delights which a million homes now enjoy. So we ask you to buy two packages to try. Then send us this coupon, with 10c to pay mailing, and we will send you three individual dessert molds, pure aluminum. Or one 50-cent Pint Mold. Or, if you enclose 20c, we will send six individual molds.

All will last a lifetime.

Accept this offer for your own sake. Do it now, for the offer ends November 29.

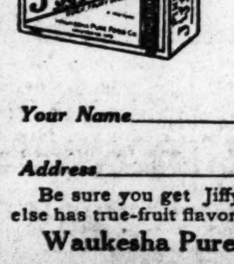


Lime Flavor for Salad Jell

Ten Flavors in Glass Vials
Each Package Contains the Flavor in a Separate Vial
Strawberry, Pineapple, Orange, Cherry, Raspberry, Lemon, Loganberry, Lime, Coffee, Mint
Two Packages for 25c

TO GROCERS: Any jobber will supply you with Jiffy-Jell. Be sure and have the new flavors, Pineapple, Mint, Lime, Coffee, and LOGANBERRY, the Queen of them all.

Mail Us This Coupon *When you buy Jiffy-Jell from your Grocer*



I have today received two packages of Jiffy-Jell as pictured here from

(Name of Grocer)

Now I mail this coupon with
☐ 10c for the Pint Mold, or
☐ 10c for 3 Individual Molds, or
☐ 20c for 6 Individual Molds
(Check which)

Your Name

Address

Be sure you get Jiffy-Jell, with package like picture, for nothing else has true-fruit flavors in vials. *Mail Coupon to*
Waukesha Pure Food Company, Waukesha, Wis.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Brown Will Entertain Directors of Guild at Tea

Mrs. Edward T. Brown will entertain the directors of the Needlework guild at tea Wednesday afternoon at home, from 4 to 6 o'clock, inviting them to meet the members of the executive board.

The executive board is requested to meet in business session at 3:30.

Terrace Dance.

The weekly dance at the Georgian Terrace has been changed for the present to Friday night, instead of Saturday.

At Camp Gordon.

A delightful occasion last night was the weekly entertainment by members of brigade headquarters staff at Camp Gordon.

A number of the officers had guests from town, and dinner parties were followed by dancing.

Watson-Michael.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Watson, 127 Springdale avenue, Athens, Ga., announce the marriage of their daughter, Nell, to Mr. Roy Few Michael of Apalachee, Ga., on Sunday, November 18.

After a short wedding trip to Atlanta and other points they will be at home at Apalachee.

Daughters of the King.

Bishop Mikell will conduct the quiet hour at the local assembly next Wednesday. The assembly will open with a corporate communion of all the chapters at St. Phillip's cathedral at 10:30, followed by the quiet hour. All church women of the city are most cordially invited to attend.

Successful Recital.

An interesting program was given by vocal pupils of Mrs. Anna R. Burt, assisted by violin pupils of George Fr. Lindner and piano pupils of Grace Arneta Bell.

This is the first of a series of afternoon class recitals, given by the vocal students of Mrs. Burt and each student showed much style and ability in their work.

Those taking part were Misses Cullen Battle, Janie Norman, Ruby Hollingsworth, Ethel Kalech, Bernice Cook, Mrs. A. Faulkenburg, Mrs. C. M. Kimball, Mrs. T. A. Suttles, Margaret Spiller; Miss Bell, accompanist.

Money Goes to Red Cross.

At a meeting of the hospitality committee of which Mrs. James D. Robinson is chairman, the surplus fund in hand of $105 was given to Red Cross purposes. Of the amount, $80 was given to the Atlanta chapter of the Red Cross to buy wool, and the remainder was given to the Red Cross auxiliary of the Atlanta Woman's club.

The meeting was held at the Capital City club at 11 o'clock, and was for the purpose of winding up the business incident to the entertainment, which the hospitality committee gave during the summer months to the officer students at Fort McPherson.

After the business session of the meeting was completed, Mrs. Albert Thornton, appearing for the Red Cross chapter, and Mrs. Boykin for the club auxiliary, asked that the surplus fund be given for Red Cross purposes. A unanimous vote decided the matter.

On motion of Mrs. Boykin, it was decided to make a permanent organization of the hospitality committee subject to the call of Mrs. James D. Robinson, the chairman.

Debutantes' Benefit Bridge Party This Afternoon.

An enjoyable event of this afternoon will be the benefit bridge party to be given at the Georgian Terrace by the members of the Debutante club.

Prizes will be awarded. The proceeds will be used for the invalid soldiers at Fort McPherson.

East Lake Country Club.

The regular week-end dinner-dance at the East Lake Country club was a very delightful one and was largely attended by the members and their guests. Among those having reservations were: Mr. and Mrs. Ed Dunnick, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Reilly, Mrs. W. C. Carr of Virginia, Miss Martha Simondson, Cadet H. E. Murray, Cadet C. B. Beardsley of the aviation school, Mrs. H. H. Chester and Miss Chester of Chicago, Ill., Miss Irene Watson, Captain H. V. Cory, Lieutenant and Mrs. D. G. Robinson, Captain J. T. Gilmore of Camp Devens, Mass., Lieutenant Charles E. Wetson of Massachusetts, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. McCanne, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. McKinney, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vaughn, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Redinne, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Latour, Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Ott of Columbus, Ohio, Mr. and Mrs. Benien Moore, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Goodloe Yancey, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Ben Ragsdale, Mr. and Mrs. John O. DuPree, Miss Gladys Benford, Miss Myra Roar, Miss Lucy Hirman, Miss Louise King, Miss Martha Edmondson, Miss Myra Scott, Miss Helen Whitehurst, Miss Alma Higgins, Mrs. John Turner, Mrs. Jay Cross, Jr., Mrs. Ben Hienz, Mr. Walter Rogers, Mr. Bob Jones, Jr., Mr. J. B. McNelly, Mr. J. V. Lightner, Mr. Leonard Adams, Mr. William Logan, Mr. Tom Wilson, Mr. Frank Coffee, Mr. Arch Martin, Mr. Earl Neal, Mr. Ernest Ramspeck, Mr. Gerard Thiers, Mr. John McCash, Miss Gladys Benford, Mr. S. Harris, Dr. C. P. Hodge, Mr. Al Peddy, Mrs. Emory Cocke, Mr. Ed Tompkins, Professor W. O. Cheney, Mr. E. W. Ramspeck, Mr. S. D. H. McDaniel, Miss Sarah Kelley, Professor Smith

Hostess House.

The hostess house at Camp Gordon that is soon to be completed, with all its beautiful furnishings, the building itself to be ideal in its construction and general home comforts, needs the following personal touches in the way of gifts, for which the board of directors is asking a generous response from partiotic Atlantans:

Flags of the allies, each flag to be 18 inches long.

A Victrola and records.

A piano.

Plants of all kinds, especially palms.

A large clock.

Wood boxes.

The opportunity of giving something that will contribute to the pleasure of the soldiers at Camp Gordon should bear a strong appeal to those who know that the hostess house is to a place where parents, wives and families, relatives and friends close to the soldiers may visit the soldiers in camp.

Those wishing to contribute are asked to communicate with the board of directors of the hostess house: Mrs. Emily McDougald, president of the War Work Council; Miss Louise Fitten, Mrs. Samuel Lumpkin, Mrs. J. M. Slaton, Mrs. Victor Kriegshaber, Mrs. Alex Smith, Mrs. Beaumont Davison, Mrs. Clem Harris, Mrs. Charles E. Dirnberger.

Hunnicutt-Romberger.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Edgar Hunnicutt have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Aimee Greenleaf, to Mr. Edwin William Romberger, lieutenant United States army, on Saturday, December 1, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, 1045 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Georgia.

Collier-Shoupe.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Collier, of Decatur, announce the marriage of their daughter, Ella Rhee, to Mr. John F. Shoupe, of Macon. Mr. and Mrs. Shoupe will make their home in Jacksonville, Florida.

Whitaker-Perkinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Richard Whitaker have issued cards announcing the marriage of their daughter, Louise Reed, to Mr. Ernest Vaughan Perkinson, on Monday, November 5, at Hendersonville, N. C.

After November 15 Mr. and Mrs. Perkinson will be at home at the Kennesaw apartments, Washington, D. C.

Hostess House Committee.

The chairmen and committees of the hostess house are invited to meet this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the clubroom of the Y. W. C. A. The purpose of the meeting is to continue hemming and making linen to be used at the hostess house, the committees in charge doing the work as a contribution toward the perfect equipment of the house. Tea will be served and a full attendance is urged.

Knitting Session.

The Uncle Sam knitting class of the Equal Suffrage association will hold an all-day session Thursday at the suffrage headquarters, 11 Whitehall street, second floor. Each member of the class is asked to bring needles. Mrs. E. N. Gibbs is instructing the class in the art of making caps, wristlets, sweaters and other articles for the soldiers' comfort in the camp and in the trenches.

Banner String Quartet To Give Fine Recital On Thursday Evening

The first appearance of the Banner string quartet in a recital all its own will be made Thursday evening at 8:30 o'clock at Cable hall under the auspices of the Atlanta Music Study club.

The occasion means much in the musical life of the city, for it means the beginning of a series of chamber of concerts by an organization entirely Atlanta's own, which will furnish the very highest type of music at frequent intervals.

The personnel of the organization comprises Michael Banner, the eminent violinist, first violin; Miss Mary Miller, his talented pupil, second violin; Jose Gasea, viola, and Lars Sorensen, cello.

The program will be made up of the following numbers: The allegro from the posthumus quartet of Schubert; the andante cantabile from the quarter, opus 11, of Tchaikowsky; the first movement of the violin concerto of Mendelssohn, and the entire Beethoven quartet, opus 18, number 4. There is a maximum of beauty in thse numbers and the program is sure to enthrall the listeners.

Admission will be free to club members, both regular and supporting members. The general public will be admitted for 50 cents.

ATTENTION, RED CROSS WORKERS.

The management of the Atlanta Red Cross work room, 15 Peachtree street, announces that there will be no meeting in the work room tonight of the business women volunteers who work there every Tuesday night.

The workers are urged to attend instead the Red Cross patriotic meeting in the Auditorium tonight, when Henry Davison president of the war council of the National Red Cross society will deliver an address.

The work room will be opened as usual next Tuesday evening and a large attendance is urged. The record made by the work room corps every day last week, was an excellent one, and officials say will be repeated this week.

Though many women are volunteering every day and the work rooms, certain days, are crowded, it will take the crowded work rooms each day, for the women of Atlanta to furnish their quota of hospital supplies being earnestly called for by the national headquarters of the Red Cross society.

Local Rotarians Will Entertain Ivy L. Lee And Major W. J. Bell

The Rotary club will have as its guests at luncheon at the Piedmont today Major W. J. Bell and Ivy L. Lee.

Major Bell spent twenty-nine months with the British and Canadian troops in France and was in charge of the first line dressing stations for a number or months. His experience covered the battle of the Somme and other important engagements. He is an exceptionally interesting speaker and tells of his experiences in a way that makes his hearers realize that the full resources of this country must be utilized before Germany is beaten.

Mr. Lee is a former Atlanta newspaper man, but has been engaged in publicity work in the east for a number of years. He has been largely responsible for the development among the large corporations of the idea of taking the public into their confidence in many things that a few years ago would have been considered strictly confidential.

Pesident Willis Timmons, of the Rotary club, is very anxious for every Atlanta Rotarian to hear these speakers.

HOMES ESTABLISHED FOR ALUMNI ABROAD

Athens, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) Announcement is made today that the University of Georgia has completed its subscription to the fund for the support of the membership in the American University Union in Europe, beyond the needs for the first year.

This organization has opened homes for the alumni of the different American universities who will be in Europe during the period of the war. Homes have been established in Paris, at 6 Rue de Richelieu, and in London, at 16 Pall Mall East, S. W. 1.

All former students of the university, including the medical college, school of technology and the North Georgia Agricultural college, are invited to avail themselves of the priveleges of these homes when in either city.

GREENSBORO PEOPLE BID PASTOR FAREWELL

Greensboro, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) — Rev. Marvin Williams, pastor First Methodist church, who has been transferred to Grace Methodist church, Atlanta, delivered his farewell sermon Sunday night to a congregation of over 1,000 people. A large crowd was present from the adjoining counties, where he is much beloved. Excellent music was a feature of the evening.

Rev. L. E. Dutton, pastor of the Baptist church, and Rev. Speer, of Greene county circuit, spoke feelingly of their affection for Mr. Williams and of all his ministry had meant to them. The great ovation given Mr. Williams is a testimonial of his excellent work in this community. During the last two years he has endeared himself to the entire people and will be greatly missed.

MACON FAILS TO RAISE HER QUOTA FOR Y. M. C. A.

Macon, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) Reports tonight showed that Macon has raised $19,000 for the Y. M. C. A. war work fund since the opening of the campaign, the city's quota being $30,000. Announcement was made tonight that the campaign will continue for two days longer, and a determined effort will be made to raise the full amount desired.

Notice to Sick Women

The Experience of These Women Prove That There is a Remedy for Your Illness.

Aberdeen, Idaho.—"Last year I suffered from a weakness with pains in my side and back. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I did so. After taking one bottle I felt very much better. I have now taken three bottles and feel like a different woman. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine I have ever taken and I can recommend it to all suffering women."—Mrs. PERCY PRESTIDGE, Aberdeen, Idaho.

Kingfisher, Okla.—"For two years I suffered with a severe female trouble, was nervous, and had backache and a pain in my side most of the time. I had dizzy spells and was often so faint I could not walk across the floor. The doctor said I would have to have an operation. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking ten bottles I am now well and strong, have no pain, backache or dizzy spells. Every one tells me how well I look and I tell them Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did it."—Miss NINA SOUTHWICK, R. F. D. No. 4, Box 33, Kingfisher, Okla.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

has restored more sick women to health than any other remedy.

At Your Druggist's

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

CAMP WHEELER HONORS GREAT CAVALRY LEADER

Dixie Division Marches in Review Before the Children of General Joseph Wheeler.

Macon, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) Camp Wheeler honored the memory of the great cavalry leader whose name it bears when it marched the Dixie division in review before the children of General Joseph Wheeler, who, in the full years of his active life, served with the splendid distinction under the Stars and Bars and under the Stars and Stripes.

Escorted by Brigadier General John L. Hayden and his staff, the guests of honor occupied conspicuous places at the reviewing point on the broad parade ground. They were the Misses Lucy and Anna Wheeler, of Wheeler, Ala., and Mrs. William J. Harris, of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Gordon Buck, of New York city.

A number of veterans of General Wheeler's command during the war between the states were present, among thhem Colonel J. A. Prather and Private W. C. Dodson, both of Atlanta.

Brigadier General R. E. Steiner, of the Sixty-second Infantry brigade, entertained the party at luncheon, and after the review Brigadier General Walter A. Harris, commanding the Sixty-first Infantry (Georgia) brigade, together with his staff and the officers of the brigade, tendered an informal reception to the guests at the brigade headquarters.

William J. Harris, of Washington, accompanied the visiting party and was greatly pleased at the showing made by the troops of the division.

VALDOSTA POLICEMAN FACES MURDER CHARGE

Valdosta, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—A special presentment charging Policeman R. L. Arant with murder in the killing of Frank Mitchell, colored, on Sunday, was placed before the grand jury of Lowndes superior court, which convened here this morning. The coroner's jury investigating the killing asked that the officer be held pending an investigation by the grand jury.

It developed after the killing that Mitchell had been shot through mistake, the officers at the time being in search of a negro named Johnson, who was wanted for stealing baggage at the Georgia Southern and Florida railway station. Johnson is understood to have made threats to kill any officer who attempted to arrest him, and when Policemen Arant and Hodges went to a house on Florida avenue where Johnson was reported to be, they expected serious trouble with him. Mitchell, who was in the house, ran out when the policemen appeared and was mistaken for Johnson. He was commanded to throw up his hands, but instead of doing so started back to the house, as the officers presumed, to get a weapon. It was then that Arant shot him. Arant is understood to have left the city before a warrant could be served on him, but he told friends he was ready to return when the grand jury wanted him.

ONE GEORGIA FARMER WHO HAS PROSPERED

Macon, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) Former Mayor John T. Moore, who is now a member of the board of county commissioners, and who operates a 100-acre farm on the Houston road, three miles from Macon, is probably the most successful farmer, proportionately, in middle Georgia.

Mr. Moore today exhibited a canceled check for $10,685.45 which he had received from the sale of 65 bales of cotton grown on his near-city farm. The cotton weighed 30,755 pounds and brought 35 cents a pound, it being of the uplands long staple variety, which brings considerably more than the short staple cotton. But that was not all Mr. Moore got for his cotton crop, for there were 2,000 bushels of seed cotton at $3 a bushel, making his returns from the crop $16,685.45. He also raised other products on his 100 acres, including enough wheat and meat for his own use along with a surplus of vegetables and potatoes.

Five Ga. Counties Ready for 80,000 Cattle From Texas

Macon, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) General Manager J. A. Streyer, of the Macon, Dublin and Savannah railroad, today notified the United States department of agriculture that the five counties through which his road passes can provide grazing for 80,000 head of cattle from the drouth-stricken sections of Texas. In the five counties more than 200,000 acres have grown velvet beans this year, and the average yield is half a ton per acre, making the crop slightly more than 100,000 bushels. Only 60 per cent of the velvet bean crop is now being grazed. An acre of beans will feed a full-grown cow during the winter. Mr. Streyer is not informed as to whether it is the intention of the government to bring the cattle to Georgia or send the feed to Texas.

AUTO HIT BY TRAIN AT LEVEL CROSSING

Dublin, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) J. W. McCumber, well-known white man, was seriously injured here today when his automobile was struck by a W. & T. passenger train coming into Dublin from Hawkinsville, at the crossing near fair ground. His car, a cut-down Ford, was hit on the front end and turned completely over. He was thrown out and had one leg broken, a shoulder dislocated and his head badly gashed. Physicians stated that his leg will not have to be amputated, but it is a bad fracture. He is in a local sanitarium. The engineer of the train stated that the car rolled over the crossing just a few feet ahead of the engine and he could not stop before hitting it.

COMMERCE PEOPLE ARE BADLY BRUISED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Commerce, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—En route from Commerce to Atlanta this afternoon, just outside the incorporate limits of Jefferson, a party of five from this place were dumped in a heap in the top of an automobile when the car turned over. Claude Little, the driver, was bruised on the head, shoulder and arm; Mrs. Claude Little was bruised on one shoulder; J. T. Quillian suffered a fractured rib, while Mrs. J. T. Quillian had ligaments torn in one shoulder. Miss Louona Little was slightly bruised on one shoulder. The car was badly torn up. They were brought to Commerce for treatment.

Negro Killed in Macon.

Macon, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) The unidentified body of a negro who was found dead in Dasher's alley, just off Broadway, between Oak and Arch street, early Sunday morning, is being held by a local undertaker, while the police are searching for "Bozie" Freeman, alleged to be responsible for the killing. It is said that "Bozie" went to the home of Lilly Armstrong and found the strange negro there and proceeded to use his knife on him. The dead negro is thought to have come to Macon from the country.

COUNCIL UPHOLDS PROBE COMMITTEE

Resolution by Councilman Carpenter to Let the City Executive Committee Straighten Out Tangle, Tabled.

An effort made by friends in council of members of the city executive committee to have "whitewashed" the recent findings by council's special probe committee, was overhelmingly defeated Monday afternoon.

After a formal report from the probe committee had been read, in which council was notified that its representatives had found the city executive committee guilty of charges of improperly perpetuating itself in office, and had instructed the city clerk to hold another election, Councilman J. L. Carpenter sought to have the report modified.

He introduced a resolution purporting to refer the findings of "wrongdoings, if they existed, to the city executive committee," and "allow this committee itself to straighten out matters."

Carpenter's Plan.

His resolution proposed to get the city executive committeemen to shorten their terms of office to two years instead of four years, and to pass resolutions making it unlawful for the secretary or general chairman of the city executive committee to pay the entrance fees of any member on the committee.

Councilman Dillon moved to adopt Councilman Carpenter's "modifying" resolution, but declared that every charge brought against the city executive committee had been found to be true by the probing committee of council at the recent investigation.

"We found that the members had been perpetuating themselves in office for twelve years," said Councilman Dolvin.

"Their practices we found to be against all principles of democratic government. The secretary and general manager even paid the entrance fees of men they desired to have on the committee. They put themselves in office for four years, despite the fact that they had been elected for only two years.

"But I move to refer the correction of these evils to the city executive committee."

Councilman J. N. Landers, of the seventh ward, took the floor at this point and said:

"If they have done wrong they should be chastised."

No Guarantee Possible.

Alderman Jonas H. Ewing, of the eighth ward, asked Councilman Carpenter if he had any guarantee that the city executive committee would correct the evil practices going on in its committee.

When Councilman Carpenter admitted that he had none, Councilman J. R. Nutting, of the sixth ward, made a motion to "table" Councilman Carpenter's "modifying" resolution.

Council voted to table the resolution by an overwhelming vote.

Alderman John S. McClelland, of the Third ward, who was chairman of the special probe committee, then made a motion to "approve" the probe committee's report and action in instructing the city clerk to hold another election of city executive committeemen at the forthcoming general election in December.

Council stamped its approval upon the findings of the probe committee by another overwhelming vote.

City Clerk Walter C. Taylor has already begun to prepare a list of candidates for the new city executive committee, which is to be elected on general election day, the first Wednesday in December.

UNIVERSITY NOTES

Athens, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) Quite a number of dances have been given at the university during the past two weeks. On Friday, November 9, the freshmen of the S. A. E. fraternity gave the upper classmen a very enjoyable dance at the New Era club. The same night the Chi Phi freshmen gave their upper classmen a banuqet at their chapter house.

Last Friday night the Chi Phi fraternity gave a dance at their house. The dance was very much enjoyed by all present. Quite a number of Atlanta girls were invited over for the event, among these being Misses Caroline Shivers, Sara Schoen, Grace Goldsmith, Marguerite Wilkenson, Willie Greene Childs, Madeline Bellenger and Irene Hart.

Saturday night, the Allied club, composed of the Kappa Alpha, Chi Phi and S. A. E. fraternities, gave a dance at the Moss auditorium. This club was only organized this year, and has made a fine beginning.

Basketball was ushered in with a flying start Monday night, when the first practice was held. About thirty men reported for practice, including Captain Scott and Cox, last year's regulars; Pew, Moore, Adams, Hatcher and Pound, of last year's reserves, and a number of new men. Around Captain Scott, an all-southern man, and Arthur Cox, this year's team will be built. The team has a very hard schedule this year, but with the material that is on hand Georgia should repeat the record of last year's team.

A very lively debating schedule has been arranged for this year. Intercollegiate debates have been scheduled with the University of Tennessee and the University of Virginia. In the absence of football, literary activities are holding a lot of interest here. R. W. Courts, who has taken a prominent part in the intercollegiate debates of Georgia, is expected to figure prominently in these debates.

An effort is being made on the part of the Y. M. C. A. officials here to persuade Billy Sunday that should he take a day's vacation from his hard work in Atlanta to drop over and address the students. Last Sunday, Alfred Scott, the president of the local Y. M. C. A., went to Atlanta for the purpose of securing the evangelist's services for a day, but Mr. Sunday would make no promises.

The Thalian Dramatic Club of the university has become organized and, under the leadership of W. D. Miller expect another very successful year. A play has already been booked at Camp Wheeler, and dates are also being arranged with the other army camps in the state, as well as in the principal cities through the state. The total membership of the club for this year is 18.

The Jeffersonian Law society elected the following officers for this year at a meeting Saturday: Linton B. West, president; Theo Titus, vice president, and J. E. McLean, secretary and treasurer; J. P. Williams, corresponding secretary; H. G. Rawls, solicitor general; J. T. Coyle, sheriff.

A campaign has been launched among the students to raise a large fund for the Y. M. C. A. campaign among the students of the country, to help the Army Y. M. C. A. This campaign has met with the approval of every student, and the fund is expected to be a good many thousand dollars.

Applications are pouring in from all over the state trying to book the Georgia Glee and Mandolin club on their trip this year. Especially is this true of the girls' colleges. Invitations are at hand from Brenau, Bessie Tift, Shorter, Wesleyan and other colleges. Plans for the road trip have not been fully settled upon as yet, but an excellent trip and a rousing good club are assured.

BABY'S NOSE IS KEY TO LUNGS

Mothers and nurses are warned against neglecting the care of baby's nose, especially when suffering from a bad cold. As infants do not know how to blow the nose, the secretions accumulate, become insanitary, irritating and germ infested. The germs have a tendency to spread to the throat, internal ear tubes and the lungs and may cause ear-ache, deafness, adenoids, enlarged tonsils and may even favor pneumonia and tuberculosis.

Serious complications and surgical operations may often be avoided if the mother will keep her child's nose and throat clean, sanitary and germ free. For this purpose the best thing is a very mild salve containing the correct proportions of the soothing, cleansing and antiseptic oils of eucalyptus, winter-green, menthol and pinus sylvestris with camphor and refined petrolatum. All the drug stores now sell this mild salve under the name Eucapine Salve. It is especially prepared for the mother's use with her children, and sells for 25c for a large family jar.

The little tots enjoy Eucapine Salve and soon learn to call for it by name and doctor themselves when they feel irritation of the nose and throat. They consider it fun and it keeps their noses and throats clean, sanitary and free from secretions and germs.—(adv.)

Run Down by Truck, Louis Meaders Dies On Monday Morning

Louis Q. Meaders, a dispatcher for the Georgia Railway and Power company, died Monday morning at 1 o'clock at a private hospital, as the result of injuries received last Wednesday when he was run down by a construction truck.

Mr. Meaders was 28 years old and lived at No. 1 Park avenue. He is survived by two brothers, A. W. Meaders, of Watkinsville, and Clyde H. Meaders, of El Paso, Texas, and two sisters, Mrs. Hubert M. Smith, of El Paso, and Mrs. J. T. Dowda, of Texas.

The funeral was held Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the chapel of Greenberg & Bond. This morning the body will be carried to Dahlonega, where interment will take place. It will be accompanied by a delegation of Masons from Lebanon Lodge No. 653.

Mr. Meaders was a graduate of the North Georgia Agricultural college of Dahlonega. Among the members of the delegation which will accompany the body are several who attended this college at the same time with Mr. Meaders.

Swift & Co.'s sales of beef in Atlanta, Ga., for the week ending Saturday, November 17, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 12.58 cents per pound.—(adv.)

BLEACH YOUR DARK SKIN

Have Soft, Fair, Clear Bright Skin

Use Black and White, Sent by Mail 25c.

Many agents are making an easy living.

Just try Black and White Ointment (for white or colored folks). Apply as directed on label, to face, neck, arms or hands. It is very pleasant to the skin and has the effect of bleaching dark, sallow or blotchy skin, cleaning the skin of risings, bumps, pimples, blackheads, tan or freckles—giving you a clear, clean, bright complexion, making you envy of everybody. Sold on a money-back gaurantee, only 25c (stamps or coin) by mail, or 5 boxes $1. Agents, apply for territory and special deal. Address Plough Chemical Co., Dept. 104 Memphis, Tenn. **WRITE NOW—TODAY—WHILE YOU THINK ABOUT IT.**—(adv.)

IN THE SPACE OF AN UPRIGHT
Brambach
4 Feet 8 Inches Long

BABY GRAND PIANO

Your Daughter

You want her to be refined and accomplished.

Her accomplishments will not be complete without mastering the piano.

The small Grand piano would be an ideal gift for her—it is the piano par-excellence.

The Brambach Baby Grand

has won its way into hearts and homes.

Tonally marvelous, in design a thing of beauty, it occupies no more room than an Upright piano.

Ask us to mail you paper pattern showing limited space it will require on your floor.

Price $485

Hear it here TODAY

Phillips & Crew Piano Co.
82 N. Pryor Street

WOLFF TELLS HOW IT SAVED HIS LIFE

Taxidermist Struggled Until He Was Almost Done For—"Tanlac Made a New Man of Me."

Alvis Wolff, who has been a taxidermist in Chattanooga, Tenn., for thirty years, and who resides at 520 Glass street, recently made one of the most interesting statements ever published in connection with Tanlac in the south.

"I really believe Tanlac has saved my life," he testified. "I had struggled with rheumatism and stomach trouble until I was almost done for. My stomach would fill with gas after eating and cause me endless suffering. I had rheumatic pains in my lower limbs that almost drove me distracted, and I was so nervous and dizzy that I got so I couldn't do any work, and spent most of my time in bed.

"Things are different altogether now. Tanlac has made a new man of me. My rheumatism is entirely relieved, my stomach has been put in splendid condition, I have a dandy appetite, can eat anything I want and enjoy it thoroughly. I am no longer nervous or dizzy, I feel stronger and better every way and can do more hard work than I have been able to in a long time."

Tanlac is sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.—(adv.)

Better Than Ever

Ice Cream Sodas

Brown & Allen
Terminal Station

CREDIT

ASKIN AND MARINE

ATLANTA'S LEADING CREDIT CLOTHIERS

78 WHITEHALL
W. A. DAY, MGR.

HOW DOCTORS TREAT COLDS AND GRIPPE

Ask any physician or druggist and he will tell you that the best and only effective remedy for a bad cold, sore throat or la grippe is what he calls "a brisk calomel purge," which means a big dose of calomel at bed time. But as the old style calomel has some very unpleasant and dangerous qualities physicians and druggists are now recommending the improved nauseaIess calomel, called "Calotabs" which is purified and refined from the sickening and dangerous effects and whose medicinal virtues are vastly improved.

One Calotab on the tongue at bed time with a swallow of water,—that's all. No salts, no nausea nor the slightest interference with your diet, pleasures or work. Next morning your cold has vanished and your entire system is purified and refreshed.

Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Your druggist guarantees Calotabs by refunding the price if you are not delighted.—(adv.)

DON'T HAVE GRAY HAIR

It's Unnecessary — La Creole Darkens It Evenly—No Dye.

No matter how gray your hair, prematurely gray, faded, bleached, streaked with gray, all you need to do to make all your gray hair dark again is to apply to your hair and scalp the famous La Creole Hair Dressing. After a few applications you will be delighted to observe all your gray hair turn to an even beautiful dark shade. La Creole revives the color glands so all your gray hair is naturally darkened and besides your entire head of hair becomes soft, fluffy, long, thick and of an even beautiful, soft, dark shade, without even a trace of gray showing. Don't be fooled into buying some cheap hair preparations, but get the old reliable La Creole, which is not a dye, but the only hair preparation that restores dark color to gray hair by reviving the natural color glands. Sold by drugstores or sent prepaid for $1.20 by Van Vleet Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. (adv.)

A REAL SKIN WHITENER

SweetMarie SKIN BALM

Whitens the skin without causing pimples and blisters. A delicately scented vanishing cream. Not greasy.

If your druggist won't supply you, send us 25c in stamps or coin for a box.

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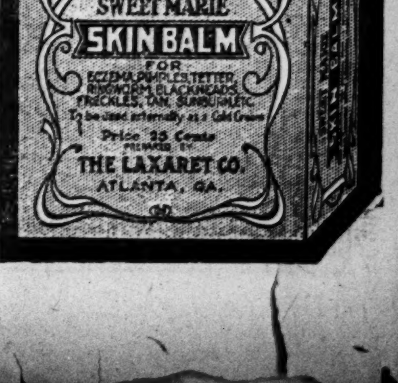
SWEET MARIE
SKIN BALM
FOR ECZEMA, PIMPLES, TETTER, RINGWORM, BLACKHEADS, FRECKLES, TAN, SUNBURN, ETC.
Price 25 Cents
THE LAXARET CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Dr. and Mrs. Spencer R. Stone entertained informally at dinner Saturday for Mr. and Mrs. Royal B. Cushing, of Chicago. Mr. Cushing has been in attendance at the National Tax association conference.

***

Miss Mary Humber, of Milledgeville, spent the week-end with Mrs. Rebecca Malone at East Point.

***

Judge and Mrs. J. R. Terrell, of Greenville, Ga., are the guests for the week of Mrs. J. M. Terrell on Juniper street.

***

Miss Mary Kingsbery spent the week-end in Rome.

***

Mr. C. A. Smtih returned Sunday from New York. Mrs. Smith, who will remain in New York a few days longer, the guest of Mrs. Whitefoord Mays, will spend Thanksgiving in Louisville, Ky., with Miss Elizabeth Smith, who is attending school there.

***

Little Misses Rebecca and Susan Hill, of Newnan, spent the week-end with their grandmother, Mrs. Susan Calhoun Hill.

***

Mrs. L. A. Simpson returned to her home in Toccoa yesterday after spending the week-end with Mrs. D. R. Wilder.

***

Mrs. John Thigpen, of Vienna, Ga., will return home today after spending a few days in the city.

***

Mr. McCleskey Garlyck left last week for Tampa, Fla., where he will remain until the Christmas holidays. He will join a party at Tampa that will spend the latter part of November in Cuba, being in Havana for Thanksgiving.

***

Mrs. Corra Harris, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Harry Leech, left yesterday for a trip to Philadelphia.

***

Miss Ella Powell is the guest of Mrs. Frank Tucker Mason.

***

Professor and Madame Joseph Lustrat, of the University of Georgia, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Brown. Professor Lustrat has returned to Athens. Madame Lustrat is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Winecoff.

***

Miss Maud Heyward, of Savannah, one of the delegates to the Red Cross conference, is the guest of Mrs. Clark Howell.

***

Miss Mary Murphey is quite ill at her home on Peachtree street.

***

Mr. W. A. Speer, who has been ill for two weks at St. Joseph's infirmary, is now convalescing at his home on Peachtree road, where he returned Sunday.

***

Mrs. Rudolph Van Dyke, of Muskogee, Okla., and Miss Evelyn Pennington, of San Jose, Cal., are the guests of Mrs. Alice Marie Van Dyke in West End.

***

Mrs. James L. Wardlaw is visiting Mrs. M. L. Thompson in Norfolk, Va.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Boyd entertained informally at dinner Sunday evening at home in compliment to their guest, Miss Jennie Gwynn Hancock, of Baltimore.

***

Miss Miriam Jones, of Albany, Ga., is the guest of Miss Grace Bloodworth.

***

Judge and Mrs. George Bell are at home for the winter at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Mr. and Mrs. George Crandall will entertain at the tea-dance Wednesday at the Driving club in compliment to Mrs. Shelburne Spindle, of Roanoke, Va., the guest of Mrs. Dudley Cowles.

***

Mrs. Emily Grant Collier, of St. St. Louis, who has been the guest of Mrs. Thomas P. Hinman for ten days, will be with Mrs. Henry Collier after today for a visit.

***

Mrs. Martin Harvey, of Lynchburg, Va., who has been the guest of Mrs. Walter C. McGill, will return home today.

***

Dr. and Mrs. James McCord announce the birth of a son, Walter Robert McCord, on November 11.

***

Mrs. George W. Connors, of Birmingham, is spending a few days at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Mr. Jack Murphey has returned from Chicago.

***

Mr. Howard Conway, of the training camp at Fort Oglethorpe, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Conway.

***

The debutantes of 1916-1917, who meet once a week with one of their number, to work together for the Red Cross, will be the guests Thursday of Miss Caroline Blount.

***

Mr. T. E. Lucas, of Tampa, Fla., spent the week-end at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Miss Laura Sawtell will entertain the season's debutantes at their regular meeting Friday.

***

Judge and Mrs. Charles Crisp, of Americus, will arrive this week to visit Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Collier, en route to Washington.

***

Miss Mary Lou Phinizy, of Augusta, is at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Mr. Latimer Collier, of Memphis, formerly of Atlanta, has volunteered in the aviation service.

***

Mrs. W. S. Royster will return Wednesday to Norfolk after a ten days' stay at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Mrs. Corra Harris and her daughter, Mrs. Harry Leech, left yesterday for Philadelphia and New York.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome C. Beam and their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Fennimore, of San Francisco, leave today for a few days' visit at Grove Park Inn, Asheville. Mr. and Mrs. Beam will return to Atlanta, and Mr. and Mrs. Fennimore will go to New York and Rochester.

***

Mrs. Sidney Winter, of Owego, N. Y., is at the Georgian Terrace to visit her son, John G. Underhill, an officer at Camp Gordon. Mrs. Winter has a number of friends in Atlanta since her visit here last spring and summer during the camp at Fort McPherson.

***

The friends of Miss Harriett Thumler, who has been convalescing from an attack of typhoid fever, will regret to learn that she is ill again at her home in the Lenox apartments.

7c
A POUND
Rough Dry

You will be surprised when your scale shows you how many pieces of laundry it takes to make a pound.

It is real economy to "send your washing out" to us, for we not only give you prompt service but there is no chance of your laundry coming home with a supply of disease germs, as there is when it goes into strange houses.

Georgia Laundry and Dry Cleaning Co.
116-120 S. FORSYTH ST.
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FRAMES
Made to Order
Best Work--Prompt Delivery
Reasonable Prices
GAVAN'S
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SOU. BOOK CONCERN

ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price.

The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table

ALAGA
SYRUP
and steaming hot
CAKES

A blend of the juice of sweet sugar-cane, put up while piping hot to retain all its delicious sweetness and flavor.

Packed Exclusively by
The Alabama-Georgia Syrup Co.
Montgomery, Ala.
Jacksonville, Fla.

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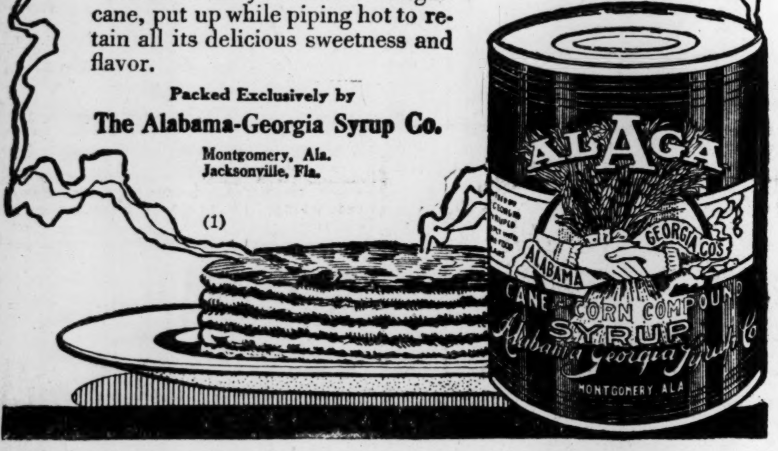

Madame Lyra CORSETS

American Lady CORSETS

Special Announcement

We have pleasure in announcing a most interesting and helpful service to be given in our corset department from this time until December first.

MRS. STEVENS

--an expert New York Corsetiere, will give special fittings and talks each day on Mme. Lyra and American Lady Corsets.

You are invited to visit our corset department with assurance of being highly entertained and instructed.

APPOINTMENTS FOR SPECIAL
FITTINGS MAY BE MADE
ON REQUEST
(Second floor--front)

KEELY'S

MEETINGS

Ruth circle of the King's Daughters and Sons, will meet this afternoon with Mrs. W. N. Hudson, at 477 Cherokee avenue. A full atendance is uged, as this is an important meeting.

The Tenth Ward club will hold its meeting Thursday at 3:30 o'clock in the headquarters of the Young Women's Christian association, Arcade building. All ladies interested in the Patriotic League of the War Work Council of the Tenth ward, are earnestly invited to be present, as work will be discussed and plans to help made.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of the Railroad Y. M. C. A. will be held in the parlor at the new rooms, 75 South Forsyth street, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Refreshments and program.

Birthday Greetings From Entire World Received by Billy

Has Party on Stone Mountain and Receives Present From the Local Executive Committee—Remembered by Girls' High.

By Paul Jones.

Billy Sunday was up to an early breakfast on the morning of his fifty-fifth birthday, and seemingly in the best trim physically. He was eager to be off on his trip to Stone Mountain to see the scene of the great confederate monument, and bustled about the house at a great rate trying to hurry up the balance of the Sunday party, as the automobiles stood ready at the door.

Getting in the car with Sam H. Venable and Frank T. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Sunday and Miss Kinney drove toward the great granite mountain, leaving the city at 9 o'clock. On the way out Mr. Venable showed the evangelist many points of interest, and Mr. and Mrs. Sunday were much attracted by the fine homes of the Druid Hills section.

Reaching the mountain and preparing to alight from the car, Mr. Sunday was rushed by the children from Stone Mountain and DeKalb county high schools, who waved flags and shouted greetings to "Billy Sunday." Billy soon found himself in the midst of the children, smiling at them and telling them he was glad they had come out to see him. They would not let him go until he had posed for a photograph.

The party then proceeded to the side of the mountain, where the great confederate monument will be carved, and Mr. and Mrs. Sunday were filled with wonder as they looked at the gigantic piece of granite thrusting its summit 700 feet toward the sky. "It's the biggest thing I have ever seen," said the evangelist. "I never thought there could be one stone of such huge proportions."

Given Birthday Present.

Mr. Sunday then insisted upon walking a part of the way up the mountain, and with his agile vigorous stride, he was soon leading the whole party of the steep incline of stone. He continued to lead, too, winding nearly every one in the bunch, until Ma called to him to stop.

When the party paused upon the mountain side, Dr. Richard Orme Flinn stood before the great evangelist, and on behalf of the executive committee of the Billy Sunday campaign in Atlantal presented Billy with a beautiful pocket folding clock. It was a handsome affair, and the evangelist received it with as much delight as a boy getting his first gun. "Why, thank you," said he, "it is the very thing I want." "Gee, Ma, but isn't that a fine thing. It looks like a cigarette case, but I bet you it's not.'

In presenting the clock Dr. Flinn said, "We tender this as an expression of esteem that will last as long as this old mountain of granite."

Engraved upon the clock were the words: "Token of esteem from the Atlanta executive committee, to Rev. William A. Sunday, November 19, 1917."

After receiving his present, Mr. Sunday looked at his clock and said it was time for him to return to the city, where he and Mrs. Sunday were to lunch with Mr. and Mrs. Preston Arkwright. He left the mountain with regrets, saying he would love to spend an entire day upon that grand rock.

Mr. and Mrs. Sunday left the balance of the party, composed of the following; Rev. R. O. Flinn, Mrs. Flinn, Mr. and Mrs. Frank T. Mason, Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Ellis, Mrs. Arthur Kellogg, Miss Ella M. Powell, Mrs. Charles Northen, Mr. Sam Venable Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Thomas, Rev. Mel Trotter, Mr. and Mrs. George Sunday, Miss Grace Saxe, Miss Florence Kinney, Mrs. William Asher, Miss Whitbeck, Charles W. Outlaw, Robert Matthews, Mrs. S. R. Bridges, George King. A picnic luncheon had been prepared for the party, and the crowd proceeded up to the summit, where the dinner was spread. It was a great party, and it would have been a perfect day had not Billy and "Ma" Sunday been forced to leave the happy crowd.

Many Birthday Greetings.

When Billy Sunday came from his breakfast room Monday morning, he found that the postman had left an enormous pile of letters, post-cards and packages bearing postmarks of many distant cities, but the larger number from Atlanta. There were birthday greetings on post-cards and in letters, and little remembrances in packages. The evangelist smiled with pleasure as he saw cards from Boston and from other poitns in the east, and he seemed pleased over letters and cards that came from points all over the United States, but the hit of the morning with Billy was a large pile of birthday cards from the Girls' High school, which were handed to him in a bunch. Every girl in the high school must have mailed the evangelist a token of esteem and well wishes, for there was a great stack of them in the evangelist's hand, from which he read such greetings as "You have done me good, and I hope you will have a happy birthday." "We are all for you at the Girls' Hi," "God Bless you, Billy Sunday," and other cordial messages.

FORTY YEARS' SUCCESS

For a business to be successful for forty years means a great deal. Among other things, it means remarkable excellence in the products it sells. No inferior article can be sold on a large scale for so many years; and it must not only be good at the outset, but so good that the progress of forty years shall not develop any better article to supersede it.

So women can, with confidence, depend upon that old, tried and tested remedy for woman's ailments, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, still as popular as ever, though it was placed on the market before the centennial year, 1876.

GRAND JURY HEARS STIRRING CHARGE

Judge Emory Speer Touches Deepest Chords of Patriotism in Charge to U. S. Grand Jury.

Augusta, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—Judge Emory Speer, in his charge to the grand jury of the United States district court for the November term, which opened here today, reviewed in magnificent language the methods of government and representation on the United States people and told how the autocracy of Germany was doomed to defeat at the hands of the united governments of freedom in the world.

Judge Speer opened his charge with a brief review of the popular character of the American government. He told how each individual is protected under the constitution of the United States at all times.

He spoke of how admirably the constitution had served the purpose for which it was devised. The Constitution has, he said, insured domestic tranquility, and it has promoted the general welfare. He told how the territory of this country had been extended under the constitution.

He then turned to the present war. "If Patrick Henry's three million armed in the holy cause of liberty," said Judge Speer, "were invincible by any force our enemies could send against us, what may we not claim for one hundred millions of the same hero strain, armed in the same sacred cause?"

"If," said the judge, "with our allies, we are true to our cause and ourselves, this will be the last war the world will ever know."

In conclusion Judge Speer said:

World Against Kaiser.

For no light reason has the world in arms united against the kaiser. His and the pan-Germans' fierce and furious purpose of world conquest is but a repetition of those vast war migrations of medieval times, those "swarms from the northern hive" which swept southward and westward, putting helpless nations to the sword, and by allodial tenure appropriating, themselves, the lands of the vanquished. For this war, can there be any other explanation? On the 1st of August, 1914, over all nations, there was perfect peace. True, the heir-apparent to the kingly and imperial crowns of the Hapsburgs had been slain by an assassin. Presidents of the United States have been thus slain. With as much reason, could the United States have declared war against the nationality of Czolgoscz, the assassin of McKinley, or Guiteau, the assassin of Garfield? No, Der Tag, the day had come. This, for many years, had been the camp and barrack-room toast of Germany. For this, for many years, their preparation was unceasing. Confidence in their power was not unfounded. In 1864, from Denmark, they had ravished Schleswig Holstein. Two years later, in a six weeks' war, they had crushed the resistance of Austria on the fields of Sadowa and Koeniggratz. Four years later, at Gravelotte, Metz and Sedan, they had shattered the armies of the third Napoleon; had starved the French capital into submission, torn from French hands two of their fairest provinces, and exacted from the French people for the mistake of their fallen emperor the greatest moneyed indemnity the world had ever known. Then in the great Hall of Mirrors at Versailles the German empire was formed. Under the tutelage of Bismarck, the man of "blood and iron," the king of Prussia was made emperor. He died. His eldest son died, and Wilhelm II. succeeded to the imperial throne. From that instant, the world beheld autocracy run mad. From the first, his mighty army, in whose creation and organization, the German people who support it, have no voice, was treated as his body guard. According to Article 64 of the German constitution, the army is sworn to render "unconditional obedience to the orders of the emperor." To make this absolute, in Paragraph 108 of the Prussian constitution, it is declared that "a swearing in of the army upon the constitution of the country does not take place." It is not surprising, then, that the kaiser on the 15th day of July, 1888, proclaimed to his army, "So, we belong together, I and my army, so we were born together, and so will we indissolubly hold fast to one another, come as God wills, peace or storm."

Imagine, if you can, the president of the United States using toward the army and navy of our country, the possessive pronoun of the first person always, "My army, my guard, my officers, my soldiers, my fleet." In swearing in the recruits, the kaiser ever reiterates, "You have sworn me the oath of allegiance." On November 23, 1891, to the newly sworn recruits, the kaiser declared, "More than ever before unbelief and dissatisfaction lift their heads in the fatherland, and the occasion may arise when you will have to shoot down or bayonet your own brothers and relations. Then seal your allegiance with the sacrifice of your heart's blood." Such is autocracy. It must be the appreciation of the overwhelming danger to popular government and to defenseless lands, when it is reflected that he has the sole and unrestricted power to declare war and plunge the world in blood and agony and that "my" army and "my" navy, sworn to obey the orders of the emperor, is a mighty and merciless nation trained and inured to war and armed to the teeth with weapons of modern war, more destructive and atrocious than any other of which military history gives an account.

Glorification of War.

Nor is this all. Under the malign spirit of this autocracy, while all the English and French and American philosophers have been striving for constitutional government with the ultimate object of universal peace, the philosophers of Germany, most of them supported in professional positions by the kaiser himself, such men as Hegel, Treitschke and Bernhardi, in their writings and lectures, have maintained a nation-wide propaganda for the glorification of war. They insist that it is a means toward a continual increase of power; that it is a source of national progress; that it is a divine, wholly, normal and moral law, enhancing the development of the human race. They declare that it is the most potent force in the shaping of nations; that it is the sole cure for decaying nations, and said Treitschke, "And herein lies the grandeur of war, that the mere individual is lost sight of in the face of the great ideal of the state." To such teachings we may ascribe the fact that manhood and womanhood of Belgium and northern France have been expatriated; that they have been enslaved in the toil of the trenches and the munition factories; that thousands have been deported. The marvelous industries of Belgium and northern France have been stripped of their machinery, which has been transported and set up on German soil; that the people who remain in those once happy lands, under threat of imprisonment and death, have been subjected to moneyed exactions so extortionate as to reduce many to beggary; that their cities have been destroyed and their orchards, fields and vineyards laid waste. To such teachings we may ascribe the existence of the pan-German league, the defense league, the naval league, the Eastern Marches league, the peasants' league, the fatherland league, all of which devote themselves to making popular the notions of conquest, and with once voice since the beginning of the great war, have been clamoring for the annexation of the lands of other peoples. Surely the dangers to our actual liberties, to all that free men hold dear, deserve the anxious and thoughtful consideration of every one capable of their appreciation.

If Allies Crushed.

True, three thousand miles separate us from the front of battle. But what if our allies should be crushed? The surrender of their mighty fleets would be among terms of their capitulation. Thus acquiring the mastery of the ocean, the way of autocracy to the wealth and opportunities of the northern and southern continents of America would be made easy. Armies of ferocious veterans would quickly land upon our shores. The kaiser and his allies would come not merely to demand indemnity, but, as William the Conqueror came to England, to dispossess us of our all. The atrocious Harpy of frightfulness would make even flight with the double eagle of Prussia, and devastation and ruin the most appalling would come to every American who theretofore had happily lived under the flag of the free man's home and hope. To prevent these evils; to make democracy, which is popular government, safe, and to redress the slaughter of our people, our country has entered this war. The constitution empowers congress to declare war. It was almost unanimously done. Our ways were ways of pleasantness, and all our paths were peace. But all of this is changed. We were without armies. Congress has enacted laws to create great armies. American representatives and senators did that. These measures were approved by the American president. You are American grand jurors. Will you enforce those laws? In the words of Patrick Henry, gentlemen may cry, "Peace, peace!" but there is no peace. Our brethren are already in the field. Why stand we here idle? What do gentlemen wish? What would they have? Is life so dear, or peace so sweet as to be purchased at the price of chains and slavery? Let the clarion notes, and the divine patriotism of the great inspiring revolutionary orator of Virginia, sink deep into our innermost souls. In enforcing the laws enacted by the American congress to protect American liberties the grand jurors and the jurors of an American court are acting as the home guard of the American people.

URGES GOVERNMENT TO ERADICATE TICK

Conference at Savannah Urges Stronger Campaign Against Texas Tick.

Savannah, Ga., November 19.—Urging upon the government the importance of increasing its activities in eradication of the Texas cattle fever tick as a war measure for conservation of and increase in meat supply, representatives of land holdings totaling 18,000,000 acres, in conference here today pledged their hearty support of any movement which would hasten the release of the present tick fever quarantined area.

Among other resolutions adopted at the conference were recommendation that the government take steps to conserve the supply of arsenic and other ingredients used in preparation of dipping solution; repeal by congress of the act passed in 1886 permitting transportation of tick infested cattle interstate for immediate slaughter; and that the federal department of agriculture provide sufficient funds to experiment on the cheapest permanent pastures in the southeastern states.

Among the speakers were Governor Hugh M. Dorsey, of Georgia; S. Davies Warfield, of Baltimore, president of the Southern Settlement and Development company, and federal and state representatives, interested in the work.

MACON POLICE CHIEF TENDERS RESIGNATION

Macon, Ga., November 19.—(Special.) George S. Riley, for the past four years chief of police, tendered his resignation to the civil service commission here tonight, the same to be effective January 1. It has been common knowledge for some time past that differences have existed between the chief and members of the civil service commission, which controls the police department, Chief Riley contending that his authority was being usurped.

Just who will succeed Chief Riley is not known. The civil service commission met tonight, but took no action. It is reported that Sam Westcott, present deputy sheriff and father-in-law of Mayor Glenn Toole, will get the office.

Chief Riley says he will devote his attention to his 400-acre farm on the Houston road. He has 24,000 peach trees and several hundred head of hogs on his farm.

MINISTER STOVALL WAS AT UNVEILING

Augusta, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—Hon. Pleasant A. Stovall, after spending several days here with relatives and friends, has gone to Athens. Minister Stovall was given a warm reception by his countless Augusta friends, and, although there was no formal entertaining for him, he had opportunity to renew acquaintance with those old friends of his former newspaper days in Augusta.

Mr. Stovall was one of the principal speakers at the unveiling of a portrait of the late James Ryder Randall, author of "Maryland, My Maryland," the exercises being held by the U. D. C. Mr. Stovall and Mr. Randall were inseparable companions during their young manhood, and none was better qualified than Mr. Stovall to tell of the many attributes and characteristics that made James Ryder Randall a man who was loved and honored by all.

IMPOSTORS EXPOSED BY HERBERT HOOVER

Washington, November 19.—Information has reached the food administration that persons in different parts of the country are representing themselves to housewives as government agents, empowered to commandeer foodstuffs. Food Administrator Hoover, denouncing them as imposters, tonight issued this statement:

"We have reports from various parts of the country of crooks, thieves and confident operators who are going from house to house purporting to be authorized by the food administration and other departments of the government to collect or commandeer foodstuffs for the government or the army.

"I wish to say emphaticaly that no department of the government has or will ever make such demands on householders, and that all such people are petty frauds and should be held for the police. The government agencies are investigating various cases and information is sought of all such persons by the department."

GOOD FRIEND TO WOMEN

That's What Mount Pleasant Lady Says Cardui Is, and Tells What It Did for Her.

Mt. Pleasant, Tenn.—"As a girl I was always well and hearty," says Mrs. M. E. Rail, of this place. "I have always been accounted healthy. I never felt any trouble like . . . weakness until I came to the change of life. I was about forty-five when that began. I think I would have died had I not found out what a good friend to women Cardui is.

I suffered a great deal. I had a number of fainting spells, and . . . would be obliged to lie in bed a week or two at a time. I never liked to lie in bed because it interfered so with my work. The swimming in my head was nearly continuous. I could not stoop down, it would make me so dizzy. I think I used Cardui off and on for two or three years, using in that time about 8 or 10 bottles. I began to feel the improvement in health before I had taken one bottle, but kept on taking it until I got in perfect health.

Had it not been for Cardui I know I would have been dead. . . . Now I am 62 years old, and weigh about 175, and am in the most perfect health."

Give Cardui a trial for your troubles. It should do for you what it has done for thousands of others.—(adv.)

RELIEVES THAT WHEEZY COLD

Proper time to check a cough is at the first symptom. Delay is dangerous.

If you are still neglecting your cough, the sensible thing is to stop taking chances and begin taking Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey.

Treatment with this effective balsam remedy should give you quick relief. You will notice its soothing effect on the air passages from the first dose. As its name implies, it contains ingredients proved to allay inflammation, quiet coughing and tickling in the throat, and to loosen and expel the phlegm. Don't lose time from your work.

Take a dose of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey promptly and regularly as directed. Your cold or cough will be broken up, and its ill-effects thrown off. The taste is so pleasant, children take it readily.

Tear this ad. out and take it to your druggist with 25c and he will give you the genuine Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey.—(adv.)

Easy to Make This Pine Cough Remedy

Thousands of families swear by its prompt results. Inexpensive, and saves about $2.

You know that pine is used in nearly all prescriptions and remedies for coughs. The reason is that pine contains several peculiar elements that have a remarkable effect in soothing and healing the membranes of the throat and chest. Pine is famous for this purpose.

Pine cough syrups are combinations of pine and syrup. The "syrup" part is usually plain granulated sugar syrup. Nothing better, but why buy it? You can easily make it yourself in five minutes.

To make the best pine cough remedy that money can buy, put 2½ ounces of Pinex (60 cents worth) in a pint bottle, and fill up with home-made sugar syrup. This gives you a full pint—more than you can buy ready-made for $2.50. It is pure, good and very pleasant—children take it eagerly.

You can feel this take hold of a cough or cold in a way that means business. The cough may be dry, hoarse and tight, or may be persistently loose from the formation of phlegm. The cause is the same—inflamed membranes—and this Pinex and Syrup combination will stop it—usually in 24 hours or less. Splendid, too, for bronchial asthma, hoarseness, or any ordinary throat ailment.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is famous the world over for its prompt results.

Beware of substitutes. Ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with directions, and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Skin diseases quickly yield to Resinol

If your doctor said to use Resinol Ointment for that skin-trouble you'd try it without a second thought! Well, *thousands* of doctors throughout the country *are* prescribing Resinol Ointment to heal sick skins, and have been doing so constantly for over *twenty years*. So why not take the combined advice of all these wise medical men and let Resinol Ointment make *your* skin well? It usually stops itching at once, makes sleep possible, and speedily heals the eruption.

Resinol Ointment is an excellent healing dressing, too, for burns, scalds, cuts and stubborn little sores. Sold by all druggists. *Resinol Soap clears poor complexions.*

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THE Y. M. C. A. DRIVE.

The very least that non-combatant Americans can do toward winning the war is to support and sustain and brighten the lives of those who are to represent them on the fighting fronts.

The Young Men's Christian association, from the very beginning of hostilities, has done a splendid work in that direction; and each day sees increased burdens put upon it and concurrently a broadening of its possibilities to do good. And the good that it does will be circumscribed only by the extent of the financial resources afforded it with which to work.

Just now a nation-wide campaign is on, whereby it is hoped to attain a fund of $35,000,000 for the Y. M. C. A. to apply toward furthering its war work.

The canvass for this necessarily large fund has the full indorsement of the war department, and of President Wilson, who has said of it:

"I bespeak for it a unanimity and a unity of effort and of gifts, to speed this patriotic and practical work forward to abundant and complete success."

When an organization of this character comes to the public with an appeal for funds to be used in making and keeping the soldiers fit and to render their task less arduous, it is largely as Rev. A. W. Beaven, Rochester, N. Y., said in his address to the men of Atlanta last Sunday, that—

> "The man who keeps his dollars and refuses to give to such a cause as the Army Y. M. C. A., the Red Cross and other movements which look after the welfare of the man who has gone to the front for him, is just as yellow and just as much a slacker as the man who sneaks up the mountain to avoid the draft. We've got to consider ourselves lucky to do whatever we can for the man in khaki."

The speaker pointed out that while the sympathetic and right-minded civilians cannot individually follow the man in khaki to help him, the Y. M. C. A. can. It can, he said, and will, "be with him to help him anywhere and at all times." And Atlanta, he said, "can translate her dollars into flesh to be with these men."

That Atlanta will subscribe its quota of the $35,000,000 fund is a foregone conclusion.

This is a movement in behalf of which too much cannot be said; and it is to be hoped that the response to the appeal of those public-spirited, patriotic citizens who are giving freely of their time and energy toward this cause, which is one of deepest patriotism and country-service, will be as general and as liberal as is commensurate with the unparalleled prosperity of this part of the country.

AMERICA MUST BE READY.

Victory in the present war depends more upon the United States than perhaps most of us may think. In fact, new events of each day makes it more plain that the heavy end of the burden of winning the war is shifting more and more to American shoulders.

Medill McCormick, Illinois congressman, fresh from a tour of the European battle fronts, in a vigorous, frank statement, appearing in a recent issue of The Constitution, in effect appeals to every American to come out of his lethargy, look facts in the face and prepare to do his part in a war, the winning of which devolves mainly upon American soldiers, arms, munitions, food supplies and industry along all lines.

"The Germans," says McCormick, "are not winning the war. Neither are we."

He might well have said furthermore that its winning depends upon ourselves; that we cannot count upon the continental allies to hold back the enemy pending our effective participation on the firing lines if they come to believe that we will not be ready in time to thwart the disaster that otherwise certainly impends.

He makes it clear that Russia may as well be considered out of the reckoning, so far as effectiveness in the war goes, for two years at least; that there is a dangerous element of discouragement in Italy—two or three divisions of whose army threw down well-nigh empty guns and refused to fight, making possible the present disastrous Teutonic invasion; that France and England can do no more than they are doing.

Mr. McCormick says that **"the issues of this war will be decided in Washington and by the furnaces of America!"**

And it behooves every citizen to do his part toward keeping those furnaces at white heat until those issues are decided.

We are doing all that we can do toward preparing to assume our full part in the war when the time for it arrives; but it would be a sorry day for the world if the people of our associate nations should become imbued with the impression that we are not!

At the limit of their own resources, and after three years of gruelling warfare and untold hardships, those peoples are turning more and more to us and relying more and more upon our ability to marshal our resources and upon our readiness to step in and turn the tide in favor of the allies.

If those peoples know that we will be on the job when the time comes, they will have the heart and the courage to hold on, and the ability to stave off disaster pending the arrival of adequate reinforcements from this side of the Atlantic.

But should they lose that confidence—God only knows what might happen!

AN EPOCHAL UTTERANCE.

Billy Sunday, in his sermon to the negroes Monday night, sounded the keynote of the whole so-called "race problem" and at the same time pointed the way—the only way—to its solution when he admonished the negroes to "base your appeal (for better schools, better living conditions, and just treatment) on the bedrock of good citizenship"—then placing upon the white people the reciprocal obligation to accord the negro fair and just treatment.

The sermon was delivered to the negroes of Atlanta; but it is one that should be read, pondered and heeded by every citizen of the south, white as well as black. It was a sermon to both races. In many respects it is an epochal utterance.

It placed squarely upon the colored man the obligation to deserve before demanding; and it assured him that "if you do your part you can depend upon the white man doing his," thus inferentially pointing to the duty that devolves upon both races and equally upon both.

This is precisely in line with the contention that The Constitution and the right-thinking citizens of both races have been advancing for years; and if both races cooperated along the line of the striking advice of the great evangelist there would no longer be a "race problem" to solve.

Mr. Sunday voiced the sentiment of every conscientious white man in the south when he assured the negroes that the loyalty of their race during the civil war will ever be remembered and that the white people stand ready to accord the last degree of **merited assistance** to the descendants of those who in that crucial test proved their dependability.

The sermon was happily phrased to fit the occasion—candid, fair and plainly spoken. It had the ring of sincerity about it, without attempt at flattery, without hollow praise or evidence of labored effort merely to please. It was truth—truth delivered straight from the shoulder and driven home with the characteristic Billy Sunday punch.

No negro heard that sermon but who, governing his future actions in accordance with it, will be a better citizen and more helpful to his race and to society in general, and no white man can read it without being impressed with the fact that it contains mighty good advice for both races.

Considering the fact that Billy Sunday is a northern man, new to the south, only adds weight to his precept to the colored folk; and the clear insight into the colored man's characteristics, manners of living and the conditions surrounding him in the south, of which the sermon gives evidence, reflects credibility upon the evangelist as a man of breadth, capacity and alertness to size up situations on sort notice.

It was a strong presentation of the so-called "race problem," and one that hits the nail squarely on the head.

Undoubtedly it will do much good.

England is reported to be making standard shoes of real leather at $1.68 to $2.95 a pair. Americans who find it useless to grumble at paying from $6 to $12 a pair would be interested to know how England does it.

It seems almost a pity that Mexico exported 22,140,876 barrels of oil during the first six months of the year, while the waters down there remain so troubled.

It seems to be established that Lenine's real name is Vladmir Hyitch Uulyanoff. But even that does not elevate him in the world's estimation.

The boys at Camp Wheeler may need warmer underwear and more overcoats, but there is no indication as yet that the cold has reached their feet.

Lloyd-George, who is just now being severely criticised by the British press for his "brutally frank" war utterances, is the same Lloyd-George who some years ago remarked that "An aristocracy is like cheese—the older it is the more it stinks," proving that being "brutally frank" is not with him a newly-acquired habit.

"Anarchy in Petrograd Follows Triumph of Radical Forces."—Headline. Why "follows?"

The American public can put up with the war loaf, but the war loafer is an entirely different proposition.

Some Sidelights Of the World War

The Problem Of Nationality

(Third Article.)

BY J. D. WHELPLEY

London.—The American contention that the naturalized citizen should be regarded as the equal of the native born, legally, politically and socially will be upheld in the future as it has been in the past with all the power of the courts, the government and by American public opinion. The same contention is supported by the laws of most of the European countries, but not so vigorously in politics or by public sentiment. Notwithstanding the disrepute into which certain nationalities have fallen by reason of the war there will be no weakening of the American faith in the value of the adopted citizen, and while it may now seem unlikely to Europeans who have borne the brunt of betrayal by naturalized citizens, the American viewpoint will prevail in Europe in the end.

Practical internationalism will prove the refuge of a war-stricken world. No one country or nation is now strong enough to stand by itself. Like a community of individuals who band themselves together in the form of a society, municipality or commonwealth in self-protection the once great and self-sufficient states of the world will be forced from now on into a more or less closely knit commonwealth of nations to protect themselves one from the other. To all intents and purposes there are but two groups of nations today, and these are at death grips. The few remaining outside the conflict are suffering almost equally and would gladly join one or the other group if once convinced as to where their best interests would be served.

Peace League Fights War With War.

The foundations for a great world-wide league for peace have been laid in the war organization of a score of nations determined to put an end to Prussian military ambition. It has taken a gigantic and defensive war to bring about this league, and it is doubtful whether any measure of peace could have had the same result. The league for peace is now fighting the league for war, the former in defense of the principle for which it stands. Before the war there were many boundaries to cross in search of an agreement to end all war. Now there is but one, and that is the line drawn between the armies of the allies and of the central powers. Once this is penetrated whether by military, political or social forces and the league for war of the central powers defeated of its purpose, no further obstacle exists to an internationalism which, if achieved, will mark the end of one and the beginning of another epoch in the history of the world.

All this bears closely on the subject of naturalization, for with the possibility of war done away with the adopted citizen ceases to be a political or military danger. from his moral or commercial habits of thought can be neutralized in the safeguards that should surround the acquisition of a new citizenship. A successful league for peace would in time destroy the animous too often found in the sense of nationality. Pride of race and family is, perhaps, legitimate. Prejudice against a foreigner is a survival of tribal narrowness and ignorance and belongs properly to the dark ages. It is as wrong to criticise a man unfavorably because he choses to live in a country other than where he was born as it would be to refuse to utilize new discoveries in science or the arts because they were not of native origin.

Legal Process Does Not Change Nationality.

On reaching years of discretion a man may find he has been born in a country in which no opportunity offers for the exercise of his peculiar talents, and if he can be better elsewhere it is a gain to all humanity that he emigrates, and once settled in a new home there is every reason why he should become a fullfledged citizen of the land in which he has decided to remain permanently, and in which he probably becomes the founder of a family. The intense nationalist will not admit that this is so, his only argument being that no man can really change his allegiance by a legal process. The flaw in this argument is that it is not the legal process that effects the change, it is the previous and continued residence and the complete identity of interest.

The test as to the desirability of an applicant for citizenship can hardly be made too severe, and the law should provide for a long term of probationary residence in the new habitat. The experience of America has led to the gradual narrowing of the present time when an applicant is examined by a disinterested and intelligent judge, as is provided in the law, fitness or unfitness is quickly revealed. To the requirements of long residence and guarantee of good faith might be added some testimony as to the relations of the would-be citizen to his native land, the reasons for his exile, his plans for the future and the genuineness of his desire to renounce the country of his birth. This additional testimony would be especially valuable in Europe where naturalization has been used at times for purposes of "peaceful penetration" with no intention of real renunciation.

International Basis for Naturalization.

This brings the whole matter back to an international basis and that is the only light in which it should be regarded. An international agreement as to naturalization and denationalization is absolutely necessary before the legal exchange of one citizenship for another can be properly carried out. Each country may adopt such laws as may be deemed wise in the matter of requirements, but there must be an international agreement to the effect that when a citizenship is renounced, the country of origin shall consider the emigrant to have completely severed all relations with the land of his birth; in other words, that he retains no rights or privileges and that he is free of all obligations. The German idea that a man can fare forth to a new land and become a citizen thereof and at the same time retain his German citizenship creates an impossible situation and every country that enters into treaty relations with Germany in the future should insist upon a clause in the agreement doing away with this attempt to create a dual citizenship to the benefit of Germany and to the harm of every country to which a German goes to make a home.

After the war it will be found that England and France will be unfriendly to naturalization, but that America, Canada, Australia and other lands eager for new population, will be as keen to secure citizens by adoption as they were before. It lies within the power of these newer countries to enforce their point of view upon the world for the British government will perforce take its cue from the overseas dominions in all such matters, and they will have the support of the United States government as well. It will also be found that the equality of all citizens, naturalized and native born, will be insisted upon regardless of any racial and national prejudices that may exist.

Once Naturalized Cannot Change Back.

With such an agreement in effect it will, of course, become quite impossible for a country that has received an alien into citizenship to cast him forth against his will. Having renounced his native land and that renunciation having been recognized, to deprive a man of his acquired citizenship would be to leave him with no country at all, a manifest absurdity. It is quite conceivable that an adopted citizen of France being deprived of his French citizenship for one reason or another, might not be able to comply with the requirements of his native land necessary to regain his original citizenship. It has been suggested that a "foreign legion" of the international police force that is to keep the peace after the war would be the only possible refuge for this "man without a country."

Nationalism was a dominant force in bringing about this war. Its outlines are softening, however, as time goes on and peoples are brought closer together in the desperate struggle for existence, and the very war that it brought about seems likely to largely destroy the selfish national clannishness of pre-war days.

(Copyright, 1917.)

LITTLE LOCALS ABOUT THINGS OF CITY INTEREST

Secretary of State Phil Cook is receiving numerous inquiries as to when 1918 license tags will be purchaseable. He states that tags for 1918, under the law, cannot be sold until January 1, 1918. In the meantime cars bought now must be operated under 1917 tags, which may be purchased at the office of the secretary of state for half price.

Comptroller General William A. Wright on Monday received from Thomas county an inheritance tax remittance of $8,678.01, collected from the estate of Oliver H. Payne, valued at $178,900.

The state oil inspector is sending out warnings to retailers of gasoline and kerosene that such dealers as fail to display the required sign at their tanks stating the specific gravity of their goods will be vigorously prosecuted. This warning follows recent complaints to the oil inspector's office.

State examination of applicants for licenses as certified public accountants will be held at the Ansley hotel on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. There will be an unusually large class.

Following Governor Dorsey's recent proclamation calling upon the people of Georgia to contribute to the $35,000,000 army Y. M. C. A. fund, the governor has received a check from a citizen of Lexington, Ga., with the request that the governor place it in the proper hands, which the governor has done.

Governor Hugh M. Dorsey spent Monday in Savannah at the Land Owners' convention and will attend a meeting of stockmen there Tuesday. He will return to his office Wednesday. The governor is accompanied by Superintendent of Schools M. L. Brittain and with him and Mrs. A. R. Lawton, of Savannah, representing the State Council of Defense, will visit Fort Screven.

Governor Dorsey has appointed Mrs. Theodesia Wordell, of Atlanta, as a member of the state board of nurse examiners, to succeed Miss Virginia P. Gibbes, who has entered the Red Cross field service and has been assigned to Camp Sevier, at Greeneville, South Carolina.

The condition of Mrs. Newport A. Lanford, wife of the chief of detectives, is improving physcians in attendance say. Mrs. Lanford was taken with a sudden attack of indigestion at the Billy Sunday Tabernacle just prior to the services Sunday evening and was removed to her home at 342 South Boulevard, seriously ill. She was given emengency treatment at a drug store at North Boulevard and Edgewood avenue before she was able to be removed to her home.

HIGHWAY COMMISSION GIVEN THE FREE USE OF COURTHOUSE ROOMS

Fulton county commissioners have solved the office space problem of the state highway commission by offering the commission the free use of Rooms 921 and 923 of the Fulton courthouse. The commission has been cramped for space and is delighted with this offer of the county, which guarantees ample office room and saves the state the necessity and expense of renting quarters.

The highway commission has employed A. E. Anchutz, recently of the Florida highway commission, and one of the best known engineers and draftsmen of the country, as chief engineer of the department.

Work is now progressing on the final engineering details of the Atlanta-to-Macon highway project, with a view to supplying the federal authorities with all data necessary at the earliest possible moment, so that Georgia's money for this road improvement may be forthcoming before the bad winter weather sets in.

A number of counties have responded to the invitation of the commission to participate in the federal road funds now available and unused and which will shortly be available on the third year's appropriation. The commission will meet November 28, when the matter of plans for more highway projects will be taken up.

SOLDIERS ENTERTAINED AT ROTARY CLUB ROOMS

Men from Camp Gordon visiting the Rotary Soldiers' club rooms in the Healey building Saturday and Sunday were delightfully entertained.

During the afternoons refreshments of coffee and cake were served by Mrs. Buckmaster, the secretary in charge of the rooms. These were furnished by the Stone Baking company, who gave the cakes; Mr. Moody, of the Winecoff, who gave the coffee; C. J. Kamper Grocery company, the sugar; and Borden's Milk company, the cream.

Sunday afternoon Warren Kimsey dropped by, and seeing a great gathering of his charges, got a group at the piano and began some of the camp songs. The effect was electrical; for soon the entire crowd was fairly shaking the foundations of the big building with the volume of song. Crowds gathered on the street to listen to the men singing.

Many groups of men were taken out to Sunday dinner and several were given auto rides by Atlantans who were anxious to show the boys some attention.

Albert S. Adams dropped in to look over the Rotary service that was given the men, and found everything in proper shape. He also found two very homesick fellows over in a corner and proceeded to take them home to Sunday dinner, much to their delight and his own enjoyment.

"They were a couple of fellows from Rhode Island who had not been away from home any distance in their lives," said Mr. Adams in discussing the incident; "and they were pretty homesick. The way they enjoyed the entertainment which we furnished them made us a whole lot happier than it made them. I am heart and soul in this 'Take-a-man-to-dinner' movement, and I hope that it is not going to be many weeks before we empty the rooms every Sunday at dinner time."

More than 1,200 men registered in the Rotary club rooms during the two days.

CLEAR SKIES TONIGHT, SAYS THE FORECASTER

The sky is expected to be clear again by tonight with only a moderate drop in temperature. Very little rain is expected; in fact, the disturbance which had its origin over the Gulf of Mexico, moving slowly in a northeasterly direction, will be very nearly spent before it reaches Georgia.

Cloudy weather prevailed Monday over most of the southern states east of the Mississippi river, with slight precipitation at many places. Fair and somewhat colder weather generally prevails in the northwest.

NAVY PROVING POPULAR WITH YOUNG ATLANTANS IN THE REGISTERED CLASS

The navy recruiting station yesterday was swamped with applications and inquiries about the service. College men, clerks and other men who had held good positions in civil life constituted the greater number of applicants. Many of these men who were subject to draft had been reluctant to give up well-paid positions to don a uniform at less pay. But at the same time they are unwilling to be drafted into the service where they will not be allowed to express their choice of the branch they desire to enter.

To a great extent the same condition prevailed at the army and navy recruiting offices. At all three stations the officers in charge laid emphasis on the fact that only a limited number of men could be handled each day, and if a great number wait until December 15 is near at hand to make application for enlistment many are going to fail to get in and will be caught in the draft. Every facility available however, will be put on to handle as many men as possible. Men who are registered will not be allowed to volunteer after December 15.

A circular letter sent out from Washington says in its instructions: "In view of the fact that men applying for enlistment in the ordnance corps, national army, are technical men and men skilled in trades, and in view of the fact that their work in the field is behind the lines, such minor defects as underweight, overweight, flat feet, missing finger or toe, are waived, providing the men are believed otherwise suitable for duty."

A total of sixty-five men were enlisted at the three local offices Monday.

NAMED TO COLLECT RED CROSS FUNDS IN STATE OF FLA.

Colonel W. T. Gentry, special representative of the war fund for the southern division, has appointed Miss Ruth Rich, of Jacksonville, Fla., to handle the state of Florida. Miss Rich is one of the most active and prominent Red Cross workers in the south, and is fully capable of handling the details of the work in a manner satisfactory to Colonel Gentry and to Washington headquarters. This appointment is welcomed by Miss Rich's many friends as a distinct compliment to her high ability and loyal work.

Colonel Gentry and his assistant, Byron Bower, are very much gratified at the way the work of the clean-up campaign is progressing; every effort is being made both at headquarters and at the hundreds of cities and towns in the division, which includes Georgia, Florida, North and South Carolina and Tennessee, to complete the entire collections of all monies pledged to the Red Cross war fund by the first of December, if possible.

Colonel Gentry has received advices from Washington expressing the highest appreciation of the manner in which he and Mr. Bower are progressing with the work.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Argument of cases on this week's calendar extended to No. 610, pending which the court adjourned until Tuesday morning.

Court of Appeals of Georgia.

The following cases have been placed upon the calendar for argument beginning at 2 o'clock p. m., on Monday, December 3, 1917:

9196. Carter v. State. Pierce.
9197. Williamson v. State. Pierce.
9198. Freeman v. State. Johnson.
9199. Matthews v. City of Thomaston. Upson.
9215. Joseph v. State. Glynn.
9216. Johnson v. State. Catoosa.
9217. Davenport v. Mayor, etc., of Brunswick. Glynn.
9218. Andrews v. State. Hall.
9219. Jenkins v. State. Meriwether.
9222. Ellis v. State. Grady.
9223. Ford v. State. Chatham.
9225. Kerney v. State. Dodge.
9226. McRae v. State. Forsyth.
9227. Elzie v. State. Forsyth.
9233. Ponder v. State. Glynn.
9234. Ponder v. State. Glynn.
9235. Dunbar v. State. Richmond.
9236. Jones (William) v. State. Richmond.
9237. Waldermar v. State. Richmond.
9246. Bennett v. State. Cobb.
9247. Banks v. State. Thomas.
9248. Hudgins v. State. Hall.
9249. Parks v. State. Hall.
9252. Arrington v. State. Floyd.
9253. Jackson v. State. Floyd.
9254. Duren v. State. Bibb.
9258. Ward et al. v. State. Walton.
9264. McLeod v. State. Chatham.
9265. Champion v. State. Gordon.
9269. Hudson (Amos) v. State. Grady.
9270. Hudson (R. L.) v. State. Grady.
9279. Cotton v. State. Troup.
9280. Jackson v. State. Floyd.
9287. Burrage v. State. Haralson.
9288. Hale v. State. Grady.
9304. Rutledge v. State. Fulton.
9305. Parks v. City of Atlanta. Fulton.
9306. Brooks (Dave) v. State. Haralson.
9314. Green v. State. Ware.
9315. Dyer v. State. Hall.
9317. Hamilton v. State. Dooly.
9318. City of Valdosta v. Goodwin. Lowndes.
9329. Skipper v. State. Spalding.
9340. Bradham v. State. Glynn.
9347. Bryant v. State. Dooly.
9348. Brooks (L.) v. State. Chatham.
9349. Jacobson v. State. Chatham.
9350. Meyer v. State. Chatham.
9351. Raskin (A.) v. State. Chatham.
9352. Raskin (R.) v. State. Chatham.
9139. Tipton et al. v. Conrad & Lee. Bibb.
9140. Alford v. Davis et al., exrs. Upson.
9145. Freeman v. Petty. Gordon.
9146. Jones v. Hodges, admr. Brooks.
9147. Postal Telegraph-Cable Co. v. Schaefer Cotton Co. Stephens.
9149. Atlantic Coast Line R. Co. v. Bryant. Early.
9150. McClendon v. Ward-Truitt Co. Troup.
9151. Cowan v. Bank of Baconton. Lee.
9154. National Life Ins. Co. of the U. S. of A. v. Jordan. Muscogee.
9155. Sale City Gin & Mfg. Co. v. Dukes et al. Mitchell.
9157. Franklin v. Paris. Stephens.
9158. Gaines v. Continental Aid Association. Bibb.
9160. Andrews v. McLendon. Calhoun.
9161. St. Paul Fire & Marine Ins. Co. v. Jackson. Calhoun.
9162. Hearn v. Central of Georgia Ry. Co. Bibb.
9163. Roberts v. Converse, admx. Lowndes.
9164. Small v. American National Bank. Bibb.
9165. Smith v. Barrow, ordinary, et al. Grady.
9166. Madden & Sons v. Beckham. Pike.
9170. Smith v. Leverett. Houston.
9171. Flournoy v. American Hat Mfg. Co. Fulton.
9172. Jackson v. Moore et al. Fulton.
9174. Jelks v. Wesleyan Female College. Bibb.
9175. Young et al. v. First National Bank of Covington. Newton.
9176. Barnard v. Durrence, com'r., et al. Evans.
9177. Ocilla Southern R. Co. v. Beavers. Ben Hill.
9178. Turpie v. Georgia Ry. & Power Co. Fulton.
9179. Union Salt Co. v. Boone. Bibb.
9180. Smith v. Long Cigar & Grocery Co. Bibb.
9182. Mangham et al. v. Head. Pike.
9183. Morris v. Evans. Whitfield.
9184. Bank of Dalton v. Heartsill. Whitfield.
9186. Ocilla Southern R. Co. v. Taylor. Ben Hill.
9187. Muscogee Manufacturing Co. v. Cady. Muscogee.
9188. Gibbs v. Bank of Tifton et al. Tift.
9189. Waller et al. v. Dawson National Bank. Terrell.
9190. Mims, admr., v. McKenzie, admr. Crisp.
9191. Vaughan v. Wiggins. Coweta.
9192. Sweat v. Keystone Type Foundry. Berrien.
9193. Goodwin v. Bickers. Greene.

HEALTH TALKS

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

WHY TRAVELING MEN GO WRONG.

Pullman diners, quick lunches, hotel dinners, cigars and the most foolish notion in the world, namely, that every customer and every friend needs a drink. That is why these men so often arrive at a breakdown just as success seems within their grasp. In other words, it is our dear old friend autointoxication that gets the drummer.

We all have more or less drummer in us. We attended a medical society meeting the other day. Papers from 10 to 1. Lunch from 1:30 to 4. Very dull papers from 4 to 6 o'clock. Lunch was on the host. It included fresh lake trout and fried chicken. Shameful the way all those doctors, many of them obviously well along with arteriosclerosis or cardio-vascular degeneration, waded into that excess of protein. Doctors are always among the worst offenders against the canons of hygiene, personal hygiene.

Fish and flesh never had a legitimate excuse for appearing on the same table. But that is nothing compared to the array of autointoxication ammunition a drummer festoons his plate with—not one but two or three kinds of protein. Yet you couldn't hire him to walk five miles if he could find a conveyance to carry him there.

Too much flesh food is what ruins the arteries.

There are several other factors which must be mentioned. The popular habit of overeating is the most important cause, but alcohol, syphilis, chronic lead poisoning, the constant irritation of the lining of the arteries by toxic or poisonous matter in the blood, derived from some septic focus which is neglected because for the time being it gives the victim no pain. Then we should include in the list of causes of arterial hardening and cardio-vascular disease (heart failure, apoplexy and Bright's disease) the abuse of physics, particularly the habit of taking salts of various kinds instead of regulating the function of the bowel in a proper physiological way. Mind, we know the great value of saline cathartics in the treatment of certain acute ailments; we believe thoroughly in the efficacy of medicines intelligently employed; yet we consider it a deplorable thing nevertheless to take doses of salts or administer a dose in our own household.

Youthful, elastic arteries are a good thing. Jolly them along by learning to live right.

Come again tomorrow and listen hard.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

What a Policeman Should Wear.

Would appreciate a suggestion as to the kind of underwear I should get for my husband, who is a policeman on traffic duty. How is my height for my weight—30 years old, 66½ inches tall, and I weigh 135 pounds? (E. E. S.)

ANSWER—Medium weight, knitted, wool or wool silk faced material if Friend Husband's skin is tender. Never balbriggan or cotton or woven flannel. Cotton of heavy weight is too warm indoors, cools body off too rapidly when you go out in the cold; fleece-lined cotton is a crime against hygiene, and flannel cloth is for mollycoddles only. Knitted woolen material of moderate weight is not too warm indoors, and being a poor heat conductor, permits the body to cool more gradually on going out, thus saving wear and tear on a man's vasomotor nervous system. Of course wool socks of similar weight must be worn too. The porosity of modern machine knitted woolen underwear permits free evaporation of perspiration through its meshes. People who have a "poor circulation"—meaning a tendency to cold hands and feet and uneven distribution of the blood—should by all means wear woolen underwear and socks in cold weather. If the occupation is mostly indoors, light weight material only should be worn, and overcoats relied upon for warmth outdoors. Your dimensions are well nigh perfect.

Insists Upon Having Children's Diseases.

Referring to one of your edicts, namely, that it is much better to keep children from exposure to the children's diseases if possible, I beg leave to respectfully differ, for I never had whooping cough when a child, and last spring when our children caught it I soon came down with it myself, and my condition was alarming. (L. W.)

ANSWER—If you were so susceptible to the poisonous action of the bacillus of whooping cough, probably the disease would have been fatal had you contracted it in childhood. There really is no debating the fact. It is inconceivable to a scientific mind that any disease whatever can be good to have under any circumstances whatever. Whooping cough, measles, even chicken pox may kill a child. Surely, then, it is far better to protect the child from these so-called "children's diseases." In later years the natural immunity or resisting power usually serves to protect the adult, even when exposed.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, care of The Constitution.

MAY EXCLUDE SWEET POTATOES AND YAMS

Public hearings on proposed quarantines against the shipments of sweet potatoes and yams to the continental United States from Porto Rico and Hawaii and all foreign countries are announced by the secretary of agriculture to be held at 10 a. m. November 20, 1917, in Room 11, federal horticultural board, United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

The quarantines are contemplated because of information that two injurious insects, the sweet potato root borer and the sweet potato scarabee, not widely prevalent in the United States, occur in Porto Rico and Hawaii; that sweet potato weevils occur in Cuba, Haiti, Jamaica, British Guiana, India, China, Cochin China, Friendly Islands, Sumatra, Formosa, Philippine Islands, Australia, Madagascar and Liberia; and that the sweet potato scarabee occurs in the Barbadoes, Antigua, Nevis, St. Vincent, St. Kitts, Jamaica, Brazil, New Zealand and Guam.

The insects referred to are described as "very destructive to sweet potatoes and yams."

The total importations of sweet potatoes and yams during 1912 to 1916 inclusive was 40,278 bushels. Of these importations 62.8 per cent came from Cuba.

On Billy Sunday's 55th Birthday

Brother Sunday, let us tell you
  That your style just suits this town.
Folks are coming to your meetings
  For six hundred miles around.

From the mountains to the seashore,
  From the east unto the west,—
All the Southern folks admire you,
  For your preaching is the best.

Surely, God is standing by you
  In the efforts that you make
To redeem this world from evil
  For the blessed Savior's sake.

May your life be filled with blessings
  While for other souls you strive.
May you be as well at ninety
  As you are at fifty-five.

—(DR.) J. C. WHITE.

November 19, 1917.

GERMANS ORD
TO REGISTER

Kaiser's Subjects i
States to Be Un
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Washington — N
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Washington, Novembe
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who are believed to ha ne
organized campaigns o nd
propaganda to embarr ed
States in the war.
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male Germans above t are
required to register w or
some other authority ted
by the attorney gene ion
they must report peri me
officials if the attorne or-
ders. They may no the
United States without may
not approach within any
wharf, pier, dock, war ele-
vator, storage house, inal
or other establishme at-
torney general may They
are forbidden to tra ean,
great lakes or any ri way,
either on public vesse own
private boats. They r or
reside in the Distric a or
the Panama canal zon per-
mitted to make aeri bal-
loons or airplanes.

Only German

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Philippines, Porto and
other possessions of t does
not affect subjects urkey
and Bulgaria. It is medi-
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for traveling will n o full
effect for a few da nister-
ing the new regul epart-
ment of justice wil e gov-
ernment's establish annoy-
ing law-abiding G ttle as
possible and the f of the
restrictions will b nly on
Germans suspected vil de-
signs against the
The registration will be
made by local police towns,
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that task should be he same
authority probably signated
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Fires Charg ns.

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to enemies. Mu amage to
docks and piers have been
done by Germa aveling in
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ers or stewards teamships,
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The closing ict of Co-
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German wome bject to the
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"natives, citizen or subjects
of the hostile na ernment, be-
ing males of 14 years or
upward."
John Lord O ial assistant
to the attorney r war work,
will have charg forcement of
the new rules upervise the
department's f t agents.

JANITOR PENSION.

Aged Negr erved City
for ars.

Mose Robin y-time negro,
who for the p ears has been
janitor at cit retired on a
pension by ci Monday after-
noon. Counci ive Mose $15 a
month.

Knitt
Needl

Durin tting flour-
ishes.

and it is a
fact es ked right
now.

The ladies who
used r knitting
learned g the civil
war, an ren who are
learnin l do it for
many me.

Give irl a set of
knittin hat she will
treasu tch her in-
terest knitting and
sewing

We endid assort-
ment Needles and
Protec ed in silver.
Dresd and solid
gold.

Cal us show you
4-page cata-
logue
Wr

Markele, Inc.
Gold and
lversmiths
Whitehall St.
ablished 1887.

240,000 Tons of Coal Needed For 1917 Domestic Demands

To present to the people of Atlanta statistics on the exact status of affairs concerning the present coal situation in Atlanta and Georgia, Dr. L. G. Hardman, federal fuel administrator for Georgia, through the help of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, has compiled a record of coal handled by Atlanta dealers, both wholesale and retail from January 1 to September 1, 1916 and 1917.

Atlanta is a wholesale market, and a great deal of the coal which comes here is reshipped to other points, so, in the report which follows, all of the coal credited to Atlanta did not necessarily go to Atlanta consumers:

The local deliveries of Atlanta dealers show that there has been about 40,000 tons increase in the coal actually delivered to the consumers in Atlanta during the first ten months of this year as compared with the first nine months last year. This is partly accounted for by the fact that the larger consumers had been more forehanded in buying their coal this year than usual, many of them having laid in a supply in the early spring and summer. Those who were not supplied are as a rule the smaller consumers.

It is estimated by the dealers that the normal demand for domestic coal in Atlanta for the year 1916 was about 225,000 tons, and for this year, with due allowance for the increase of population, about 240,000 tons.

So far the deliveries have been 171,000 tons, and Dr. Hardman has asked the government to furnish 60,000 tons between now and January 1 by ordering it from the mines to Atlanta.

Dealers here estimate they will need 60,000 tons as a minimum during that period.

This does not account for the large quantity of coal which will necessarily be used by the soldiers at Camp Gordon, amounting to probably 30,000 or 40,000 tons, but it is understood that the government has made special provision for the camp.

An important element in the situation is the loss of coal in the great fire on May 21. One thousand and nine hundred houses burned up and in many cases the owners had laid in the year's supply of coal, which was burned.

$80,000 INCREASE IN REVENUE ASKED

Council Urges Water Board to Reduce Discount Rate on Water Bills — Larger Revenue Will Permit Salary Raises.

Atlanta's revenue will be increased next year by approximately $80,000 if the water board accedes to a request of council made Monday afternoon.

Alderman Jonas H. Ewing is the author of the resolution which was passed in council by an overwhelming vote, requesting the water board to reduce the discount rate on water bills paid prior to the tenth of the month from 25 per cent to 15 per cent. This, it is estimated, will net $80,000 next year, and will allow certain increases in salaries of city employes, now being urged by members of council.

The salary committee of council, which is now working on a schedule of increase for all city employees, made a preliminary report to council, Monday. Their report only covered the officers higher up in the city government and their assistants. Salaries in four instances were recommended for an increase. They were: Chief clerk in comptroller's office, from $2,400 to $2,700; superintendent Battle Hill, $1,800 to $2,100; mechanical engineer, $2,400 to $2,700, and chief clerk in tax collector's office, $1,800 to $2,100.

Action Is Postponed.

Action on these recommendations was postponed until the next meeting of council in order that a copy of the recommendations might be furnished each member of council.

The October finance sheet was adopted Monday, despite protest of Councilman Buchanan, who had held the sheet up from the last meeting of council. The sheet will go to the aldermanic board, next Thursday, for further consideration. Here it will be held up for another two weeks, although it will be voted on favorably by this board. This will delay the sheet so long before final passage that when it is put into operation it will be only about two weeks before the first of the year, when a new sheet will be adopted.

Recorder George E. Johnson came in for some hard knocks at the hands of council Monday. The tax committee recommended to council that $1,100 worth of forefeited bonds of I. C. Clark, a professional bondsman, be settled for $550. The tax committee explained that this settlement was approved because Police Recorder Johnson had sent them a letter stating that if the persons who had forfeited their bonds had appeared in court he would have fined them only $550 in the aggregate.

Recorder Gets Knocks.

Alderman McClelland held up Recorder Johnson's letter and ridiculed the recorder's recommendations.

"What need have we for a recorder if he could fine persons in this way—without hearing the evidence in each case," said Alderman McClelland. "We'll just let the station sergeant at a police station assess the fines."

Alderman McClelland's motion to deny the report of the tax committee that a compromise settlement be allowed with I. C. Clark was denied by council.

W. L. Combs was elected a member of the park board from the Fifth ward to succeed C. A. Pitts, who recently resigned.

Dr. Hall Returns.

Dr. J. J. Hall, city physician, has returntd to his duties after an absence of several weeks.

A resolution requesting the ordinance committee of council to draw up an ordinance prohibiting the shooting of fireworks in Atlanta was passed. This is in accordance with a nation-wide demand that no powder be consumed this Christmas while the nation is at war.

Complaints against Atlanta's dairies and restaurants, recently made to Mayor Candler by government inspectors, were referred to the board of health for investigation. Mayor Candler and government officials will make an inspection trip of Atlanta's dairies and restaurants today.

HOWE IS APPOINTED TO AIRCRAFT BOARD

Washington, November 19.—Appointment of R. F. Howe, of New York, a director of the International Harvester company, as one of the civilian members of the aircraft board which will be in charge of the development of the air service in this country, was announced today after a conference of the aircraft production board with President Wilson. Howard E. Coffin, chairman of the present production board, also will head the new board.

WHEN SERVED WARM, THEY ARE THE BEST OF ALL WINTER FOODS
—Bobby
MADE FROM CORN
POST TOASTIES

Atlanta Governed By Old 'Blue Laws' During 15 Minutes

Then City Council Experienced Change of Heart and Voted to Allow Sale of Soft Drinks and Tobacco on Sundays.

For about fifteen minutes at council's meeting Monday afternoon, Atlanta was voted as dry as the Sahara desert on Sundays.

However, counci "woke up" before the close of the session to find it all a "bad dream," and by a substantial margin voted to continue to allow soft-drink stands to keep open to quench the thirst of Atlantans with soda waters and to sell cigars, cigarettes, tobacco, candies and magazines.

It all came about as a result of Councilman A. W. Farlinger's efforts to have repealed the city ordinance which allows soft drinks and tobacco to be sold on Sunday.

The city clerk, in counting the vote on Councilman Farlinger's motion to repeal the ordinance, which, he said, violated the state law, announced the result as 14 to 14. Alderman Kelley, presiding over council, broke the tie by voting to repeal the ordinance and close up Atlanta.

Fifteen minutes later the city clerk found he had erred in counting the vote, and that the count stood 14 to 13 not to repeal the ordinance. A new vote was taken and resulted in a 17 to 9 victory for the soft drink and cigar stands.

The vote in council was as follows:

To repeal present ordinance and make Sundays "air-tight:"

Councilmen Renfroe, Alverson, Cochran, Farlinger, Dillon, Johnson, Bell, Mincey, Landers, Carpenter, Buchanan, Dolvin and Bailey.

Against making Sundays "air-tight:"

Aldermen Seawright, McClelland, Johnston, Sisson, Barnes, Richardson, Ewing, Dunlap and Spratt; Councilmen Woodall, Little, Nuting, Bean and Reynolds.

On the final vote Councilmen Cochran and Landers switched their votes to the winning side.

Mystery Surrounds Shooting of Soldier From Camp Hancock

Augusta, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—Private Earl Harmon lies at the point of death at a local hospital and Private Raymond Knighten is confined to jail awaiting further developments as the result of an attempt on the part of the two men, according to Knighton's statement, to rob a couple of negro women Saturday night.

Both soldiers are quartered at Camp Hancock with the Pennsylvanians. The shooting occurred in an outof the way place, and Knighton carried his wounded companion to a nearby store, where the hospital and police departments were notified. Harmon told the police that he and Knighton were held up, and in the scuffle someone fired two bullets, hitting him.

Knighton, however, told a different tale, declaring that he and Harmon were broke and that they determined to rob the first persons who passed a corner where they took their stand. When the negro women came along, according to his statement, he and his companion engaged them in conversation and then seized them in an effort to get their money. The firing followed and while Knighton was attempting to get medical attention for his companion the women got away. There is no clue to their identity.

GOOD ROADS EXPERTS LEAVE FOR SAVANNAH

State highway commissioners, Fulton and other north Georgia county commissioners, officials of the Georgia State Automobile association and other good roads enthusiasts left Atlanta Monday by automobile to attend the annual meeting of the Georgia County Commissioners' association in Savannah.

They took lunch in Griffin Monday, stopped a few minutes in Macon and proceeded to Milledgeville, where a party from Savannah met them Monday night.

They expect to proceed to Savannah Tuesday. After the meeting in Savannah, the party will go to Jacksonville to inspect the permanent highways of Florida in that vicinity.

The members of the Atlanta party are Chairman Oscar Mills, of the county commission; Commissioner W. M. Poole, Judge T. E. Patterson, chairman of the state highway commission; Judge R. E. Davidson, also of the state highway commission; Professor R. D. Kneale, highway engineering expert of the Georgia Tech; W. Tom Winn, president of the Georgia Automobile association; Frank Reynolds, general secretary of that association; W. A. Hansel, superintendent of county public works; W. T. Wilson, county highway engineer; Mose Holland, county purchasing agent; J. E. Addicks, representative of the DuPont Powder company; F. D. Lockwood, assistant general manager of the Barber Asphalt company, and "Buster" Brown, representative of the National Cement association.

Fred Houser, secretary of the Atlanta Convention bureau, and also secretary of the County Commissioners' association, went to Savannah Monday by train.

Negro Is Murdered.

Americus, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—Millard, alias "Sook," Bragg, a white man here, is being held by the police authorities today, on a charge of murder. He is alleged to have killed Frank Gray, a negro, late Saturday night, the crime occurring in a restaurant on Lamar street. Details of the crime are not obtainable, as witnesses decline to discuss it. Bragg, who is well connected in Americus, but who has been in several serious scrapes during past years, is stated to have stabbed the negro repeatedly, the negro's death following shortly afterwards. It is believed Bragg's mind is affected.

METHODISTS NAME PASTORS FOR 1918

South Georgia Annual Conference Closes at Albany. Valdosta Is Chosen for Next Meeting Place.

By Rev. W. A. Brooks.

Albany, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—The last day's session of an annual conference is always attended with spirit of eager expectation as the ministerial assignments for the ensuing year are of special interest both to the preachers and the people alike.

Hon. W. B. Stubbs, of Savannah, was elected conference leader.

A resolution requesting the presiding bishop in the future to hold the sessions of the South Georgia conference, embracing the third Sunday in November, was adopted.

Valdosta was unanimously selected as the next meeting place of the conference.

Rev. G. C. Hounshell, of Nashville, Tenn., addressed the conference in the interest of missions.

Officers of the legal conference were re-elected as follows:

Dr. W. C. Lovett, president; Rev. W. F. Smith, secretary, and Rev. O. F. Cook, treasurer.

The reports of the pastors were completed today, marking one of the greatest years in material and spiritual progress within the entire history of the conference. Resolutions pledging the national government the hearty support of the Methodists of south Georgia were adopted.

Pastors' Reports.

Dr. T. D. Ellis, pastor of Mulberry Street church, reported 307 additions to the church. Finances in full.

Rev. W. M. Blitch reported 61 additions to Centenary church, Macon. Assessments in full.

Rev. J. C. Flanders reported 83 additions to the chruch in East Macon. Finances all in.

Rev. J. P. Wardlaw reports a great revival at First Street, Macon. One hundred and twenty-two net increase in church membership. Finances in full, with $500 contributed to Emory university.

Rev. J. E. Seals reports 103 additions to the church at Vineville, Macon, and assessments in full.

Rev. J. A. Smith, financial agent for orphans' home, Macon, reports the best year of his seven years of service.

All the churches in the city of Savannah reported advances along spiritual lines. Rev. J. N. Peacock, pastor of Epworth church, reported 114 additions. Assessments in full, with surplus on missions.

Rev. H. C. Jones reported 24 additions to Grace church with benevolences in full.

Dr. W. N. Ainsworth reported finances in good shap at Wesley Monumental and $2,000 for foreign missions.

Rev. Loy Warwick reported the Albany church paying more than 100 per cent on assessments, 100 additional, and stated that the city had enjoyed the session of the south Georgia conference very much.

Rev. O. F. Cook reported 169 additions to the church at Thomasville, $2,400 on missions, and $13,000 raised for all purposes.

Rev. C. A. Jackson reports 94 accessions to the church at First Street, Waycross, repairs on the parsonage and church debt paid.

Rev. J. C. G. Brooks reports 126 additions to the church at Trinity, Waycross. All assessments in full.

Appointments for the coming year are as follows:

Americus District.

O. B. Chester, presiding elder.

Americus, First Church, Paul W. Ellis; Lee street, S. E. Jenkins; circuit, J. W. Patterson; Arlington, W. G. Allaben; Blakely, N. T. Pafford; Blakely circuit, to be supplied by Mack Pearce; Bronwood circuit, J. B. Griner; Cuthbert, W. A. Huckabee; Dawson, T. H. Thomson; Edison circuit W. C. Glenn; Ellaville circuit, J. E. Sampley; Fort Gaines circuit, Moses Register; Leary circuit, E. P. Drake; Leslie circuit, C. T. Clark; Parrott circuit, J. E. Sumner; Plains circuit, J. W. Tinley; Sasser circuit, A. W. Quillian, Jr.; Shellman, J. T. Ryder; Shellman circuit, George F. Erwin; Springvale circuit, H. H. Heisler; Smithville circuit, Marvin Vincent; President Andrew college, J. W. Malone; Cuthbert Q. C. Missionary to Cuba, J. C. Elkin.

Columbus District.

J. P. Chatfield, presiding elder.

Buena Vista, J. W. Arnold; Butler circuit, L. A. Harrell; Columbus, East Highlands, E. E. Gardner; Columbus, North Highlands, Hamp Stevens; Columbus, Rose Hill, J. C. Brooks; Columbus, St. Luke, J. A. Thomas; Columbus, St. Mark, J. W. Lilly; Columbus, St. Paul, J B Johnstone; Cussetta circuit, J. E. Channel; Geneva circuit, J. E. Saville; Hamilton circuit, W. E. Hightower; Lumpkin, W. P. Blevin; Marion circuit, A. S. Turlock; Mauk circuit, M. W. Flanders; Midland circuit, J. F. Snell; Omaha circuit, C. L. Wall; Reynolds, J. H. Allen; Richland, J. H. Stanford; Talbotton, LeRoy A. Brown; Talbot circuit, K. H. McGregory; Waverly Hall, O. L. Evans; Woodland circuit, B. A. Pafford; missionary to Korea, J. L. Gerdine; conference secretary education, J. P. Chatfield.

Cordele District.

W. F. Smith, presiding elder.

Abbeville, W. A. Mallory; Aribi circuit, J. O. J. Taylor; Ashburn, T. A. Davenport; Ashburn mission, to be supplied by W. B. Cheshire; Byromville circuit, Simon A. Hearn; Cordele, T. B. Stanford; Elko circuit, M. F. Beals; Fitzgerald and mission, L. A. Hill and one to be supplied; Hawkinsville, J. H. Scruggs; Macon county circuit, T. F. Waller; Marshallville, T. W. Darley; Montezuma, W. K. Dennis; Mystic circuit, I. R. Kelly; Oakfield circuit, G. E. Clary; Ocilla, J. H. House; Oglethorpe and Ideal, W. H. Ketchum; Perry circuit, H. C. Ewing; Pinehurst circuit, J. A. Sconyers; Pineview circuit, Jesse G. Hardin; Rebecca circuit, Aaron Kelly; Rochelle, J. M. Foster; Seville circuit, C. W. Jordan; Sycamore circuit, J. W. Connors; A. F. Ward, supernumerary; Unadilla and Snow, G. W. Hutchinson; Vienna, W. L. Wright; missionary to Cuba, E. E. Clements.

Dublin District.

N. H. Williams, presiding elder.

Adrian circuit, M. A. Shaw; Allentown circuit, to be supplied by W. E. Scott; Brewton circuit, J. W. Reese; Bartow circuit, E. L. Wainwright; Davisboro circuit, R. F. Dennis; Dudley circuit, E. B. Sutton; Dublin, W. H. Budd; George C. Thompson, supernumerary; Dexter circuit, T. H. Tinsley; Dublin circuit, J. D. Snyder; Garfield circuit, B. F. West; Graymont circuit, W. C. Culpepper; Kite circuit, T. E. Murray; Jefferson circuit, to be supplied by C. B. G. Johnson; Louisville, C. M. Meeks; Metter circuit, P. T. Holloway; Midville, A. P. Segers; Scott circuit, J. L. Nease; Soperton circuit, W. A. Tyson; Spread circuit, E. A. Sanders; Swainsboro, O. L. Kelly; Swainsboro circuit, G. R. Stephens; Stillmore circuit, W. F. Barford; Vidette and Keysville circuit, C. L. Rogers; Wrens and Mount Moriah, Robert Rouse; Wrightsville, Reese Griffin; Wrightsville circuit and mission, E. R. Cowart and one to be supplied; Wadley circuit, J. A. Rountree. Conference missionary secretary, W. H. Budd.

Macon District.

J. M. Glenn, presiding elder.

Bibb county, J. N. Hudson; Byron circuit, J. M. Rustin; Cochran, Julian P. Dell; Empire circuit, O. S. Smith; Fort Valley, W. F. Quillian; Gordon circuit, W. N. Hill; Ingleside, J. W. Domingos; Irwinton circuit, C. C. Boland; Jeffersonville circuit, L. E. Brady; Knoxville circuit, F. L. Coleman; Macon, Centenary, C. W. Curry; Macon, Cherokee Heights, S. C. Oliff; Macon, East Macon, C. G. Earnest; Macon, First Street, J. P. Wardlaw; E. M. McCullough, supernumerary.

Macon—Mulberry street, T. D. Ellis; Newburg, J. G. Harrison; Second street, H. M. Morrison; Vineville, I. P. Tyson. Macon Circuit, to be supplied. Roberta and Hebron, N. M. Lovein, W. E. Kenmore, supernumerary. Sandersville, Robert Kern. Tennille, E. O. Heath. Warthen Circuit, W. M. Howard. Washington Circuit, T. A. Moseley. Editor Wesleyan Christian Advocate, W. C. Lovett, Mulberry street, Q. C.; agent Orphans' home, K. A. Smith, Vineville, Q. C. President Wesleyan college, C. R. Jenkins, Mulberry street, Q. C. Professor Wesleyan college, Idus McKellar, Mulberry street, Q. C. Conference evangelists, C. B. Daniel and H. S. Allen, Vineville, Q. C. Missionaries to Japan, W. J. Callahan and R. S. Stewart. Missionaries to Cuba, H. B. Bardwell and R. L. Whitehead. General evangelist, J. M. Bass, Vineville, Q. C. Superintendent Orphans' home, T. O. Lambert, Vineville, Q. C. Commissioner of education of Emory university, J. A. Harmon, Mulberry street, Q. C. District evangelist, W. L. Hugins, Irvinton, Q. C. Army Y. M. C. A. secretary, Arthur J. Moore, Vineville, Q. C.

McRae District.

L. W. Colson, presiding elder.

Alamo circuit, R. M. Allison; Altamaha circuit, D. B. Merritt, Baxley; H. T. Freeman; Baxley circuit, R. P. Fain; Cedar Grove circuit, to be supplied by E. T. Harrell; Chauncey and Milan, Q. J. Pinson; Claxton, T. G. Lang; Cobb Town circuit, to be supplied by H. N. Benton; Eastman, W. M. Blitch; Glennville circuit, J. H. Wilson; Hagan circuit; J. T. Budd; Hazlehurst, W. A. Brooks; Hazlehurst circuit, to be supplied by P. A. Shuman; Helena and Scotland, Jason Shirap; Higgstown circuit, to be supplied by D. A. Cook; Jacksonville circuit, to be supplied by M. J. Barnett; Lumber City, Homer L. Pearson; Lyons and Collins, B. F. Lawhorn; McRae, E. E. Rose; Mount Vernon circuit, A. G. Brewton; Reidsville and Shiloh, G. R. Partin.

Rhine Circuit, D. G. Mann. Surrency Circuit, to be supplied by S. E. Hollis. Uvalda and Alston, C. R. Phillips. Vidalia, J. H. Major. West Green Circuit, C. A. Morrison.

Savannah District.

O. F. Cook, presiding elder.

Bascom Circuit, F. J. Jordan, Bloomingdale Circuit, C. D. Adams. Brooklet Circuit, C. E. Cook. Eureka Circuit, E. L. Padrick. Girard Circuit, H. J. Graves. Guyton, J. J. Ansley. Green's Cut Circuit, R. C. Prickett. Lawtonville Circuit, J. C. Griner. Millen, H. W. Joiner. Oliver Circuit, J. D. McCord. Pembroke Circuit, C. J. Mallette. Portwentworth, M. M. Marshall. Rincon Circuit, T. J. Nease. Rockyford Circuit. W. S. Johnson. Savannah-Asbury Memorial, Silas Johnson. Savannah, Epworth, J. N. Peacock. Savannah, Grace, H. C. Jones. Savannah, Thunderbolt and Mission, W. S. Heath. Savannah, Trinity, J. M. Outler. Savannah, Wesley Monumental, W. N. Ainsworth. Springfield Circuit, S. W. Brown. Statesboro, J. B. Thrasher. Sylvania, J. W. Weston. Waynesboro, J. P. McFerrin. Missionary to Cuba, O. K. Hopkins.

Thomasville District.

E. M. Overby, presiding elder.

Albany, Loy Warwick; Attapulgus circuit, R. W. Cannon; Bainbridge, T. M. Christian; Boston circuit, R. E. Bailey; Brinson circuit, F. L. Stokes; Baconton and Newton, Herbert Etheridge; Bridgeboro circuit, W. M. Mitchell; Cairo, J. G. Christian; Cairo circuit, to be supplied by H. P. Stubbs; Camilla, W. E. Towson; Colquitt circuit, D. P. Nelson; Climax circuit, T. R. McMichael; Cooledge circuit, to be supplied by J. W. Hines; Donalsonville circuit, T. E. Pharr, Damacus circuit, E. M. Elder; Dixie circuit, I. K. Chambers; Eldorado circuit, Zell Shaw; Jakin, Artemus Lester; Metcalf circuit, C. E. Dell; Meigs and Ochlochnee, H. C. Brewton; Pelham, A. B. Wall; Pelham circuit, to be supplied by J. D. Perry; Pavo, Paul Muse.

Sale City, J. J. Sanders; Thomasville, J. E. Seals; Whigham and Calvary, T. C. Cardner; Missionary to Korea, E. W. Anderson; student in Emory university, I. L. Llewellyn.

Valdosta District.

Whitley Langston, presiding elder.

Adel, A. H. Robinson; Alapaha circuit, E. M. Saunders; Berlin circuit, J. F. Ford; Doerun circuit, W. G. Pilcher; El Dorado circuit, to be supplied by J. F. McTier; Allenton circuit, to be supplied by Tharp E. Byrd; Hahira circuit, C. M. Infinger; Lake Park, E. C. Dowdy; Milltown circuit, L. L. Barr; Morven circuit, T. F. Drake; Moultrie, A. W. Rees; Nashville, C. M. Ledbetter; Norman Park, Lamar Glenn; Omega circuit, to be supplied by Oscar Wilson; Poulan circuit, S. S. Kemp; Quitman, Guyton Fisher; Remerton circuit, L. T. Rogers; Sparks, M. W. Carmichael; Statenville circuit, L. B. McMichael; Sylvester, J. C. Wunders; Tifton, G. W. Mathews; Tifton circuit, to be supplied by W. D. Raburn; Valdosta, Bascom Anthony; Willacoochee circuit, Moody Booth; President Sparks' collegiate institute, Leland Moore; Sparks' Q. C. Student, Emory university, J. L. Jones; conference stewardship secretary, G. W. Mathews.

Waycross District.

E. F. Morgan, presiding elder.

Alma circuit, F. A. Ratcliffe; Atkinson circuit, to be supplied by H. C. Griffin; Blackshear, J. R. Webb; Broxton circuit, J. P. Dickinson; Brunswick (First church), L. J. Ballard; Brunswick (McKendree), N. H. Olmstead; Douglas, B. E. Whittington; Folkston circuit, L. W. Walker; Glenmore circuit, to be supplied by H. K. Vanbrackle; Granberry circuit, to be supplied by J. A. Cook; Hinesville circuit, W. J. Churchwell; Homerville circuit, John Sharp; Jesup, J. M. Lovett; Ludowici circuit, W. W. Meeks; Mershon circuit, A. A. Waite; Nichols circuit, C. J. Tyler; Patterson circuit, L. R. Pilcher; Peason circuit, O. B. Talley; St. Marys, L. C. Gray; Townsend and Darien, J. E. Barnhill; Waresboro circuit, M. B. Boykin; Waycross (First church), C. A. Jackson; Waycross (Trinity), W. E. Arnold; Waycross (Deenwood), to be supplied by G. R. Smith; Waycross (Mission), to be supplied by W. C. Rahn; White Oak circuit, W. W. Hill; Woodbine circuit, R. F. Owen; missionary to Korea, James W. Hitch.

Transferred.

To North Georgia conference, George Macree; to North Georgia conference, Roy P. Etheridge; to West Texas conference, J. D. Smith.

Youth and His Sister Hurt When Cartridge Explodes in Flames

While sitting in front of the fire in the parlor reading as their mother swept the floor of the room, James Waits, 18 years old and his sister, Bertie, 15 years old, of 249 Waldo street, were injured when a cartridge was swept into the flames and exploded. They were taken to Grady hospital for treatment. The brother received a wound in the right leg and Bertie was wounded in the left foot. They were able to return to their home Monday afternoon.

HAL STANLEY EXPECTS VISIT FROM CAMINETTI

Commissioner of Commerce and Labor Hal M. Stanley is expecting an early visit from A. Caminetti, commissioner general if immigration of the United States, who will confer with Commissioner Stanley upon the establishment of free employment bureau in connection with the Georgia commissioner's office, to be operated with the co-operation of the federal government.

GEORGIA DOES BIT FOR WAR LIBRARIES

State's Quota of Fund Is Oversubscribed—Building at Camp Gordon Is Now Well Under Way.

Georgia's allotted share of the fund for libraries for the thirty-two army cantonments has been over-subscribed, according to an announcement made yesterday by Robert L. Foreman, state director for Georgia. It was also announced that the Library building at Camp Gordon is well under way and will be completed in the near future.

Georgia's quota of the $1,000,000 total needed was $6,000 and State Director Foreman received $6,444.92; $320,000 of the total fund was contributed by Andrew Carnegie and covered the cost of construction of thirty-two $10,000 buildings to house the libraries in thirty-two camps.

In addition to the books that will be accessible to the men in the army training camps, books will also be carried on troop ships and into the trenches so far as this will be possible under war conditions.

"The result of the campaign was very gratifying," said Mr. Foreman. "On behalf of the national library war council and our state council, I beg to thank all of our good people whose kind co-operation made success possible."

The following are the cities that contributed and the individual amounts:

Atlanta, $1,682; Savannah, $1,311.15; Athens, $555.82; Columbus, $400.50; Macon, $391; Fitzgerald, $150; Rome, $126.50; Oxford, $105.85; Gainesville, $1.01.85; Thomasville, $75.60; Jefferson, $25; Marietta, $25; Albany, $170.15; Griffin, $113.20; Newnan, $151; Valdosta, $133.70; Madison, $125; Cordele, $80; Monroe, $73; Millen, $61.35; LaGrange, $54; Sandersville, $68; Tifton, $50; Statesboro, $50.25; Dawson, $44; Demorest, $40; Barnesville, $47; Toccoa, $30; Waynesboro, $32; Montezuma, $28; Ft. Valley, $21; Union Point, $21.50; Unadilla, $15; Milledgeville, $12.50; Eatonton, $10; Hogansville, $19.50; Broxton, $18; Bainbridge, $8; Lumber City, $8; Cairo, $6.50; Dalton, $3; Lawrenceville, $1. Total $6,444.92.

Hillyer Is Appointed Local Correspondent Of Equitable Trust

Announcement was made Monday that William Hurd Hillyer, prominent investment banker, has been appointed Atlanta correspondent of the bond department of the Equitable Trust Company of New York city.

Mr. Hillyer recently opened a branch office in New York city. He has not, however, changed his general offices, or his residence, as has been erroneously reported. His headquarters are in Atlanta, and he will contine to live in Atlanta.

Mr. Hillyer is a member of the Investment Bankers' Association of America, of the Georgia Bankers' association, the Bankers' Club of New York and other important organizations.

MAJOR DE ROTHSCHILD KILLED IN PALESTINE

London, November 19.—Major Evelyn de Rothschild, son of the late Leopold de Rothschild, has been killed in Palestine.

ATLANTA TRUST COMPANY 64-17
ATLANTA, GA. July 31 1917
PAY TO THE ORDER OF The Keely Company
Forty-two and -
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A pretty skin—the evidence of cleanliness and glowing health—distinguishes the woman who uses

JAP ROSE SOAP
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The perfect soap for toilet, bath and shampoo. Fragrant, cleansing and refreshing. Sold by Druggists, Grocers, and Department Stores.

Use but little—It's all lather

For Free Sample Write James S. Kirk & Company, Dept. 1917 Chicago, U. S. A.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Mrs. Lucile Glenn Mechem vs. C. C. Mechem. Superior Court.
To C. C. Mechem:

By order of court, you are notified that on the 5th day of November, 1917, Mrs. Lucile Glenn Mechem filed suit against you for divorce, retaurnable to the January term of said court.

You are required to be at the January term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in January, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this November 5, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
C. J. Baisden vs. J. W. Chandler, Fulton Superior Court.
To J. W. Chandler, greeting:

You are notified that on the 7th day July, 1917, C. J. Baisden filed in superior court, Fulton county, Georgia, an equitable petition against you, returnable, by amendment, to January term, 1918, of said court. You are notified to appear at said term of said court on the first Monday in January, 1918, to answer said petition.

Witness Hon. George L. Bell, judge of said court, this November 5, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court.

Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Bryan vs. Frank G. Bryan. Superior Court.
To Frank G. Bryan:

By order of court, you are notified that on the 8th day of November, 1917, Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Bryan filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the March term, 1917, of said court.

You are required to be at the March term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in March, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this November 8, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA, Fulton County, Superior Court.
Mrs. Marie G. Merker vs. Henry Robert Merker. No. 27924. To Henry Robert Merker:

By order of Court you are hereby notified that on June 5, 1917, Mrs. Marie G. Merker filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the January term, 1918, of said Court. You are required to be at the January term of said Court, to be held on the first Monday in January, 1918, to answer said complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, Judge of said Court, this 5th day of November, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA, Fulton County—
Alice Hawkins vs. E. W. Hawkins. Superior court.
To E. W. Hawkins:

By order of court, you are notified that on the 13th day of November, 1917, Alice Hawkins filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the March term of said court. You are required to be at the March term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in March, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this November 19, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
R. S. Wagstaff vs. Annie Laura Wagstaff, Superior Court.
To Annie Laura Wagstaff:

By order of court, you are notified that on the 2d day of November, 1917, R. S. Wagstaff filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the January term of said court.

You are required to be at the January term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in January, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this November 2, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
L. A. Bush vs. Jessie McPherson Bush, Superior Court.
To Jessie McPherson Bush:

By order of court, you are notified that on the 5th day of October, 1917, L. A. Bush filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the January term of said court.

You are required to be at the January term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in January, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this October 5, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Dola Hornsby vs. Theodore Hornsby.
To Theodore Hornsby:

By order of court, you are notified that on the 5th day of November, 1917, Dola Hornsby filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the January term of said court.

You are required to be at the January term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in January, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this November 5, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

CONSTITUTION ON SALE

The Atlanta Constitution can be found on sale every day at the fourteen exchange stores in Camp Gordon. If you fail to buy your copy from the boys in the morning you can drop in at any regimental canteen and get one.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S Camp Gordon News

Edited by James A. Hollomon.

N BUREAU. News Bureau of ion is in the "Y on building. Sol ted to visit The leave poetry, pho s, jokes, hu- ma ies, etc., and if you can serve you

COMMISSION IS GIVEN TO GORDON SELECTMAN

Private Crane, of the 325th Infantry, Is Made a Second Lieutenant.

The first selectman of the national army division at Camp Gordon to receive a commission in line forces of the army, is Frank Crane, a former resident of the city of Boston, who was transferred to Camp Gordon from Camp Devens, Mass.

Young Crane, who is now a member of Company K, of the 325th infantry regiment at Camp Gordon, Monday received notice of his recently issued commission, together with orders to report at Fort Leavenworth on November 26 for additional training along lines of modern warfare.

The Boston boy is a graduate of Harvard university with a degree of bachelor of arts. He graduated last March in the class which was turned out of that institution about three months earlier than the usual time for the purpose of entering the fighting forces of the nation. Immediately after his graduation Crane took a three months' training course and stood the examination for a commission in the national army.

He was drafted before the decision of military authorities was announced, and was first sent to the Massachusetts camp and later to Camp Gordon. The first he has heard from his examination since leaving Harvard occurred Monday, when he was served with formal notice that he has been made a second lieutenant in the national army and ordered to Fort Leavenworth.

Young Crane comes from a prominent family in Boston and is very popular among the men at Camp Gordon. He has been a member of Company K of the 325th infantry regiment since coming to Camp Gordon, and was well on the road to a non-commissioned office.

MANY ENTERTAINMENTS AT GORDON THIS WEEK

Attractive Programs at All of the Units and at Auditorium for Every Night.

Entertainment for members of the division at Camp Gordon will be provided publicity by the Y. units over the reservation during this week.

Tuesday night's attractions at the camp will be topped by the concert of the 320th Field artillery band at the big auditorium. Lieutenant Mason Douglas, insurance officer, will deliver addresses at units 149 and 150 on the same night, while Mrs. Charles Carroll and her Atlanta party of entertainers will appear at units 153 and 155.

Miss Griffith and her party, Kimsey and E. G. Miller will head the bills at other units, with additional movies all over the camp.

The Yaarab chanters at the auditorium Wednesday night will be the stellar attraction for that time. Mrs. Burt and Mrs. Alexander with their parties of Atlantans will supply entertainment at two other buildings, and movies will be en vogue at others.

The big Knights of Columbus chorus at building 149 will attract most men Thursday night. Miss Beyer and party at 152 and the Alliance players at 157 will be next in line, while movies and stunts will be on the bill elsewhere.

A big vaudeville by camp artists will be staged at the auditorium Friday night and a large and appreciative crowd is scheduled to attend. Miss Dixon and Miss Caroline Cobb, with their parties from Atlanta, will provide entertainment at units 155 and 156, and movies and stunts will prevail at other units.

The Decatur club at unit 156 Saturday night will be the stellar attraction for the closing night. Mrs. C. A. North and her party will entertain at 150, and stunts and movies will be shown at other buildings.

REGIMENTAL UNIT 153 HAS ACTIVE WEEK AHEAD

Unit 153, near General Swift's headquarters, has for its motto "A Bible Study Club in every Mess Hall, and an Athletic Team in Every Company." Sunday Bible Study clubs were formed in the Radio and Outpost companies of the 307th Field Signal battalion. A club will be formed next Sunday in the wireless company. Sunday and yesterday this unit was crowded with men now occupying the barrack buildings north and east of it. Long strings of drafted men from Tennessee and Camp Devens, of Massachusetts, were seen coming in and filling up the empty barracks, Saturday afternoon and even after dark Sunday. The secretaries were worked strenuously selling stamps and cards to be sent home. There is a great demand for "Trench and Camp," age of edition, not considered.

A full program of activities will be on for the week. Something every night will be arranged of an entertaining order. Movies will be planned for the first time.

This unit is badly in need of a physical director and an office assistant. Only four men are serving the men who come to this unit; however, they are glad to handle packages of the men to be sent home or issuing money orders for money to be sent home or to savings banks.

MEL TROTTER IS HERE FOR WORK AT GORDON

Rev. Mel E. Trotter, one of the most famous evangelists of America and well known in Atlanta and the south, has arrived in the city and will begin at once his work among the soldiers at Camp Gordon. Mr. Trotter has given up his evangelistic labors among the people and is devoting his time to welfare work among the army camps.

He was a guest of the Sunday party on the trip to Stone Mountain and was greeted with great cordiality by Billy Sunday, who welcomed him to Atlanta and commended his work very highly. The evangelists are old friends, and they greatly amused the crowds with them by their good-natured banter and exchange of wit.

U. S. TROOPS IN FRANCE PREPARING FOR WINTER

With the American Army in France, November 19.—(By the Associated Press.)—Preparations for winter were begun actively today by the American troops. Various units have been ordered to cease drills temporarily on account of this work. The principal tasks are found in the towns, where the soldiers are billeted in buildings which are draughty and in some cases damp. The weather has been cold and wet for the last few weeks and the troops welcome the opportunity to provide for their own comfort.

Five Million in War Insurance Taken by Camp Gordon Officers

The Campaign Begins Today Among the Enlisted Men—Lieut. Douglas, Division Insurance Officer, Explains the Government's Plan Concisely.

With a total subscription for war insurance amounting to $5,000,000, Lieutenant Mason Douglas, division insurance officer at Camp Gordon, is preparing to launch at once a monster campaign for subscriptions to insurance among the enlisted men of the 82d division.

Monday's announcement to the effect that approximately $5,000,000 in insurance policies have already been secured among about 500 officers of the division is the first that has been made by Lieutenant Douglas other than the fact that the insurance campaign was gaining amazing headway at the camp.

Blanks for subscriptions among the enlisted men of the division are now on the way to Camp Gordon, and Lieutenant Douglas states that he considers the campaign as fully begun and ready for immediate action. An intensive campaign among the men will be set on foot immediately, and indications are that the men will respond willingly to the opportunity presented them by the government insurance plan.

The following statement was given out Monday by Lieutenant Douglas in explanation of the details of the plan:

Statement of Plan.

"The passage of the war-risk insurance bill marks a splendidly humane step in behalf of the soldiers and sailors and their families. Emphasizing the importance of maintaining especial care over the homes represented by the defenders of the nation's welfare and honored, this legislation insure that care and protection in a scientific and just manner, and at the same time re-inspires and encourages the entire military service. To have their government so carefully watch over their welfare and their families' welfare strengthens the love and regard all soldiers have for this great democratic fovernment.

"To maintain the proper home standards to ensure the protection and welfare of the members of the family, to relieve the soldier of worry about his family's welfare, and to furnish elemental justice to the soldier himself—these are the fundamental ideas of the legislation.

Allotments and Allowances.

"An allotment is that amount of money which is checked against the pay of the soldier. Allotments are made for the immediate family or dependent relatives of the soldier. The duty to fight does not obviate the duty to help support the family. To the wife and children, a soldier must allot a proportion of his pay; they are his and are entitled to a portion of his pay; this class of dependents cannot be denied an allotment. The monthly compulsory allotment shall not exceed one-half pay, or be less than $15. The enlisted man may allot any portion of his pay he desires, provided he has made the compulsory allotment. Allotments to class 'B' are voluntary; this class consists of mother, father, dependent relatives.

"Allotment precedes allowance; when the man acts the government upon application also acts. The amounts paid monthly by the government are termed allowances. Since allotments may be made to two different classes, allowances may be made likewise. Allowances are governed by certain just regulations, safeguarding against fraud and punishing for perjury.

"Class A. In the case of a man to his wife (including a former wife divorced) and to his child or children:

"(1) A wife, $15.

"(2) A wife and child, $25.

"(3) A wife and two children, $32.50, with $5 per month for each additional child.

"(4) No wife, but one child, $5.

"(5) No wife, two children, $12.50.

"(6) No wife, three children, $20.

"(7) No wife, four children, $30, with $5 per month for each additional child.

"Class B. In case of a man or woman, to a grandchild, a parent, brother or sister:

"(1) One parent, $10.

"(2) Two parents, $20.

"(3) For each grandchild, brother, sister and additional parent, $5.

"In case of a woman, to a child or children:

"(1) One child, $5.

"(2) Two children, $12.50.

"(3) Three children, $20.

"(4) Four children, $30, with $5 per month for each additional child.

"The government will in no case pay out over $50 in allowances on account of one man.

"The existing gratuities and pension laws in case of death or injury are no longer applicable to persons now in or hereafter entering the service.

"Compensation is payable for death or injury suffered in line of duty. The government pays its officers and men alike without contributions from them.

In Case of Death.

"The widow, children and dependents' widowed mother of the deceased are the only persons entitled to compensation. The amounts of compensation are fixed.

"(a) For a widow alone, $25.

"(b) For a widow and one child, $35.

"(c) For a widow and two children, $47.50, with $5 for each additional child up to two.

"(d) If there be no widow, then for one child, $20.

"(e) For two children, $30.

"(f) For three children, $40, with $5 for each additional child up to two.

"(g) For a widowed mother, $20. The amount so payable shall not be greater than a sum sufficient to make the total amount payable to the widow and children equal $75.

"Compensation to a widow or widowed mother shall continue until death or remarriage; to a child until the age of 18 is reached or marriage occurs.

In Case of Total Disability.

"During the continuance of total disability, monthly compensation shall be paid to the injured person.

"(a) If he has neither wife or child living, $30.

"(b) If he has a wife, but no child living, $45.

"(c) If he has a wife and one child living, $55.

"(d) If he has a wife and two children living, $65.

"(e) If he has a wife and three or more children living, $75.

"(f) If he has no wife, but one child living, $40, with $10 for each additional child up to two.

"(g) If he has a widowed mother dependent upon him for support, then, in addition to the above amounts, $10. For total disability, and in addition helplessness, $20 is allowed monthly; for certain conditions such as the loss of both hands or both eyes or both feet, $100 per month will be paid.

"Surgical attendance, medicine, bandages and appliances will be furnished; burial allowances up to $100 will be made in case of death.

"Compensation is not assignable, and is exempt from attachment; it ceases upon the remarriage of the widow.

"Re-education courses will be provided, and the disabled will be required to take the courses.

Insurance.

"Inusurance against death or permanent total disability is available to every officer and enlisted man in the army and the navy. The insurance is called 'term' insurance, and all premiums are payable monthly. These premiums are very low, ranging from 63 cents per thousand at the age of 15 years to $3.35 per thousand at the age of 65 years.

"Insurance must be in multiple of $500, and not less than $1,000; the maximum amount available is $10,000. It must be applied for by February 12, 1918 by those in the service at the passage of the law, and within 120 days for those entering the service now or later.

"The premiums may be paid by checking against the monthly pay, by check, or otherwise. Premiums are to be paid at the end of the month.

"The policy matures upon the total disability of the insured or upon his death. In case of disability the monthly installments are paid to the disabled person; in case of his death, to the designated beneficiaries.

"The class of beneficaries is limited. It is not intended to enrich estates, but rather to provide for the welfare of the wife, children, mother, father, brother, sister, grandparents. The policy is paid in monthly installments for 240 months; this guarantees a wise protection of the beneficaries for a long period.

"Insurance is not assignable or attachable; the beneficiaries may be changed at any time, and the amounts may be reduced or added to any time within the limits provided.

"No medical examination is required. Within five years after the war the policy, if carried, must be converted into any one of the usual forms of ordinary insurance; the rates will be correspondingly low and the insurance is still carried by the government.

"A man 21 years old will pay, on a $10,000 policy, $6.50 monthly; age 22, $6.50 monthly; age 25, $6.60 monthly; age 30, $6.90 monthly; age 32, $7.10 monthly; age 35, $7.40 monthly; age 40, $8.10 monthly; thus the premium rates vary with age. The policy dies automatically upon failure to pay the premium.

"A policy for $1,000 will pay $5.75 per month.

"A policy for $5,000 will pay $28.75 per month.

"A policy for $6,500 will pay $37.38 per month.

"A policy for $8,500 will pay $48.88 per month.

"A policy for $10,000 will pay $57.50 per month.

"Thus it is seen that the monthly installments payable upon maturity of the policy, vary with the amounts of the policy.

"It is expected that practically every man will avail himself of the protection afforded by this governmental insurance. The plan is wonderfully balanced and the rates within the reach of every man. Men usually provide against the inevitable; and in order to protect themselves and their families, every man will be solicited to take out this insurance.

"Although, no country has ever provided so wisely and justly for its soldiers and sailors, their families and dependents, and this measure should re-inspire every man and woman with love and esteem for our government."

The National Army Receiving Station Moved to Depot Brigade Headquarters

Various Officers Who Were Detailed to Duty There Have Been Ordered to Report Back to Their Original Commands in the 82d Division.

In pursuit of orders yesterday issued by officials of the 82d division, all officers who have been detailed for duty at the receiving station reported to their original organizations, and the receiving station itself will be moved today from its present location at the big auditorium on the Peachtree road to the quarters of the 157th depot brigade, in Block K, on the east side of the camp.

Colonel Frederick S. L. Price, receiving officer, was instructed to immediately report to General Erwin, commander of the depot brigade, in regard to the transfer of the reciving station to its new location.

Captain B. Castle, in charge of the first relief at the receiving station, who has been there since September 5, and who received the first man arriving at the camp, was ordered to the 325th infantry regiment. Captain Castle assigned the first man at the camp to this organization.

Captain Mell Smith, who was also on duty at the receiving station, has recently been made assistant to the division adjutant, and Captains Cleveland, Ryman and Beaber, also stationed at the station for the past several weeks, will report to their original commands. All the line and quartermaster lieutenants previously on duty at the station will immediately report to their organizations for further assignments.

In the future all selectmen will be escorted by guides to the new receiving station at the depot brigade headquarters. Here Lieutenant Colonel Price will attend to their assignment to the various organizations of the camp. It is understood that there are only two more trains to arrive at the camp from the northern and eastern camps before the full quota of the Georgia camp is attained. These will not come in until the end of the week, and the arrival of selectmen from three southern states will be the only routine work for the new receiving officers.

Three Hundred Soldiers Enjoy Informal Evening at the Rotary Soldiers' Club

There was an informal soldiers' party at the Rotary Soldiers' club in the Healey building Saturday evening, and three hundred or more of the men in khaki found a brand of Georgia hospitality that they had not even dared to hope for. Miss Buckmaster, who is doing a wonderful work for these men in this institution that she has made successful, had provided, through the generosity of the Winecoff hotel, coffee for all the men in uniform who might drop in, and the Stone company sent down cake. Thus, with coffee and cake and a piano and a victrola and a few ladies to make the men feel cheerful and welcome, the evening was one not soon to be forgotten by the boys who were fortunate enough to drop in. And then—

Rube Allyn, the inimitable, was there.

And Allyn is one of those newspaper men who has the happy faculty of shedding sunshine at every point of the compas, like the diamond that is kissed by the noonday sun; and Allyn kept the boys laughing and at ease.

It was a great party for the soldiers, and was the beginning of a series to be given Saturday evenings for the benefit of those men who may be in Atlanta on leaves of absence.

SOME OF THE KHAKI MEN AT THE SOLDIER PARTY

By Rube Allyn.

The boys early discovered that this was no formal occasion, and when Jack Hardwick sneaked up on the piano and commenced to manhandle it, the lads just naturally drifted around, and every sheet of music in the place was made to stand up and take what was coming to it. Some dear heart sent in a full-throated parrot that has been associating with a menagerie, a bughouse and a kindergarten, and when the classic melodies escaped from the throats of the brave knights the parrot was not slow in taking a Wagnerian crack at it, too, and the ensuing laughter ruined a letter Sanders O. McCready, of the 326th ambulance corps, formerly of Saltville, Va., was writing to his dream wife in the old home burg. He had squeezed a tear out to where it was about to drop on the place he had marked on the letter, when the chorus broke loose:

He lost the tear.

"It's no use," he complained, "a fellow can't get a chance to turn out a good sob letter to his 'hon' in this town. He can't stop laughing long enough."

So he started another one like this:

"Say, Girlie, I wish you were here. I'm having the time of my life—"

* * * *

Ben Newman was there, and he says it was the nicest free-and-easy, make-yourself-at-home-boys party he has been to since he left that dear old Sandusky, Ohio, known by archaeologists as the place near Kelly's island, where the lime comes from. Ben is in Company B, 307th ammunition train, and blushingly acknowledges that before he was elevated to the dignified position of a soldier he was a mere youth in a gilded cage, the son of wealthy but honest parents, who permitted him to have all the coin of the realm and such pursuits as fancy dictated. Notwithstanding all these home opportunities, nothing in Sandusky had ever lured him from the narrow path, his worst bad habit when crawling out of the warm home couch of down into the warrior's tent in the midst of all outdoors was a clever habit of letting George do it. After a career in the army of several months he has succeeded in learning to smoke cigarettes and maybe swear a bit, but declares he was born a prohibitionist, and he's going to die one. Ben is one of many soldiers who is going to prove an American soldier can be a clean-living, wholesome gentleman, worthy of his country, without acquiring vicious habits.

* * * *

Then Sergeant N. Stevenson, packtain inspector, auxiliary remount depot No. 2, was there with his rare and radiant smile capping a shoulder and chest ensemble of manly proportions which is the despair of the less favored and the delight f the ladies. Sergeant Stevenson says he never can quite understand why he is moved so frequently from post to post as an instructor. He modestly denies it can be altogether because of his exceptional skill. The sergeant says, however, that, while he has been in nearly every army post and cantonment from Texas to Georgia, the Rotary Soldiers' Club of Atlanta is the only place of the kind he has found, and he avers the soldiers will never forget the kindly hospitality enjoyed there, and he also suggests that the Rotarians allow the "Little Mother" of the Atlanta club to show the Rotarians in other cities how it is done.

Miss Buckmaster was assisted by her sister, Mrs. C. L. Bovard, Mrs. T. G. Goodwin and Mrs. A. D. Moody in serving, while Professor Gerard-Thiers played the part of Paterfamilias to a smiling perfection.

GOV. EDGE REVIEWS TROOPS AT M'CLELLAN

Anniston, Ala., November 19.—(Special.)—A brilliant military pageant was staged this morning on the big athletic field at Camp McClellan, when 27,000 men of the blue and gray division, in heavy marching order, passed in review before Governor Walter Evans Edge, of New Jersey, and Generals W. C. Rafferty, Charles D. Gaither and Charles W. Barber with their respective staffs.

Led by the hardened soldiers of the Fifty-seventh infantry brigade, the division marched in company front, and the review was an inspiring spectacle.

Governor Edge was the center of attraction at a big outdoor reception held on Y. M. C. A. hill at the camp Sunday afternoon and thousands and thousands of officers and men from the five states encamped here took advantage of the opportunity to greet the visiting executive.

Governor Emerson C. Harrington, of Maryland, left this morning for Annapolis after spending a week here.

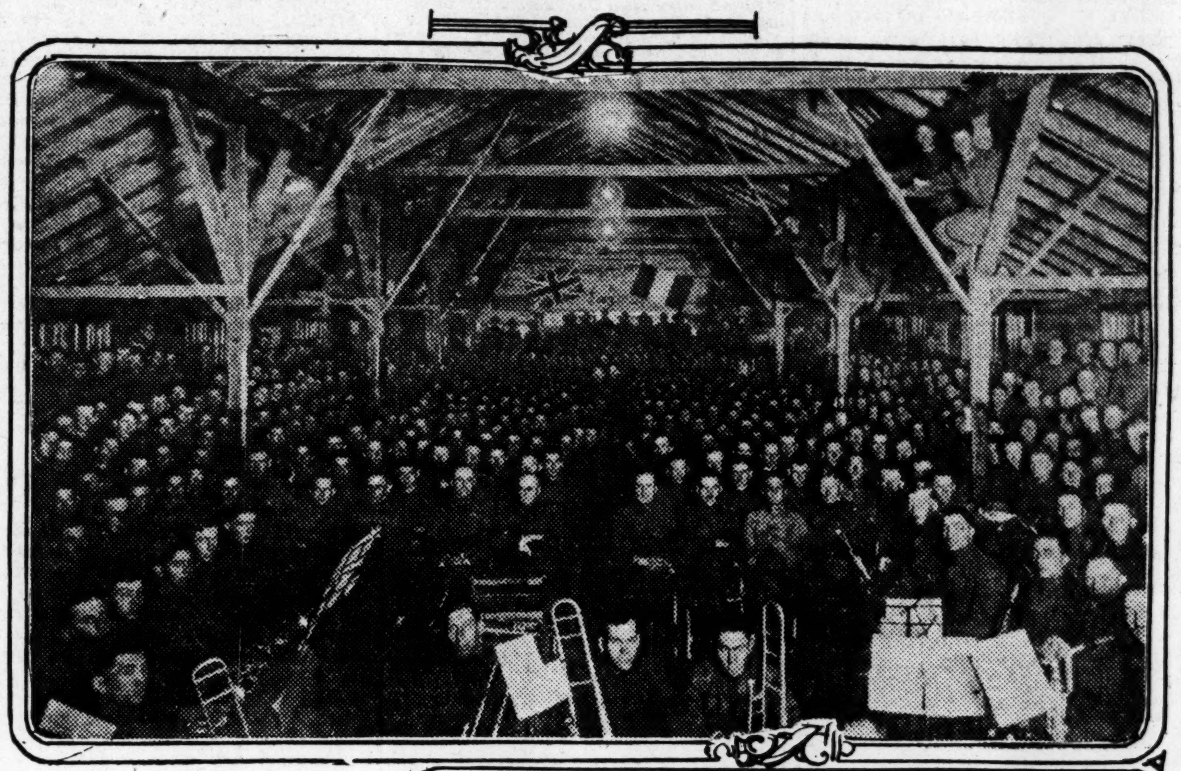
Both the visiting governors have been elaborately entertained during their stay in the city.

TROOPS IN REVIEW AT CAMP WHEELER

Macon, Ga., November 19.—The Dixie division stationed at Camp Wheeler and composed exclusively of troops from Georgia and Florida, passed in review today before the four daughters of the late General Joseph E. Wheeler, C. S. A. and U. S. A.

Thousands of people from Macon and the surrounding country were present when the troops marched by. The ladies in whose honor the review was given by General Hayden are Miss Lucy Wheeler, Miss Ann Wheeler, Mrs. Gordon Buck and Mrs. William J. Harris.

NIGHT SCENES AT CAMP GORDON



Above, scene in the Y. M. C. A. unit 157 at a concert given by the soldier talent, headed by the field artillery band. Colonel Deems and other officers occupy the front seats. Every nook and corner, even the rafters filled with men. Concerts similar to this are given every evening in some of the many Y. M. C. A. units in the camp. Every building has something going to entertain and instruct the men of the division seven nights in every week. The scene below is one of the scores of French classes under the general direction of Professor Souby, the Y educational director at Camp Gordon. This particular class is being taught by Miss Dorothy Moran, one of a score or more of Atlanta teachers who have volunteered in this great work.

Talmud's Dictum Makes This Pacifist Eager For Fight, and He Is Now at Gordon

"The law of the land comes first."

This Talmudic dictum held true when Williamsburg's "general," Isidore Cohn, took his place in the ranks of the national army at Camp Upton, Yaphank, and it holds good today, as the same Isidore Cohn does police duty in the kitchen of company A, 320th machine gun battalion, at Camp Gordon.

At the beginning the "General" maintained that in view of the fact that a certain tribe of the old Jewish races known as "Kohans" are forbidden to view the body of a dead person, at least 80,000 of his co-religionists are entitled to exemption from military service. Incidentally, he informed the members of his local board, No. 34, that he, too, came under this ruling. But exemption was refused him.

"Are you a Quaker?" he was asked. "We have never heard of your 'Kohans.'" Exemption refused. "General" Cohn offered to become a Quaker on the spot, but to no avail.

From local to district board went Cohn. Judge Hughes and his colleagues were puzzled. They learned that Cohn's claim was founded on fact, but Washington had failed to make any provision in the matter. So to General Crowder and from him to President Wilson the papers were sent. The president decided against Cohn and his sect. In the meantime Williamsburg's claimant was called and sent to Yaphank and from Yaphank to Camp Gordon.

Now Cohn says:

"The meals here are as good as I could get at any hotel and even for my appetite, I get enough. Rest assured that Kohan or no Kohan, I will do my part.

"And if it should come that I have to go to France, you can gamble your life I won't come back until I sell the kaiser a Liberty bond and make him sing 'the Star Spangled Banner.'"

There is no more loyal man at Camp Gordon today than Isidore Cohn. He is not only doing his part as a soldier—ready to bleed and die for his country if need be—but he is doing his bit, too, in chasing the army blues out of the camp and his voice is heard from one end of the camp to the other in songs and jokes, assisting in establishing the thousands of soldiers whose only homes now are the army barracks.

CAMP POEMS

IN FUTURITY

By Arthur F. Jones, Camp Gordon.

The night of Dreams is past and in its stead
The day of Action with untold demands
Bestrides the honor, duty, justice's sense
Of him who has the might to rise and fight!
Shall he that is in manhood's golden prime,
Because his years fell not within the lot,
Or he who by the flitting wing of chance
Remains afar, unyielding to the Call—
Can they, with face of frankness, front the scorn
A nation in the future wills to ask:
"And where were you the time your country strove
That God's and nations' freedom be on earth?"
Regrets are but the end of steps misplaced;
The firmness of man's footing is his path:
To lift him to the stars' eternal light
Or lower him to the sewer's dripping waste,
Oh, hear! oh, hear the war drums' solid roar,
And on beyond your country's armored voice:
"My children, come! I ask of you this once
That wars shall cease—and after this no more."
Why linger you and hesitate this long?—
Weep you to part from those by you beloved?
Remember, 'tis for them you find your place
To fight, to win, aligned with aid of God.
Dread you to give the sacrifice supreme?
Fear you in war your earthly life shall pass?
Why seek into a future all unknown
Or revel in the horrors that are past?
For life is but a struggling, gasping thing
That's floated here and there by streams undelved,
'Tis better that the tears of few should dim
That future's destiny should be of peace.
Sleep you with conscience easy, quite at rest?
If so, know only now this is the truth:
That he who in the present shifts his task
Will in the future rack beneath the blows
A world's contumely unrestrained shall heap.
Your country pleads—in answer build your soul
A base stone for her warring, structural strength;
Away the waves of hesitation beat;
Your best with willing spirit rush to give,
With heart that's eager, dauntless, unafraid.

THO WEATERS AT THE CAMP

They Wood, Come Fro ss, and Will W n Soldiers.

Coinci first fall of winter rain by a slight chill that be approach of cold weather, ss sweaters made especially of the Eighty-second division yesterday arriv at Camp Gordon and wer the big association ware son avenue.

Field I. Flagler, at the head of ordon Red Cross, states th ers came to the reservatio division warehouse at also adds that more are as fast as they can be kn men all over the country, ged in the work of keepin arm.

The sw Monday are of the regula ab yarn and are made with ves. In all respects they n garments and will provi comfort to their wearers.

Just whe distributed has not yet bee by the authorities at the ay will be given out among soon as systematic arra ng this line can be made.

"We are to put sweaters on the enti states Director Flagler, " ng to be some job and it me time. The sweaters w ted as soon as we can pos em out to the men. We ving our first shipments plies that will render com nd injured soldiers."

rs.

Washingto 19.—(Special.) Lieutenant old W. Huntley, field ational army, upon being n present duties, will pr p Gordon.

Captain hman, medical reserve corp from duty at Camp Wheel will proceed to Fort Ogletho

First Lieute Cowin, medical reserve c from duty at Camp Green ll proceed to Petersburg, te, that place for temporar the base hospital.

First Lieute tard Taylor, medical reser eved of duty at St. Elizab al, this city, and will proc

Second Lieu nce G. Campbell, quarter national army, relieve duty at Camp Gordon eed to Camp Shelby, Hattie

Second Lieu W. Ballard, quartermaster al army, assigned to the ice and will proceed to Ca

First Lieute ng C. Field, medical reser lieved from duty at army d to this city, and will proce

First Lieute A. E. Peterson, medical r state hospital, Allentow igned active duty and will Atlanta.

First Lieuten k F. Lester, from medical ining camp, Camp Greenle ellan, Anniston, Ala., T division.

First Lieuten McClary third medical tr from Camp Greenleaf, Georg p Sheridan, Montgomery, A

First Lieuten Evans, from Fort Riley, to C k.

CONSTITU WING AROUND R CITY

Yesterday's co as a sort of warning that ar at hand, and, if so, the t prepared for it. Winter is going to be issued in days, and, as most of the s eady uniformed for wint will be in a position to k and comfortable.

First Lieutena A. Wanenmacher, a nation plain, has arrived at Camp has been assigned to the ey. Lieutenant Wanenma Catholic priest.

Lewis R. Vaug r Atlanta boy and an emplo ontinental Gin company, has position of serge s, with duties under the gnal officer. Sergeant Va previously assigned for duty tion as statistical officer.

Photographers re henceforth to secure au the publicity department departments before they tures at Camp Gordon. pplies to civilians as well a ter getting the authority ar department they mus their permits within fifteen division headquarters and al pass, and then must sub of photographs for censors

Paving of Candl side the camp is going on a te. The rock foundation ha ed, and tar and gravel wil at once in the event that nditions allow.

Ticket offices, nt's offices and quarters en with duties in the audito ing constructed in the rear building on the Peachtree ro s have been at work there several days and constructi rapidly nearing an end.

The concert to be nesday night at the auditori hanters of Atlanta Yaarab hriners is a much-talked-of camp. Indications are that ill be in attendance.

The campaign agai nds at Camp Gordon is bein Colonel Ely, of the militar Chief Mathieson, of the co with good results. There ecently a perceptible slow-do traffic along the thoroughfa

Several hundred ap or entrance to the third tra reservation have ceived by officials of the however, no steps ha n who determine the identity who will constitute its stu

Two more trains to arrive at Camp Gordon big army transfer from the to the south is finally These will arrive the end of t

Another army chapl ted to arrive at the reservati day, according to anno cers yesterday. He wil by be assigned to an organi his arrival at the camp.

Soldier Killed

Greenville, S. C., 19.—William A. Dallard, pri B, 115th field artillery, ally killed yesterday by an while engaged in sign had climbed on a pole touched a power trans

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Cotton Deliveries Make New High Season Records

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, November 19.—(Special.)—Today's markets made new high levels for the season, but cotton apparently was for sale on the bulges, no weakness developed and a strong undertone existed during practically the entire session. Higher prices apparently will be witnessed in the near future, but we advise caution at present levels, as the market will be subject to political influences and war news, particularly from Italy. On sharp reactions we suggest conservative purchases.

JOHNSTON, STORM & CO.

New York, November 19.—(Special.)—Low crop estimates and firm southern markets brought new buyers to the market, carrying prices to the highest point of the season. The purchase of sea island cotton by the government, while not directly affecting the distribution of the larger crop of medium staples, was accepted as an indication of the demand for cotton for other purposes than those for which it has been ordinarily used. It was a concrete illustration of this fact which brought this new buying to absorb the realizing orders which had been placed at about the highest prices of the year. There also was some selling by local traders on the idea of the reaction from these high levels, but the market was steady with a reaction to the opening prices.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

New York, November 19.—(Special.)—The more favorable political situation over Sunday encouraged buying principally for domestic and foreign trade interests. While the market throughout the day was quiet, the unertone remained firm. Buying orders at the close had the effect of closing prices approximately 40 points higher than Saturday. Spot markets continue strong. Exports today were 40,687 bales.

J. W. JAY & CO.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS ON COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

NOVEMBER—	Bid.	Asked.
Crude oil, prime basis	$ 1.23	$ 1.26
Cotton seed cake, sound, loose, S. S. Savannah	.....	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	46.50	47.00
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent Georgia common rate point	45.75	46.25
Cotton seed hulls, loose	17.00	18.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	20.50	22.00
Linters, first cut, high grade	.....	.....
Linters, clean, mill run	.05	.05½
DECEMBER—		
Crude oil, prime basis	1.23	1.26
Cotton seed cake, round, loose, S. S. Savannah	.....	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	46.50	47.00
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent Georgia common rate point	45.75	46.25
Cotton seed hulls, loose	17.00	18.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	20.50	22.00
Linters, first cut, high grade	.....	.....
Linters, clean, mill run	.05	.05½

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, November 19.—Further tenders on contract and continued dullness in trade circles induced scattered liquidation in cotton oil today and an easier market was the result. January sold at 18.15 and closed at 18.10. Final bids were 15 points lower to 10 points net higher. Tenders 500 barrels. Sales, 5,300 barrels. Prime crude, 16.67, nominal. Futures ranged as follows:

	Open.	Close.
Spots	....	18.00 bid
November	18.00@18.60	18.10@18.20
December	18.00@18.50	18.10@18.25
January	18.10@18.15	18.10@18.15
February	18.05 bid	18.05 bid
March	18.05@18.20	18.10@18.17
April	18.60 asked	18.50 asked
May	19.00 asked	19.00 asked

Tone quiet; sales, 5,300.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, November 19.—Cotton, spot quiet; prices easier; good middling, 22.47; middling, 21.95; low middling, 21.42; good ordinary, 20.42; ordinary, 19.90. Sales, 3,000 bales, including 2,500 American. Receipts, 3,000 bales, no American. Futures ranged as follows:

	Opening Range.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	22.34	22.30	22.14
February	.....	22.25	22.11
March	22.23	22.21	22.09
April	.....	22.19	22.07

Commodities in New York.

New York, November 19.—Flour, quiet and steady.

Pork, steady; mess, $47.50@48.00.

Lard, easy; middle west spot, $28.10@28.20.

Sugar, raw, dull; centrifugal, 96-test, 6.90; molasses, 89-test, 6.02; refined, dull; cut loaf, granulated, 8.35.

Coffee, Rio No. 7, on spot, 7⅝c.

Tallow, strong; specials, 17½@16¾c.

Hay, firm; No. 1, $1.70@1.80; No. 3, $1.50@1.55; clover, $1.30@2.62½.

Sugar.

New York, November 19.—There were no sales in raw sugar and no change in prices which reman at 5⅞c, cost and freight, equal to 6.90 for centrifugal and 6.02 for molasses. No price was officially named for next year's Cuban crop and today's Havana advices, intimating that Cuban sugar interests will stand out for a higher price than the American food administration is willing to offer, further complicates the situation.

The refined market continues unchanged at 8.35 for fine granulated with business still light owing to the scarcity of supplies.

Provisions.

Chicago, November 19.—Cash:
Pork, nominal.
Lard, $27.37@27.40.
Ribs, nominal.

FATAL AUTO SMASH.

Youth Is Killed at Eatonton When Car Strikes Pole.

Eatonton, Ga., November 19.—(Special.)—Sunday afternoon there occurred Eatonton's first automobile accident where occupants of the car were killed. Loyal Nelson and Hugh Walker, two young men about 17 years old, has just started out. Just as they were leaving town, in front of the home of Mrs. Joseph S. Turner, they had two blow-outs. The car swerved and ran into two road sign-posts and also a telegraph pole, completely demolishing the car. Hugh Walker was thrown through the wind-shield and suffered several severe blows on the head and face. His leg was also injured. At first he was thought to be seriously injured, but later reports from his bedside are more encouraging.

Loyal Nelson was thrown violently against the telegraph pole and had a blow at the base of the skull. The family from the Turner home rushed to their aid and carried the young men into their home. Young Nelson died a few minutes after the accident. He was the only son of Herschel Nelson and was very popular. He is survived by his father and five sisters, Mrs. Barnes of Jackson, Mrs. Legare Perryman of Macon, Mrs. Byron Haizlip of Milledgeville, Mrs. Will Wallace and Mrs. Johnnie Hargrove of Eatonton. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon, and the interment will be at Harmony church, which was the former home of the Nelsons.

DRY LAW VIOLATORS GET HEAVY SENTENCES

Columbus, Ga., November 19.—On the convening of Muscogee superior court today Judge G. H. Howard announced that heavier punishment would be meted out to violators of the prohibition law.

Glenn Goodman was fined $750 on this charge and sentenced to twelve months on the chain gang, the chain gang sentence to be suspended during good behavior. M. M. Grant, who pleaded guilty to the same charge, was fined $300 and sentenced to twelve months on the chain gang, the chain gang sentence to be suspended during good behavior.

Market Opened Firm With Strong Covering Movement--Liberal Exports and Moderate Southern Selling Factors.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Closing Bid.
December	28.25	28.67	28.25	28.60
January	27.70	27.95	27.70	27.91
March	27.58	27.68	27.48	27.63
May	27.50	27.56	27.38	27.49
July	27.25	27.30	27.11	27.25

Closed firm.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Closing Bid.
December	27.47	27.63	27.38	27.52
January	26.78	27.00	26.77	26.96
March	26.77	26.86	26.67	26.78
May	26.70	26.75	26.55	26.65
July	26.50	26.63	26.43	26.51

Closed steady.

New York, November 19.—The cotton market showed continued strength today with all deliveries making new high records for the season. January contracts sold at 27.95, fully $4 per bale above the low price touched on the break of Friday, and 47 points above Saturday's final quotation. That delivery closed at 27.91, with the general list closing firm at a net advance of 36 to 49 points.

The market opened firm at an advance of 25 to 38 points on trade buying of near months and a renewal of the covering movement which had been in progres on Saturday. Liverpool was also a good buyer, and the initial advance carried prices up to 28.67 for December and 27.68 for March, or about 40 to 50 points net higher. Offerings increased at this level. In adition to realizing, attracted by the new high prices, there also appeared to be some southern selling, while the demand from trade sources tapered off. The buying appeared again, however, on reactions of some 15 to 20 points from the best, with the market showing renewed strength and recovering to about the high point of the morning and the late afternoon. The liberal exports for the day and the very moderate volume of southern selling were factors in the late advance, which sentiment may also have been influenced by the strong tone of the stock market. It was reported early that members of the Memphis Cotton Exchange estimate the crop at 10,732,000 bales on the average. Later it was rumored that preliminary returns to a southern authority indicate da yield of 11,147,000 bales, both figures being exclusive of linters. The trade buying here was accompanied by reports that domestic manufacturers were buying hedges against sales of heavy goods to the government.

Spot cotton quiet; middling 30.10. Total sales 402,700.

MODERATE ADVANCE FOR NEW ORLEANS

New Orleans, November 19.—The cotton market here stood at a moderate advance throughout the session today, being stimulated to higher levels by a demand which was insistent in the early trading, but which tapered off later. Around the middle of the day irregularity developed, December losing all its gain, while other months were still at a net advance. The close was 14 to 32 points higher than Saturday's final figures.

The business of the day opened with considerable vim, trading being snappy and buyers unable to fill their wants except by constantly bidding the market up. Floor comment was that trade interests were furnishing the greater part of the demand. The market was soon 25 to 37 points up. At this level considerable realizing by longs was met and a partial reaction ensued, December showing the widest downward movement, but not going to a net decline. On this reaction other active months still remained about 5 points up.

In the afternoon there was less business and the market, to all appearances, was waiting on the pending bureau report on ginning. The undertone continued steady because of good spot accounts and the continued large export movement, foreign shipments from all ports today amounting to nearly 54,000 bales.

COTTON MOVEMENT.

ATLANTA WAREHOUSE COMPANY:
Atlanta 4s, 29¼c.

ATLANTA COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE:
Atlanta 4s, 29.15c.

Receipts, 2,168 bales.
Shipments, 1,969 bales.
Stock, 35,594 bales.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling 28.00; receipts 4,659; exports 2,502; sales 2,851; stock 250,019.

Galveston—Middling 28.20; receipts 10,679; sales 700; stock 265,420.

Mobile—Middling 28.50; receipts 642; sales 154; stock 23,612.

Savannah—Middling 28.25; receipts 7,539; exports 31,237; sales 1,862; stock 237,811.

Charleston—Receipts 2,389; stock 52,185.

Wilmington—Receipts 1,025; exports 9,450; stock 46,134.

Texas City—Stock 10,813.

Norfolk—Middling 28.50; receipts 306; sales 487; stock 61,952.

Baltimore—Stock 27,119.

Boston—Middling 29.60; receipts 735; stock 8,800.

Philadelphia—Middling 30.35; receipts 115; stock 6,687.

New York—Middling 30.10; receipts 184; stock 103,749.

Minor ports—Receipts 10,115; exports 10,309; stock 25,894.

Total today—Receipts 14,388; exports 53,498; stock 1,120,195.

Total for week—Receipts 67,369; exports 59,056.

Total for season—Receipts 2,527,024; exports 1,604,806.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 28.10; receipts 14,358; shipments 10,402; sales 6,425; stock 193,326.

Memphis—Middling 29.00; receipts 13,109; shipments 6,761; sales 750; stock 190,873.

Augusta—Middling 28.56; receipts 4,099; shipments 1,294; sales 911; stock 131,317.

St. Louis—Middling 29.00; receipts 5,864; shipments 5,310; stock 5,327.

Cincinnati—Receipts 188; shipments 120; stock 16,354.

Little Rock—Middling 28.38; receipts 3,187; shipments 776; sales 776; stock 39,287.

Dallas—Middling 27.70; sales 2,785.

Montgomery—Middling 28.50; sales 192.

Total today—Receipts 40,805; shipments 24,663; stock 576,484.

Comparative Port Receipts.

	Last Year.	Monday.
Galveston	10,485	10,679
New Orleans	7,612	4,659
Mobile	255	642
Savannah	4,577	7,539
Charleston	1,623	2,389
Wilmington	894	1,025
Norfolk	7,522	306
New York	85	184
Boston	715	735
Philadelphia	105	115
Pacific ports	.....	10,115
Total all ports	44,459	38,388

Daily Interior receipts.

	Last Year.	Monday.
Augusta	2,287	4,099
Memphis	10,096	13,109
St. Louis	3,859	5,864
Cincinnati	2,375	188
Houston	9,507	14,358
Little Rock	1,990	3,187

STOCKS IMPROVED TOWARD THE CLOSE

Listless Day's Trading Is Marked by Inexplicable Strength Towards the Close.

New York, November 19.—A sudden and inexplicable change for the better came over the stock market toward the end of today's trading after more than four hours of listlessness and irregular price changes. Final dealings were characterized by an outburst of activity, in which leading shares were carried 2 to 4 points over lowest levels of the day.

There were no known developments to account for the movement, but the character of the buying, which naturally included considerable short covering, suggested early and favorable news in the railroad rate situation.

Union Pacific featured the rails and United States Steel the industrials, the former jumping at half-point gains from 112¾ to 116¼. Steel was taken in large lots at a steady rise from 92¼ to 95⅛, closing at its best ,a net gain of 3¼ points. The turmoil in the last 30 minutes aggregated almost 25 per cent of the day's total. Between 11 and 12 o'clock dealings barely reached 100,000 shares, the three periods being marked by the most complete stagnation of the year.

In the morning and during the intermediate session the only noteworthy features were of a depressing nature. Delaware and Hudson dropped 4¼ points to 87, its minimum of many years. Pennsylvania's fractional recession to 46½ represented the lowest quotation for that stock in over a generation. Italian exchange recorded a further collapse, and Liberty 4s fell to a discount of 3 per cent.

These adverse conditions were largely rectified in the rally at the close, although the bond market shared only slightly in the improvement manifested elsewhere. Sales amounted to 420,000 shares.

Liberty 4s varied from 98.24 to 97, closing at 97.50. The 3½s ranged from 99.80 to 99.02, closing at 99.20.

Total sales of bonds (par value) aggregated $4,325,000.

United States bonds (old issues) were unchanged on call.

Stocks in New York.

STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	71⅞	71½	71⅞	69⅝
Am. Can	34	33¼	34	33
Am. Car and Fdry.	63⅞	63	63½	63½
Am. Locomotive	52⅝	52	52⅝	51½
Am. Smelt. and Rfg.	73¼	72⅛	73¼	72⅛
Am. Sugar	93½	93½	93½	92⅞
Anaconda Copper	56⅝	55⅝	56⅝	55¼
Atchison	85⅝	84	85⅝	84
Atlantic Coast Line	....	....	92	92
Am. Tel. and Tel.	108¼	106	108¼	107
Bald'n Locomotive	68⅝	57	58¼	56⅞
B. and O.	51⅝	51	51⅝	50¼
Beth'm Steel "B"	79⅝	78⅝	79⅝	78⅝
Canadian Pacific	134	130⅞	133½	131½
Central Leather	62⅝	61⅝	62½	61⅝
Chesp'e and Ohio	48	46¼	48	47
Chi., Mil. and St. P.	38½	37¼	38½	37
Chi., R. I. and Pac.	18⅝	17¾	18⅝	17⅞
Col. Fuel and Iron	....	....	32	32
Col. G. and Elc.	30⅝	28⅞	30⅝	27⅞
Corn Products	27⅜	26⅜	27⅜	25⅞
Crucible Steel	54	53¼	53⅞	52⅞
Cuba Cane Sugar	27½	27	27¼	26
Erie	14⅞	14	14⅞	14
General Electric	130	129	129	128½
General Motors	89⅜	88	89⅛	87⅝
G. Northern, pfd.	92	89⅞	92	90⅜
G. North. Ore Ctfs.	25	24½	25	24½
Gulf States Steel	84	82¼	84	81¼
Illinois Central	....	....	94	94½
Inspiration Copper	42	41	42	40⅞
Int. Mer. Marine	25¼	24⅝	25	24⅞
do. pfd.	94	92⅞	93⅝	92⅝
International Nickel	26⅛	25¼	26⅛	25¼
International Paper	20½	20½	20½	20
Kennecott Copper	32	30⅞	32	30⅝
L. and N.	113⅝	113	113⅝	112⅝
Maxwell Motors	24⅜	24	24	24½
Mexican Petroleum	76	74¾	76	74½
Midvale Steel	43⅜	42¾	43⅜	43
Missouri Pacific	23	21¾	23	21¾
Nevada Consolidated	17	16⅜	16⅝	16¼
N. Y. Central	70¾	68½	70½	68⅜
N. Y., N. H. and H.	25¾	24¼	25¾	25
N. and W.	103	102	103	102
Northern Pacific	86¼	84	86¼	84
Ohio Cities Gas	36	34½	36	34⅝
Pennsylvania	47¾	46½	[illegible]	47¼
Pittsburg Coal	42½	41	[illegible]	40⅞
Ray Consol. Copper	22	21¾	[illegible]	21¾
Reading	71	67	[illegible]	67¾
Rep. Iron and Steel	72½	70⅝	72¾	70¼
Seaboard Air Line	9¼	9¼	9¼	8½
do. pfd.	....	....	18¼	17⅞
Sinclair O. and Rfg.	29⅞	29¼	29¼	29
Sloss.-Shef. S. and I.	35	35	35	34
Southern Pacific	82½	81½	82½	81⅝
Southern Railway	25	23⅜	24⅜	24
do. pfd.	56½	56½	56½	56
Studebaker Corp.	40⅝	39¼	39⅝	39½
Tenn. Copper	12½	12⅜	12⅜	11⅞
Texas Co.	140	137	140	137¼
Tobacco Products	45¼	45	45¼	44½
Union Pacific	116¼	112½	116¼	112¾
United Cigar Stores	83½	83½	83½	83½
United Fruit	117¼	116½	117¼	116
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	104	101¼	104	101¼
U. S. Rubber	50½	49¼	50½	49¼
U. S. Steel	95⅛	92	95⅛	91⅞
do. pfd.	108⅜	107⅞	108	107½
Utah Copper	75½	74⅜	75½	74½
Va.-Caro. Chem.	30⅞	29⅞	30⅞	28½
Wabash pfd. "A"	41	39⅜	41	40
Westing'e Electric	38	37¼	37⅝	37⅜

Sales for the day 402,700 shares.

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s, registered, bid	96¼
do. couopn, bid	96¾
U. S. 3s, registered, bid	99
do. coupon, bid	99
U. S. Liberty 3½s	99 20-100
U. S. 4s, registered, bid	105
do. coupon, bid	105
American Foreign Securities 5s	92
American Tel. and Tel. clt 5s	93
Anglo-French 5s	89⅞
Atchison gen. 4s	83
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s, bid	82½
Baltimore and Ohio cv. 4½s	77½
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s	88
Central of Georgia Consol. 5s, ofd	88¼
Central Leather 5s	95
Chesapeake and Ohio cv. 5s	72
Chicago, B. and Q. joint 4s	93
Chi., Mil. and St. P. cv. 4½s, bid	70½
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry. ref. 4s	61½
Colorado and Southern ref. 4½s	73½
Denver and Rio Grande ref. 5s, bid	59
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931)	90
Erie gen. 4s	49
Illinois Central ref. 4s, bid	78¼
Int. Mer. Marine 6s	92
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s, bid	75
Ligget and Myers 5s, ofd.	91
Louisville and Nashville un. 4s, bid	85½
Missouri, Kan. and Texas 1st 4s	60½
Missouri Pacific gen. 4s	53
New York Central deb. ..s	94⅛
Norfolk and Western con. 4s, bid	85
Northern Pacific 4s	82
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s, bid	96½
Pennsylvania gen. 4½s, bid	90
Reading gen. 4s	83¼
Republic Iron and Steel 5s (1940), bid	93½
St. Louis and San. Fran. adj. 6s	58½
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s, bid	42½
Southern Bell Tel. 5s	92¼
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	88½
Southern Railway 5s	92⅜
do. gen. 4s	58
Texas Company cv. 6s, bid	97⅛
Texas and Pacific 1st, bid	90½
Union Pacific 4s	87
United Kingdom 5s	97¾
United States Steel 5s	98⅜
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s, bid	94¼
Wabash 1st	94

New York Financial.

New York, November 19.—Mercantile paper, 5½; sterling, 60-day bills, 4.71½; commercial, 60-day bills on banks, 4.71; commercial, 60-day bills, 4.70⅞; demand, 4.75¼; cables, 4.76 7-16.

Bar silver, 85½.

Time loans steady; 60 days, 5@5¼; 90 days, 5¼@5½; six months, 5½@5¾.

Call money strong; high, 5; low, 3¾; ruling rate, 4; closing bid, 4½; offered at 5; last loan, 5.

Francs, demand, 5.74¾; cables, 5.73½. Guilders, demand, 44½; cables, 44⅝. Lires, demand, 8.69; cables, 8.67. Rubles, demand, 13.45; cables, 12.55.

Mexican dollars, 65½.

Government bonds weak; railroad bonds weak.

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Clearings Monday, Nov. 19	$11,154,513.52
Same day last year	6,028,417.86
Increase for day	$ 5,126,095.66

London Financial.

London, November 19.—Bar silver, 43⅜d per ounce; money, 3¾ per cent. Discount rates, short bills, 4⅝ per cent; three months bills, 4¾ per cent.

Coffee.

New York, November 19.—The market for coffee futures was more active and easier today under scattering liquidation of both near and late months, while reports of an easier tone in Brazil were laso accompanied by a moderate volume of trade selling. The opening was 7 to 10 points lower with prices selling off to 6.67 for December and 7.12 for May before the end of the morning. Offerings were absorbed at this level by covering while there may have been a little fresh buying for long account at the decline, but the close showed very little improvement, being at a net loss of 12 to 15 points. December, 6.68; January, 6.78; March, 6.97; May, 7.14; July, 7.30; September, 7.47.

Spot easier; Rio sevens, 7½; Santos fours, 9¼. Offers of Santos fours were reported in the cost and freight market at 8.85 to 8.95 and of threes at 9.05 to 9.15, London credits; Rio sevens were said to have sold at 7c, Amercan credits.

The official cables reported no change in the Rio market, but showed a decline of 50 reis in Santos spots and of 125 to 150 reis in Santos futures. Brazilian port receipts, 68,000; Jundiahy receipts, 46,000.

Rice.

New Orleans, November 19.—Rough and clean rice were steady today. Receipts: Rough, 9,631 sacks; millers, 6,731; clean, 5,343 pockets. Sales: Rough, Honduras, 500 sacks; clean, Honduras, 1,549 pockets; Blue Rose, 960. Quote: Rough, Honduras, 6.00@7.65; Japan, 7.00@7.75; Blue Rose, 7.00@7.75; clean, Honduras, 7¼@8¼; Japan, 6¾@7¾; Blue Rose, 7@7⅝; polish, per ton, $48.00@50.00; bran, $33.00@36.00.

CORN IS BEARISH WITH OATS STEADY

Enlarged Supplies and Improved Quality Serve to Depress Corn—Provisions Up.

Chicago, November 19.—Enlargement of supplies together with improvement in the quality of arrivals had a bearish effect today on the corn market. Prices, although steady at the close, were ¼ to ⅞ net lower, with January $1.16⅜ to $1.16½, and May $1.15¼ to $1.15⅜. Oats finished unchanged to ¼ higher, and provisions up 2½ to 10c.

Receipts of corn here showed a liberal total for the first time in a long while, the aggregate being 417 carloads, of which 270 were new corn. Besides, the United States visible supply began to display an increase, having gained in the last week 434,000 bushels. Betterment in condition of spot offerings here was of a notable character, especially as to moisture content. Another decided handicap to the bulls a special government report which seemed to imply that the latest federal crop estimate, 3,191,000,000 bushels, did not include the worst damaged corn and therefore meant a larger percentage of good corn than traders generally had figured upon.

Some renewal of seaboard demand strengthened the oats market in the last hour. Previously, corn weakness had acted as a drag.

Provision prices were swayed by changes in the value of hogs. Most of the buying came from shorts.

Chicago Quotations.

The following were the ruling prices on the exchange Monday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
CORN—					
Dec.	1.19½	1.19¾	1.19½	1.19½	1.20
Jan.	1.17	1.17	1.16⅛	1.16½	1.17¼
May	1.15⅜	1.15½	1.14⅞	1.15⅜	1.15⅝
OATS—					
Dec.	.64½	.64¾	.64	.64¾	.64¾
May	.64½	.64⅝	.64	.64⅝	.64⅝
PORK—					
Jan.	45.00	45.07	40.77	45.07	45.05
LARD—					
Nov.	.....	.....	.....	.....	27.50
Jan.	24.27	24.40	24.27	24.40	24.37
May	.....	.....	.....	.....	23.62
RIBS—					
Jan.	24.00	24.10	23.92	24.10	24.00
May	23.55	23.70	23.55	23.65	23.53

Receipts in Chicago.

Articles.	Monday.	Estimated Tuesday.
Wheat, cars	37	92
Corn, cars	68	47
Oats, cars	193	426
Hogs, head	48,000	...

Visible Supply.

Wheat, increase	1,934,000
Corn, increase	434,000
Oats, increase	19,000

Total Visible.

Wheat, 19,564,000 vs. 71,792,000 last year.
Corn, 1,244,000 vs. 1,368,000 last year.
Oats, 18,533,000 vs. 47,790,000 last year.

Cash Grain.

Chicago, November 19.—Corn, No. 2 yellow, $2.30@2.35; No. 3 yellow, $2.32½; No. 4, yellow, nominal.

Oats—No. 3 white, 66@66¾; standard, 66½@67.

Rye—No. 2, $1.79@1.89.

Barley, $1.10@1.35.

Timothy, $5.00@7.50.

Clover, $20.00@26.00.

Kansas City, November 19.—Corn—No. 2 mixed, $2.05@2.08; No. 2 white, $1.75@2.03; No. 2 yellow, $2.15@2.20.

Oats—No. 2 white, 69; No. 2 mixed, 68@68½.

Naval Stores.

Jacksonville, Fla., November 19.—Turpentine steady, 47; sales, 200; receipts, 483; shipments, none; stock, 55,225.

Rosin firm; sales, 1,198; receipts, 1,974; shipments, 1,104; stock, 146,338.

Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, $6.25; G, H, $6.25@6.30; I, $6.27½@6.35; K, $6.60@6.65; M, $6.75; N, $7.35; window glass, $7.45@7.50; water white, $7.65.

Savannah, Ga., November 19.—Turpentine, firm, 47¼; sales, 175; receipts, 155; shipments, 316; stock, 23,361.

Rosin, firm; sales, 942; receipts, 579; shipments, 782; stock, 76,980.

Quote—B, D, E, F and G, $6.25; H, $6.30; I, $6.32½; K, $6.60; M, $6.75@6.80; N, $7.45; window glass, $7.55; water white, $7.70.

LIBERTY BONDS DROP TO NEW LOW LEVELS

4 Per Cent Issue Sells at 97. Bonds of 31-2 Issue Close to Par.

New York, November 19.—Liberty bonds of the 4 per cent issue dropped again to new low levels on the stock exchange today. A block of $100,000 par value sold at the opening at 98. The price subsequently fell to 97.66, which is lower even than the lowest point reached by the 3½s. The latter were strong today, close to par.

The liquidation of the 4 per cent bonds was heavy. Another block of $100,000 par value later sold at 97.50, a sacrifice of 2½ per cent.

Liquidation during the afternoon proceeded and one enormous block of $910,000 sold at 97.

Live Stock.

Chicago, November 19.—Hogs—Receipts, 7,000; strong. Bulk, $17.40@17.75; light, $17.10@17.65; mixed, $17.20@17.85; heavy, $17.20@17.85; rough, $17.20@17.35; pigs, $14.00@17.50.

Cattle—Receipts, 25,000; unsettled. Native steers, $7.15@16.25; western steers, $6.00@13.65; stockers and feeders, $5.85@11.50; cows and heifers, $4.70@11.85; calves, $6.50@13.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 17,000, firm. Wethers, $8.75@12.90; ewes, $7.60@11.40; lambs, $12.25@17.25.

St. Louis—November 19.—Hogs—Receipts, 9,700; strong. Lights, $17.25@17.55; pigs, $15.00@17.00; mixed and butchers, $17.30@17.60; good heavy, $17.55@17.70; bulk, $17.25@17.65.

Cattle——Receipts, 9,200; strong. Native beef steers, $8.00@16.00; yearling steers and heifers, $7.00@16.00; cows, $5.00@11.00; stockers and feeders, $6.50@11.00; Texas quarantine steers, $6.75@10.50; fair to prime southern beef steers, $9.00@12.75; beef cows and heifers, $6.00@10.00; prime yearling steers and heifers, $7.50@10.00; natvie calves, $5.75@13.25.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,600; steady. Lambs, $13.00@17.25; ewes, $10.00@11.00; wethers, $11.00@12.25; canners and choppers, $5.00@8.50.

Kansas City, November 19.—Hogs—Receipts, 8,000; lower. Bulk, $17.50@17.65; light, $17.20@17.60; pigs, 17.00@17.75.

Cattle—Receipts, 27,000; higher. Prime fed steers, $15.50@16.75; dressed beef steers, $11.00@15.00; southern steers, $6.50@11.00; cows, $4.50@10.00; heifers, $6.50@7.75; calves, $6.50@11.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,500; higher. Lambs, $16.50@17.50; yearlings, $13.00@14.00; wethers, $11.00@12.50; ewes, $10.00@11.50.

Country Produce.

New York, November 19.—Butter, firmer; receipts, 6,137; creamery, extra, 45¼@45½c; do. special market, 46@46½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 35@44c; state dairy, tubs, nominal.

Eggs, steady; receipts, 6,473; near-by white fancy, 75@80c; near-by mixed fancy, 46@55c; fresh firsts, 48@55c.

Cheese, steady; state milk, common to specials, 16@24½c; skims, common to specials, 18@20½c.

Dressed poultry quiet; turkeys, 17@32c; chickens, 20@36c; fowls, 16½@25c; ducks, 26@36c; live poultry, steady; geese, 20c; ducks, 21@23c; fowls, 21@25c; turkeys, 32@33c; roosters, 17c; chickens, broilers, 20@23½c.

Chicago, November 19.—Butter, creamery extras, 44½c; creamery firsts, 43½@44c; firsts, 39½@42c; seconds, 37½@38½c.

Eggs, ordinaries, 42@43c; firsts, 44½@45c.

Cheese, Twins, 23½@24c; Young Americas, 24¾@25¼c.

Live poultry, fowls, 16@18c; ducks, 17@19c; geese, 15@17c; springs, 18½c; turkeys, 24c.

Potatoes, Wisconsins and Minnesotas, $1.75@2.00; fancy western, $2.15.

Kansas City, November 19.—Butter, creamery, 41; firsts, 39; seconds, 37; packing, 31.

Eggs, firsts, 44; seconds, 32.

Poultry, hens, 18; roosters, 14½; broilers, 23.

Dry Goods.

New York, November 19.—Bleached goods here today advanced. All cotton goods were firm. Yarns also were firm. Raw silk was steady. Dress goods were in moderate demand.

Metals.

New York, November 19.—Metal exchange quotes tin nominal, 73.00; lead quiet; spot, 6.37½. Spelter quiet; East St. Louis delivery, spot, 7.75@8.00.

At London: Spot copper, £110; futures, £110; electrolytic, £125; spot tin, £276 5s; futures, £275 10s; lead, spot, £30 10s; futures, £29 10s; spelter, spot, £54; futures £50.

November Investment Suggestions

Our current general circular contains a carefully selected and well diversified list of high-grade bonds available at attractive prices.

This circular and our comparison of January and current bond prices will be of interest to you if you are contemplating an investment.

Send for November circular and Price Comparison AC-142

The National City Company

National City Bank Bldg., N. Y.
ATLANTA OFFICE
Trust Co. of Georgia Bldg.

From 10c to $5.25

Union Oil of Cuba recently advanced from 10c to $5.25 per share. Cuba is rapidly developing a high-grade oil field—oil is selling at $4.00 per barrel. Write for Circular "G" containing very interesting information, and list of investment suggestions. U. S. and Cuban banking references.

Cuban Securities Co.
Manzana de Gomez 501
HAVANA, CUBA
Members Bolsa Libre de la Havana
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C. L. GLASS & COMPANY
Stocks and Bonds
Vandergrift Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

Today's Prices on the Atlanta Commodity Markets

Local Stocks and Bonds

STOCKS.	Bid	Asked.
Atlanta National Bank	285	295
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp.	73	74
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp., pfd.	87	90
A. & W. P. Ry.	155	160
Atlantic Steel	150	...
do. pfd.	95	97
Central Bank and Trust Corp.	149	153
Augusta and Savannah Ry.	102	104
Fulton National Bank	112½	116
Fourth National Bank	295	310
Exposition Cotton Mills	175	186
Gate City Cotton Mills	225	...
Ga. Ry. and Electric, 6 per cent	85	87
Ga. Ry. and Elec. stamped	125	125
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., 1st pfd.	93	96½
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., 2d pfd.	21	23
Ga. Ry. and Power Co, common	12	13
Ga. Ry. and Banking Co.	265	270
Empire Cotton Oil Co.	53	60
Empire Cotton Oil Co., pfd.	96	98
Southern Ice Co.	10	15
Southern Ice Co., pfd.	45	53
Southeastern Railroad	104	107
Trust Co. of Ga.	295	309
Third National Bank	215	217½
Lowry National Bank	225½	227

ATLANTA PROVISION MARKET.
(Corrected by White Provision Company.)

Cornfield hams, 10-12 average	.30
Cornfield hams, 12-14 average	.30
Cornfield skinned hams, 16-19 avg.	.31
Cornfield picnic hams, 6-8 average	.26
Cornfield breakfast bacon	.40
Cornfield sliced bacon, 1-lb. boxes, 12 to case	.50
Grocers' bacon, wide or narrow	.37½
Cornfield pork sausage, link or bulk	22
Cornfield wieners, in 10-lb. cartons	.21
Cornfield bologna sausage, 25-lb. boxes	20
Cornfield smoked link sausage, 25-lb boxes	.17½
Cornfield wieners in pickle, No. 50 kits	3.00
Cornfield lard, tierce basis	.28½
Country style lard, tierce basis	.28½
Compound lard, tierce basis	.22½
D. S. ribs, extra	.32
D. S. bellies, medium average	.32
D. S. bellies, light average	.32½

FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.
(United States Food Administration License, No. G-06431.)

Flour, Sacked, Per Bbl.—Victory (in 48-lb. towel bags), $12.90; Victory (our finest patent), $12.75; Gloria (self-rising), $12.00; White Lily (self-rising), $12.00; Puritan highest patent), $12.00; White Cloud (high patent), $11.65; Ocean Spray (good patent), $11.40.

Plain Meal, Per Bu.—Meal, plain, 96-lb. sacks, $1.90; meal, plain, 48-lb. sacks, $1.92; meal, plain, 24-lb. sacks, $1.94.

Grain, Sacked, Per Bu.—Corn, No. 2 white, $1.87; oats, fancy white clipped, 88c; oats, No. 2 white, 86c; oats, mixed, 84c.

Seeds, Sacked, Per Bu.—Wheat, Tenn. blue stem, $3.50; Georgia seed rye, 2½-bu. bags, $2.75; Bancroft seed oats, $1.75; Texas rust proof oats, $1.45; Oklahoma red rust-proof oats, $1.20.

Hay, Etc.—Timothy, No. 1 large bales, $1.90; shucks, 80c; straw, $1.00; C. S. meal, Prime No. 7, $52.00; C. S. meal, Buco Feed, $39.00; C. S. hulls, old style, $26.00; C. S. hulls, flaked, $18.00; C. S. hulls, lintless, $17.50.

Chicken Feed, Per Cwt.—Victory scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.75; special scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.25; Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb. sacks, $3.60; beef scraps, per 100-lb. sacks, $5.25; beef scraps, per 50-lb. sacks, $3.00; oyster shell, per 100-lb. sacks, $1.00.

Peters' Proven Products, Etc., Cwt—Arab horse feed, [illegible] King Corn horse feed, $3.20; A. B. C. horse and mule feed, $2.50; Sucrene dairy feed, $2.65; Alfal-Fat dairy feed, $2.55; Jersey cream dairy feed, $2.15; No. 1 alfalfa meal, $2.40; Blatchford's calf meal, $6.00.

Shorts, Bran, Mill Feed, Cwt.—International hog feed, 100-lb. sacks., $3.25; fancy mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.50; fancy mill feed, 100-lb. sacks, $3.40; P. W. mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $2.15; Georgia feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.05; X. X. X. mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.00; brown shorts, best, 100-lb. sacks, $3.00; brown shorts, Hal. 100-lb. sacks, $2.85; Big Mac hog feed, 75-lb. sacks, $2.85; peanut meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.65; cocoanut meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.65; bran, pure wheat, 75-lb. sacks, $2.40; bran, pure wheat, 100-lb. sacks, $2.35; bran, pure rice, 100-lb. sacks, $2.35.

Salt—Salt brick (Med.), per case, $7.50; salt brick (plain), per case, $4.50; salt, White Rock, per cwt., $1.50; salt, Jack Frost, 25 3-lb. pkgs., $1.20; salt, Ozone, case 25 3-lb. pkgs., $1.20; salt, Ozone case 25 2-lb. pkgs., $1.00; salt, Jack Frost, 50-lb. sacks, 50c; salt, Chippewa, 50-lb. sacks, 50c; salt, Avery, 100-lb. sacks, 85c; salt blocks, 50-lb. blocks, 75c.

THE ATLANTA PRODUCE MARKET.
Fruits.

Grapefruit	$3.50@4.00
Lemons	$4.00@4.50
Peaches, evaporated, pound	15c
Apples, per barrel	$5.00@7.25
Apples, per box	$1.50@2.50
Oranges, per box	$4.00@4.25
Bananas	3@3½c
Pears	$3.50
Raisins	$2.25
Cabbage, per pound	2½c
Celery, washed, per dozen	$1.00@1.25
Lettuce	$1.00@1.25
Onions, yellow, 100-lb. sacks	$3.75
Onions, white, 100-lb. sacks	$4.00
Irish potatoes, pound	3@3¼c
Sweet potatoes, bushel	90c@$1.10
Turnips, pound	1¾c
Lima beans, pound	15c
Col. B. E. peas, pound	11c
Poultry and Eggs.	
Eggs, dozen	42@44
Hens, pound	27@29
Friers, pound	30@32c

GROCERIES.
(Corrected by the Oglesby Grocery Co.)

Axle Grease—Diamond, $2.00; Four Bottlers 48 10c, $2.35; Mica, 48 10c, $3.35; 2' 25c $4.50.

Baking Powder—Good Luck, $2.05; Farro and Monkey, $1.35; Rough Rider, $1.85; Rumford, $2.70; Royal, 1 pound, $5.00; ½-pound, $5.20; Calumet, 48 6-ounce, $3.30; 35 16-ounce, $5.00.

Beans—Lima, 16½c; Pink, 14½c; White 16½c.

Candy—Stick, barrels, 12c; boxes, 12¼c; fancy mixed, 30-pound pail, 10c; chocolate drops, 12½c to 16c.

Flour—Elegant, $12.50; Diamond, patent, $13.00; Monogram, $12.50; best Self-rising, $12.50; Carnation, $12.35; Sky Rocket, self rising, $12.65; Golden Grain, $12.00; Blue Ribbon, $11.50.

Sugar—Granulated, 9c; powdered, 9½c; cubes, 10¼c; 24 1s, powdered, $2.60; No. 1, brown, 7½c.

Cocoa and Chocolate—Walter Baker's cocoa, 41c; Walter Baker's chocolate, 37c; W. H. Baker's cocoa, 39c; W. H. Baker's chocolate, 35c.

Coap—Octagan, $5.45; Ivory, small, $5.35; Fairy, $5.25; P. & W. Naphtha, $5.45; Fel's Naphtha, $5.55; Clean Easy, $5.50.

Soup—Forty-eight 1s, $5.10.

Vegetables — Canned — V. C. Pork and Beans, 72 ⅛s, $3.10; 4s 1s, $5.40; 24 2s, $3.50; 24 3s, $4.80; Hominy, 24 2s, $2.40.

Salt—Salt brick (med.), per case, $5.25; salt, Red Rock, per cwt., $1.10; salt, 100-lb. sacks, 75c; salt, Myles, 100-lb. sacks, 70c; Premium, 30 2s, $1.20.

Lard — Silver Leaf, 27c; Flake White, 7¾c; Cotton Bloom, 7¾; Snowdrift, per case, $11.25.

Canned Fish — Oysters, $2.40; salmon, chum, $7.50; pinks, $8.40; red, $11.25; sardine, ¼-oil, $6.00; sardine, mustard, $5.60.

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.
(Corrected by W. H. White, Jr., President of White Provision Company.)

Good to choice beef steers, 850 to 1,000 pounds, $8.25 to $8.75.

Good steers, 750 to 850 pounds, $8.00 to $8.25.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750 pounds, $7.50 to $8.00.

Good to choice beef cows, 750 to 850 pounds, $6.75 to $7.25.

Medium to good cows, 650 to 750 pounds, $6.50 to $6.75.

Good to choice heifers, 550 to 650 pounds, $6.50 to $6.75.

The above represents ruling prices for good quality cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750 pounds, $6.75 to $7.50.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750 pounds, $6.75 to $7.50.

Medium to good cows, 600 to 700 pounds, $6.00 to $6.50.

Mixed common, $4.75 to $5.50.

Good fat oxen, $7.00 to $7.50.
Medium to good oxen, $6.00 to $6.50.
Good butcher bulls, $5.00 to $6.50.

Choice veal calves, $7.00 to $8.00.
Yearlings, $5.50 to $6.50.

Prime hogs, 125 to 225 pounds, $15.25 to $15.75.

Light hogs, 130 to 165 pounds, $14.00 to $14.50.

Heavy pigs, 100 to 130 pounds, $13.00 to $13.50.

Light pigs, 80 to 100 pounds, $12.50 to $13.00.

Stags and roughs, $10 to $11.00.

Above quotations apply to good quality mixed fed hogs. Mast and peanut-fattened, lower, owing to quality.

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70 1-2 PEACHTREE STREET ATLANTA, GA.

SPORTS

Edited by Dick Jemison.

RESERVED SEATS FOR TECH-AUBURN

The reserved seat sale for the Thanksgiving day game between Tech and Auburn at Grant field was started yesterday, Jacobs' pharmacy, as usual, handling the tickets.

So insistent was the demand by the public for the reserved seat tickets at previous games, the authorities decided to increase the section reserved, so that everyone who desired such a seat could procure one.

The reserved seats will sell for $2. The usual season prices will prevail at the Thanksgiving day game.

Auburn's fine come-back against Vanderbilt last Saturday, after being beaten here the week previous by Davidson, has caused the Tech coaches and players to become a bit wary over the game with the Plainsmen, provided the latter's game with Ohio State does not leave them in too weak a condition for a hard battle.

The Jackets were not suffered to lay off, as they did a few weeks ago when they had no game for the next Saturday, but went back at their work yesterday for a light workout. Scrimmages will be in order today and for the next several afternoons.

Tech came out of the Indian battle in good shape, with the exception of Joe Guyon and Judy Harlan, who went into the game in bad shape. Joe played only a little over one quarter, scoring two touchdowns, and had he remained in the game there is no telling what the score would have been.

Tech's line-up for the Auburn game will not be the one that has opened almost all of the games this season.

BY-LAWS CHANGED BY ATHLETIC UNION

St. Louis, Mo., November 19.—Encouragement of athletics among the men in the national service was given by the board of control of the Amateur Athletic union at its session here today through revision of rules and appropriation of $500 to promote athletic activities in the camps. The board adopted an amendment to the rules permitting amateur athletes in army cantonments and at naval training stations to compete with professional athletes in the samps without losing amateur standing, and eliminated registration fees for athletes who may take part in these contests.

With a few exceptions, athletic records submitted by the record committee were approved.

Thomas P. Hardy, of Jersey City, N. J., who entered a race under another athlete's name three years ago, was reinstated by the committee.

A new district was admitted into the national body. It will be known as the Allegheny Mountain district, and will be composed of about thirty clubs around Pittsburg.

The outdoor running high jump record of Clinton Larsen, Brigham Young university, made in an exhibition at Provo, Utah, June 1, 1917, was disallowed. This record was 6 feet 7⅞ inches.

In the men's swimming records the time on the 200-yard relay for four men was cut from 1 minute 45 1-5 seconds to 1 minute 42 1-5 seconds. The record was made by the Yale team at New Haven, Conn., on February 28, 1917, in a 25-yard tank.

The board allowed a time of 6 minutes 46 3-5 seconds for the one and one-half mile indoor run made by Joey Ray, of the Illinois Athletic club, at the Melrose Athletic club, on January 24, 1917.

The board voted also to accept the time of 12 2-5 seconds made by J. G. Loomis, of the Chicago Athletic association, in the 125-yard outdoor dash at Chicago on September 15, 1914, on condition that it is accepted by the Central Athletic association. Similar action was taken as to the time made in the 100-yard, outdoor, high hurdles by Harry Goelitz, of the Chicago Athletic association, on July 25, 1914. This time was 13 seconds.

The board voted also to expend any sums in addition to the $5,000 deemed necessary to encourage athletics among the men in the national service.

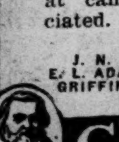
The board rejected an amendment offered by the Southern Pacific association, which would abrogate the rule preventing basketball players from competing for rival clubs in their district after they have deserted another club in that district.

The board also rejected an amendment proposed by the Metropolitan association providing that athletics engaged in playing round actively during the summer months might return to their amateur standing.

Philadelphia was chosen as the city for the next annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic union and Charles A. Dean, of the Illinois Athletic club, of Chicago, was elected president of the organization. There officials elected were Samuel J. Dallas, Philadelphia; L. di Benedetto, New Orleans; John J. Taylor, Pittsburg, and T. Morris Duncan, Portland, vice presidnt; Frederick W. Rubien, of New York, secretry and treasurer.

The members of the incoming board of governors representing the southern association are H. W. Fitzpatrick, L. di Benedetto, W. C. Streit, Jr.

Important changes were made in the rules regarding swimming and boxing. There was no fight against the continuation of registering women swimmers this year and they were given the additional privilege of collecting expenses for a chaperon when attending meetings away from home. The height for the diving board in the diving contests was lowered to between 20 and 22 feet, the women objecting to going off those from 24 to 27 feet in height. In boxing, a rule was passed that drawings must be held each night if a tournament went more than one night. Some half dozen other minor amendments were made.



John Ruskin

A box of John Ruskin cigars to your soldier boy at camp will be appreciated.

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The figures are signalling "J. T."
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AMATEURS TO MEET PROS IN THE ARMY CANTONMENTS

Southern Oakland Cars Arrive Here From Trip

Successful Driveaway of 87 Cars Is Completed—Some Cars Still Enroute to Destination—Majority Reached Here Yesterday and Spent Night. Everyone Pleased.

The Southern Oakland company's drive away from Pontiac, Mich., to Atlanta, arrived here just about dark yesterday afternoon and made their presence known by blowing their horns as they paraded through Whitehall and Peachtree streets.

Sixty cars followed the pilot car into Atlanta, the party starting from Pontiac with eighty-seven cars. Seven of the number left the party at Detroit, and followed a route via Toledo and Pittsburg for North Carolina points.

At Murfreesboro, Tenn., the Knoxville and Chattanooga cars left the party, while at Gadsden, Ala., the Birmingham cars dropped out. At Rome, the Athens and Augusta cars went their route home.

The Macon, south Georgia and South Carolina cars, accompanied the pilot car into Atlanta, and will leave this morning to continue their journeys to point of destination.

Trip Huge Success.

The trip has been a huge success in every respect. Every man on the trip has enjoyed the best of health and though dusty, begrimed and tired, it was a happy bunch that either reached their destination here or other points this afternoon.

The weather could not have been more ideal had it been ordered especially for the occasion. There was one cloudy day. With that exception, the weather has been beautiful, a trifle cool at first, but the last three days have been typical southern fall days.

The roads over which the party traveled were not the best in the world. The heavy October rains tore up most of them and their condition on the whole was bumpy. Considering this, despite the fact that the party is a whole day late, the time that was made was indeed excellent.

The mileage showed over one thousand miles and fully eight hundred of this was over poor roads, rocky pikes that shook the cars and their occupants continuously, yet the little cars ran smoothly and required only the attention that new cars always require.

Officials Praised.

The writer had the honor of piloting the van the entire distance and has been asked on behalf of the members of the party to express in this manner their appreciation of the treatment that they received from the officials in charge of the trip over the entire journey.

The courtesies extended to every one by the city officials, especially the police, the garagemen, the hotels managers and the citizens of every city through which they passed could not have been better. Every effort was made to make every one feel at home and many persons went out of their way to accord the party courtesies. The party also desires to thank them as well.

Sunday, the party left Shelbyville, Tenn., via Huntsville, ferried the Tennessee river at Guntersville, Ala., and made Gadsden, Ala., the last night's stop, covering 150 miles, which, considering the time lost in ferrying, was a wonderful record.

From Nashville into Atlanta, the natives along the route had been expecting the party for days and they were accorded an ovation everywhere.

Monday's run was from Gadsden, Ala., via Rome, Cartersville and Marietta, and the roads over the main part of this road were the best of the trip, through the dust of the past two days took off from the pleasure of the good roads that the party hit.

Gasoline Prizes.

The Oakland Motor Car company offered a prize of $100 to the driver showing the least gasoline consumption to their point of destination. This prize is to be divided $50, $35 and $15 to the three winners. The announcement of the winner cannot be made until some of the gasoline checks are received from the cars going further than Atlanta.

In addition to this prize, the Southern Oakland company offered three prizes for the best gasoline record from Pontiac to Louisville, Ky. The officials in charge of the trip will check this up and announce the winner in a few days.

To T. K. Johnson, special representative of the Southern Oakland company, A. G. Prosperi, southern service manager, W. E. Hixon, John Madden, Hugh Bowden, George Comer, S. P. Rice, W. W. S. Curtis and Mr. Brown, of the same company, are due the thanks of the party for their untiring efforts in their behalf. That the trip was a success was due to the efforts of these men, who had little or no sleep during the entire week of travel, checking the cars in and out of cities, filling them, adjusting and working on them and attending to a thousand and one little details that have to be attended to in a trip of this character.

It was really a wonderful trip, thoroughly enjoyed by all, and that such an undertaking could be pulled through successfully redounds to the credit of the Southern Oakland men and to those in immediate charge.

Its successful completing also writes automobile history as it was the longest driveway from any factory with that number of cars ever attempted by any dealer in any part of America. There have been larger parties shorter distances and shorter parties longer distances, but this was the largest and longest driveway of them all.

RED AND BLACK QUINTET FINISH WEEK'S PRACTICE

By E. E. Andrews.

One week of snappy basketball practice has just been completed at the University of Georgia gymnasium. Practice has been and will continue to be held every night throughout the season.

Since there has been no football at the university this year interest in basketball is running at a high tide. More than 30 men reported to first practice.

The Red and Black should be able to build up another championship team with Captain Scott and Cox of last year's regulars. Moore, Pew, Hatcher, Pound, Adams and Mott of last year's reserves, and the new host of speedy and enthusiastic men.

Captain Scott will be an important character in southern basketball this year. "Scottie" knows the game, and has remarkable abilities. He played a wonderful game last season, although he suffered with a bad knee.

Cox, of last year's quintet, will be capable of holding down his position at forward. The team will be built up around these two men, whereas, four varsity men were returned last year.

Pew, a substitute of last year, is back, and will make someone hustle for guard. Mack Moore is an experienced and capable man for any position, and will put up a scrappy fight at forward. Mott and Adams of last year's scrubs will bear watching. Hatcher and Pound both played well on the scrub team and are due much consideration. Westbrooks, the Georgia baseball star, is trying his hand at basketball and his work looks promising.

First Game in January.

The first game will be played in the early part of January. No schedule has as yet been definitely arrangel, but in all probabilities the schedule, which will be completed at an early date, will include games with the Atlanta Athletic club, Vanderbilt, Nashville Ramblers and Auburn. The dates of the Atlanta Athletic club games will be January 26 and February 16. These two games will be the main features of the season.

It is rumored that the Red and Black quintet will make a road trip into Virginia. A game has been arranged with Washington and Lee for February 22 at Lexington, Va. A game with either Annapolis Catholic university or Richmond college will also be played on this trip. This will be an extensive road trip, and will prove to be one of the best ever made by a Georgia five.

MID-WEST SOLID BEHIND TECH AGAINST PANTHERS

The tourists who brought back a large number of Oakland automobiles from Michigan brought with them the cheering news that sentiment throughout the west is very strong for the Pittsburg-Tech game and that the fans in Indiana, Ohio, Illinois and Michigan are solid behind the Jackets.

This bit of news will be very pleasing to local and southern football fans who had no way of knowing how Tech's position would be taken. The Jackets' stand in the matter is known everywhere and if the game is not played, Pittsburg will have to bear the burden of not coming through to aid a worthy cause.

GOOD FIGHT PROMISED AT COLUMBIA FRIDAY

It will be a case of a puncher meeting a tough rugged ringman when Terry Nelson and Battling Budd clash at the Columbia theater next Friday night in their scheduled ten-round battle.

Budd, the puncher, has proved time and again that he carries the kick of a mule, while Nelson's ability to take them on the chin and come back for more is known by all boxing fans in this city.

Terry holds the wonderful record of having taken part in nearly 300 ring battles and not even once suffering the sting of a k. o. wallop. This is surely a mark that any boy can feel proud of, and now it remains to be seen whether Atlanta's own Battling Budd can put a stop to the wonderful string of battles rolled up by the veteran.

Most of the fans, of course, will be pulling with all their might for Budd. Fistic followers are a fickle lot. They always like to see some new face come to the front, at the time overlooking the fact that the old-timer has delivered for them on a number of occasions. But such is the life of the sport, and Nelson knows it, too, which means that he is going to put forth every ounce of strength in his makeup to win over the "Battler."

Two four-round bouts will fill out the card, making eighteen rounds of scrapping in all. These contests will be staged immediately after the theatrical performance, with no extra admission charge. Tickets are now on sale at the box office of the local theater.

POOL BASIS PROPOSED FOR AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago, November 19.—Pooling of both gate receipts and players in the American league next season may become necessary in order to avoid shortening the schedule and reducing salaries to a five-months basis, according to President Charls A. Comiskey, of the White Sox.

Mr. Comiskey said today that he did not favor the course, but that he would be willing to espouse even that remedy for the duration of the war rather than see the major league reduce their standards.

"Pooling of players may become imperative to preserve anything like equality in playing strength," he said. "If the forthcoming drafts for the national army takes half a dozen regulars away from one or two teams, one or two stars from others, and none at all from some clubs, the result will be a runaway pennant race, which would rob the sport of all public interest early in the season."

K. O. EGGERS WILL BOX WITH SOLDIER AT GORDON TODAY

Johnny K. O. Eggers, the great little ringman, who is scheduled to box Kid Gaster, of New Orleans, in that city next Monday night, will give an exhibition bout at Camp Gordon this afternoon against some yet unnamed soldier fighter. Eggers and his manager, Rudie Lablang, arrived direct from New York yesterday, and will leave after the bout at the camp on the afternoon train for New Orleans.

Eggers will be well remembered by Atlanta fight fans. He fought Peter Herman here two years ago. Right at the present time Eggers is claimant to the featherweight championship of the world, and announces himself ready to meet all comers at his weight over any distance.

"Just stopped off for a visit with the boys," said Eggers when he visited The Constitution. "I'm located in New Orleans now, and you can say for me that I sure do want a fight in Atlanta. I haven't forgotten this old burg."

Eggers has been going great guns since his last scrap here. His most notable recent fight was in Bridgeport, May 7, when he went 12 rounds with Frankie Burns. It was a no-decision affair, but the newspapers awarded the decision to Eggers. He floored Burns once for the count of nine, a feat that Herman, in his match last week with Burns, was unable to equal.

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time	10c a line	Each Issue
Three times	8 1-3c a line	
Seven times	7c a line	
Thirty times	6c a line	
Ninety times	5c a line	

Above rate for consecutive insertions only.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interest as well as ours.

The constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad, phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with no chance of recovery; but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST.

BOND—Will the party that picked up $50 Liberty bond Postoffice Ice Cream Parlor return to 322 E. Fair st. and get reward.

COW—Strayed from 10 Racine street, black Jersey, dehorned. If found phone H. G. Glover, West 1265-J.

DOG—Lost, toy Collie, tan with white breast. Answers to name "Lady." Big reward. Phone evenings Ivy 8689-L.

DOG—Bird dog lost, liver color, white breast and all four feet have some white, white tip of tail. Reward for information of same. Call Main 1628-J.

LOST—Between Stone Mountain and Chamblee, 34x4 Pennsylvania non-skin casing, on rim. Finder call Stone Mountain 41, and receive liberal reward.

OVERCOAT—The party who took overcoat from McDaniel street car Saturday night can be identified by motorman and two passengers. Return to "Starter's Office," to avoid trouble.

POCKETBOOK—Lost, containing $145 and registration card No. 2306 and other papers in vicinity of Mitchell st. or at Terminal station. Please return to Albert Futch, 16 E. Mitchell, and receive reward.

RUG—Lost Friday night, November 16, handsome black fur rug lined with dark green felt, from automobile in front of Vaudette theater. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to 46 Elizabeth street or call Ivy 5170-J.

$50 REWARD

STOLEN here last night, Buick automobile, Model 1918, 7-passenger; color gray, black fenders, tan top, initials J. X. McC. on doors, nickel bumpers, front and rear, frame number 321106, motor number 321131, Georgia license No. 52042. John McCullough.

PERSONAL

CLAIRVOYANT & PALMIST
MME. PARKS

WHY despair when you can attain your desire? Why give up "when all is within your grasp?" She tells all, everything, the very things you wish to know. Concerning yourself and those you are interested in though many miles away. If you are in doubt or in trouble concerning business, sales, changes, courtship, love, marriage, separations, divorces, estrangement, in a word—no matter what may be your desires or ambitions, consult Mme. Parks and receive advice. Let this gifted seeress advise and direct you to the road of success and happiness. She has helped thousands and will help you. You have but to consult her to be convinced of her remarkable powers. No. 10 Essie avenue. Take Soldiers' Home car and get off at Essie avenue. Hours 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.

CLAIRVOYANT—PALMIST
MADAME MALONE

ADVICE on all affairs of life. When others fail she succeeds; are you in trouble, do you want to know about love affairs, marriage or divorce? This gifted lady can read your entire life; she gives only truthful advice; she has helped thousands of others, why not you? Many go away blessing and thanking her for her motherly advice. She asks no questions, but before you speak one word she tells you just what you called for; gives the full name of your husband or wife, tells if the one you love is true or false, tells what part of the world is luckiest to you. Hold the one you love. Advice on all affairs. Come to this gifted lady and find help. Mme. Malone challenges any reader of any kind to compete with her. Readings daily 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Take Lakewood car to Owens st. 506 Lakewood avenue, third house from corner.

MADAM DE LYLE

MENTAL SCIENTIST, spiritual adviser, gives private instructions in personal magnetism and places you en rapport with your higher spiritual nature that your most sacred heart desires shall be realized. I will tell you how to control and change the thoughts, actions or character of any one. Will tell you how to succeed in love, business, specialization, lawsuits. Gives infallible advice on all affairs of life. 19 Simpson street. Take West Peachtree street cars to Simpson street.

McDuffie BUYS old false teeth. 148 Peachtree.

MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS—Stay away from Atlanta; strike still on. G. A. Brown, Sec., 73 Whitehall st., Local Union 732.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike; limited number patients cared for. Homes provided infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 22 Windsor St.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY every POLICY-HOLDER that I have to JOIN the INSURED ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA. Come to see me at once. Your INTEREST protected as never before. JULIAN F. DRINKARD. Ivy 5330. Candler Bldg.

ARE your keys worth a quarter? Then send 25c for silver key tag, with your name and address on it. Razor Shop, 55 Peachtree st.

RANDOLPH BEAUTY PARLORS, 58½ Whitehall st. Best work in all lines.

WEAVER—Ladies' and men's uniform maker; tailor and furrier. 216 McKenzie bldg.

S. W. WILBORN

THE BARBER, formerly with Journal Way Barber Shop, is now located at 36 North Forsyth. Drop in to see me.

SMOKE EE-M Tobacco for catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and colds, 15c bags. Your druggist or EE-M CO., Atlanta, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Male

BOY—Wanted, over 16, as office assistant. Apply 409 Gould bldg.

BOYS—Wanted, white office boy and colored errand boy. Apply 906 Austell bldg.

COOKS—Two first-class colored cafe cooks, $75 and $65; also all-round cook, $50, with room. 1018 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

MAN—Wanted, young, 17 to 20 years old, to tack banners, make window displays and keep stock room of advertising material. Fine opportunity for advancement. Give references and salary desired. Box P-115, care Constitution.

MEN—Yes, we give you a complete course. No. 1 set of tools, paying position in our chain of shops, for $26.50. Atlanta Barber College, 31 South Pryor street.

MEN—Learn barber trade. Positions waiting, city or country. Big wages. Call or write. Moler Barber College, 61 N. Forsyth.

MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS—Experienced, wanted. Ad. Box 453, city.

OFFICE BOY—Wanted, for permanent position with large corporation; salary $5 per week to start; hours 7:45 a. m. to 4:30 p. m. Must be bright and energetic. Apply at 1422 Hurt bldg.

PRESSER—Wanted, first-class in alteration department. Good pay to right man. Sam Asher & Bros., 10 Peachtree. Main 995.

USHERS—Wanted, three young men, 17 to 18 years of age, as ushers. Apply to Doorkeeper Lyric at 1 p. m.

SUPERINTENDENT—For peanut oil and cattle feed mill wanted. Write P. O. Box 1443.

WANTED—A good dairyman. 765 North Boulevard.

HELP WANTED—Male

MEN wanted by the Chattanooga Railway and Light Company for conductors and motormen. Having had a strike of its employees, it is changing the personnel of its men, and will employ men between the ages of 18 and 45 years sufficient to operate its cars. Appear in person or address letter to J. R. Anderson, Supt. Railway Department, 620 Market St., Chattanooga, Tenn.

SANDERS AND COATERS IN CABINET AND FINISHING ROOM. GOOD PAY AND STEADY WORK. SOUTHERN FURNITURE CO., BELLWOOD AVE. AND MEANS STREET.

SALESMAN familiar with territory in Atlanta and vicinity to carry complete line of first-class batteries and flashlights; commission basis. State full particulars and experience. Enterprise Electric Novelty Co., 137 Green street, New York city.

WHITE MAN—Wanted; experienced in firing tile and brick kilns; good pay. Apply Atlanta Terra Cotta Co., 1302 Third National Bank building.

YOUNG MAN as news agent on railroad trains; long runs; good pay. Union News Company, 36 Madison avenue.

YOUNG MAN, news agent railroad train service, good pay. 34 E. Hunter street.

WANTED—A good office man for position in large office, 22 to 30 years of age. Must be a man of experience and accurate in figures and willing worker. No slacker need apply. Apply in own handwriting, giving references, experience, age, phone number and address, otherwise application will not be considered. Address R. P. G. Co., care Constitution.

WANTED—Industrious and ambitious boys between ages of 16 and 20, preferably high school graduates, to learn telephone business. Salary paid during training period. Address General Manager, 78 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga., giving age, education, physical characteristics and father's occupation.

YOUNG MAN—Wanted, about 18 or 19 years old, who has completed course in high school chemistry, for position as assistant chemist. Addrss Box P-94. Constitution.

HELP WANTED—Female

A COMPETENT stenographer. Give references, experience and salary expected. P. P. Box 1441.

GIRL or middle-aged woman (white) wanted for general house work; small family; good home to right party. Give references and your address or telephone number at once to Mrs. Brown, P. O. Box 108, Atlanta.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, at Home for the Friendless, 226 Highland avenue.

LADIES—Wanted in alteration department in Enlisted Mens' Club, Ft. McPherson Tailor Shop.

MAID WANTED—(White) for housework and care of little girl of 6. Apply 702 Grand building.

NURSES WANTED—Young women to enter training school in private hospital for nervous and mental diseases; three-year course, embracing all requirements of state boards; six months of third year spent in general hospital giving special practical instruction in surgery and obstetrics. Good education and recommendations required. Compensation averages $10 per month and board. Write for application. City View Sanitarium Training School for Nurses, Nashville, Tenn.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, experienced lady stenographer at once. Permanent. Must have good education; one who has had newspaper office experience preferred. State experience, give reference and salary expected. Address O-992, Constitution.

TYPIST—Several experienced; must be accurate and rapid operators. Temporary work; good pay. 4th floor, 82 N. Pryor st.

WANTED—A COOK.
925 PEACHTREE ST.

WOMAN—A splendid home for a good white woman who understands housekeeping and can assist in caring for two children. Phone Ivy 2733-J or apply 273 Euclid avenue.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

LAUNDRESS, cook, maid, porter, nurse, waitress, bell boy, butler, janitor. 704 Silvey building.

STENOGRAPHER OR POLICY CLERK, ONE WITH FIRE INSURANCE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. GOOD FUTURE. APPLY CLIFF C. HATCHER INSURANCE AGENCY, 221 GRANT BLDG.

STENO-BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, middle-aged man or lady. Apply to Mr. Jankins, 159 Whitehall st.

WANTED—A few good families of spinners and spoolers for our Payne Mill. Best of wages paid, cheap house rent in our own village. Address W. R. Moody, Supt., Crumps Park, Macon, Georgia.

WANTED—FOR THE NEW PORTERDALE MILL, SPINNERS, SPOOLERS, DOFFERS, CARD ROOM HELP. ADDRESS W. A. WOODRUFF, SUPERINTENDENT, BIBB MFG. CO., PORTERDALE, GA.

WANTED—Men and women to take expert course in business building, English, at Lanier university on Friday nights. Double your earning capacity as stenographer or business man or woman in few months. Phone Ivy 5631.

AGENTS

WE WILL PAY you $225 to distribute Billy Sunday's message. Low price. Fast seller. Everybody wants it. Spare time used. Splendid chance for Christmas money. Sample free. International Bible Press, Philadelphia.

WANTED—Colored agents everywhere, sell Royal Hair Pomade, 25 cents. Royal Hair Pomade Co., 228 Houston St., Atlanta.

WANTED—TEACHERS

DOMESTIC SCIENCE teacher, good salary; also Latin teacher, $75-$85. P. O. Box 934. Ivy 8812-L.

THE ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY—Unique methods, best service, most liberal terms. Ivy 7098. 1233 Healey Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED

SITUATION WANTED—Male

BOY—16 years old, wants position in automobile place where he can learn the trade. Phone Main 5379-J.

CASHIER—Experienced bank cashier, auditor, accountant, with executive ability, qualified to take charge of any business office, wants permanent place with corporation, bank or large firm; willing to work; very best references, and bond; married, with family; not subject to draft; has good health. Address P-79, Constitution.

SALESMAN—Wanted, by young man, position working wholesale or city trade; seven years' experience in retail business; now employed; reference. Box P-90, Constitution.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

OFFICE MAN—City or road; salesman fifteen years' experience; good references; immediate acceptance. Address P-97, Const.

YOUNG man wishes position shipping department wholesale concern. References. Box 113, care Constitution.

STENOGRAPHER—First-class, desires extra work during evenings. Address "Eugene," care Constitution.

YOUNG MAN—Aged 23, A-1 bookkeeper and cashier, desires position. A-1 references. Address P-114, Constitution.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

WIDOW lady with son (12 years old) wants to do housekeeping for old couple. Box 81, Columbus, Ga.

WANTED—Situation by steno-dictophone operator, six years' experience. Miss Cannon, Ivy 3148-L.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

LIGHTFOOT'S
(BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.)
REAL ESTATE—LOANS.
317-318 Peters Bldg. Bell Phone Main 517.
AT YOUR SERVICE.
We Analyze Every Business and List Only "REAL OPPORTUNITIES."

WE HAVE MANY excellent Business Openings for both large and small capital and it will obligate you in no way to call at our office and find out what "REAL OPPORTUNITIES" are knocking at YOUR door today.

ROOMING HOUSE, (16 rooms), near heart of Atlanta. Price, $800. Terms.

20-ROOM ROOMING HOUSE. Heart of Atlanta. Price, $1,500, or will reduce furnishings to $500 and transfer lease. This is a good proposotion. Will take prompt action to get it.

25-ROOM ROOMING HOTEL. Heart of Atlanta. Price, $800. Terms.

12-ROOM BOARDING HOUSE. Best part of Peachtree. Filled with splendid people. This is a REAL OPPORTUNITY. Price $1,100, on terms of $350 cash, balance $25 per month.

SPLENDID GROCERY STORE. Brick storehouse; nine living rooms and three five-room cottages, for exchange for first-class farm. Price of business and property $16,000. This is unusual, so don't delay if you mean business.

LIBERTY BONDS—We will buy yours with cash. 805 Silvey building, city.

WOULD INVEST twenty-five hundred in good business proposition; no fakers need reply. Box P-111, Constitution.

$500 BUYS half interest in good paying business; business worth $2,000. Ill health reason for selling. Box O-873. Constitution.

WONDERFUL opportunity to buy established talking machine business in Atlanta. Very valuable franchises. No such chance ever offered before, especially with holiday season near. P. O. Box 203, Atlanta.

FIVE years' lease of bearing apple orchard, near Cornelia, Ga.; 1,200 trees, 8 to 10 years old. For particulars apply 36 Moreland avenue. Ivy 5725-L.

FOR SALE—Established automobile and taxicab business, operating 20 cars, and carrying with it the best two concessions in the south. Reason for selling failing health of proprietor. Address Box F-391, Constitution.

FOR COLORED

HAIRDRESSERS are making the biggest money. I teach you how. Have an easy payment plan. No-Break School of Hairdressing, 465 W. Hunter st. Main 2203.

FOR SALE at a sacrifice, 50-room boarding and rooming house. Reason for selling is sickness and to settle an estate. Good paying proposition. Apply to Frampton E. Ellis, 627 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

EXCELLENT opening in reliable wholesale and jobbing business for man with $600 cash; must take active interest at once. Business one of merit, with best of references; attractive returns. Application will not be considered unless you state age, experience, phone number, etc. Don't apply unless you mean business and can fulfill above requirements. Address P-83, Const.

WANTED—Partner, lady or gentleman, with $500 to invest in medicine business; trade already established; answer quick. P-112, care Constitution.

FOR SALE AND WANTED

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

Bibles and Religious Books ON sale by Hopkins Book Concern, 144 Auburn avenue, corner Piedmont.

FOR SALE—In car lots or more
BULK ACID PHOSPHATE
Nitrate Soda, Cotton Seed Meal, Tankage, Ground Limestone, Bags, Potash. A. D. Adair & McCarty Bros., Inc., brokerage department. Phone Ivy 7235.

McDuffie SELLS antique jewelry. 148 Peachtree street.

FOR SALE—Motor boat, 25 feet long, 6 feet beam, 9-horsepower. Cost complete $1,500. Bargain for $250 cash. A Weil, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FOR SALE—A thousand bargains, shoes, clothing, furnishings; most everything. Watson's Bargain Store, corner Pryor and Decatur streets. Watson sells at the lowest prices.

FOR SALE—Three Carver linters and one Carver saw filer. E. W. Menefee, Raymond, Ga.

FURNITURE OLD furniture taken in payment for new. Jordan Fur. Co., 59 E. Hunter. Both phones.

TABLES—Dick's 6 Brunswick & Balke pool tables with all equipment cheap. Call Ivy 2399.

ACID PHOSPHATE GUANO
Nitrate Soda, C. S. Meal, Hulls, Agr. Limestone; car lots, W. E. M'CALLA, Atlanta National Bank building.

PIANO—Kranich & Bach, second-hand, good condition; bargain. Walter Hughes, 88 North Pryor street.

GATE CITY COAL CO. for good coal and wood. M. 666-J. Teams for heavy hauling. G. T. Hutt, proprietor.

JUPITER LIGHTING PLANT FOR COUNTRY HOMES.
ELECTRIC APPLIANCE CO.
60 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

MARK CROSS SAFETY RAZOR, 25 cents; none better; any price. By mail, 30 cents. Diamonds, watches, jewelry. Charles Crankshaw Company, 6½ Whitehall street, second floor. Oldest jewelery concern in Atlanta.

NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS bought, sold, rebuilt, exchanged. A. E. Harless, Agt., 54 North Pryor. Phone Ivy 8443.

RUBBER stamps, seals, stencils. Bennett's Ptg. and Stamp Co., 25 S. Broad.

PECANS—Southwest Georgia paper shell pecans for sale. Varieties, Stuart, Frotcher, Schley and others; 50 cents per pound f. o. b. Box 245, Albany, Ga.

SAFES ATLANTA SAFE CO., 65 W Mitchell. Main 4601.

SAFES, new and 2d-hand, all sizes. Hall's vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 4th Nat. Bk.

SCALES—SAFES THE Howe Scale Co. 18 S. Forsyth St.

Soda Founts NEW and used; easy terms. 34 Madison.

HANDSOME diamond, 3¼ carats, cheap. Must sell. Address P-81, care Constitution.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

CASH PAID for used furniture. S. M. Snider, 21 Peters St. M. 2610.

CASH FOR old gold and false teeth. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree.

CASH PAID for old furniture. Dixie Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth St.

CASH paid for old clothes and shoes. Drop card. We will call. 150 Decatur St.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID for second-hand furniture. Atlanta Rebuilt Furniture Exchange, 108 S. Forsyth.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—We pay highest cash prices for pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 E. Mitchell st. M. 2424.

PAPER and magazines help feed widows and orpnans. Friend's Rescue Mis. M. 1197.

We Buy Second-Hand Clothes HIGH prices for men's clothing only. M. 2335.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. B. B. Gibson. M. 4647.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. Swift Furniture Co. M. 2769.

WE PAY CASH—Want fresh eggs, butter, turkeys, chickens, geese, ducks, guineas, rabbits, pop corn, peanuts, walnuts and all kinds of produce; if you want to buy or sell, communicate; only the best. We will sell syrup in your jug at 65 cents gallon. W. C. Smith, wholesale produce, 45 East Hunter street. Main 4413.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

GAS STOVE—Wanted, second-hand. 30 Park street. Phone West 203-X1.

WE BUY or handle on commission, your poultry, eggs, apples, sweet potatoes, country produce. Write or wire for quotations. O. C. Gossett & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Good heavy horse and wagon. Call Atlanta 3035-F.

SAFE WANTED—Small fireproof, cheap for cash. C. P. Talbot, 9-A Auburn avenue.

THE FANCIERS' DEPARTMENT

BUFF ORPINGTONS.

CHOICE thoroughbred Buff Orpington cockerels, full grown. Price $5 each. Phone Hemlock 693 or write "Wildwood," R. F. D., Wesley avenue, Atlanta.

PIGEONS.

50 DIFFERENT VARIETIES of fancy and utility birds, 20 winners out of 20 entries at the Georgia State Fair this month. Will dispose of them at half their value. Odd or single birds of all varieties; correspondence invited. Visitors welcome on Sundays. Extra large runts, crosses. The comic squab pigeon a specialty. Both phones. M. F. Mills, 295 Simpson street.

SEEDS AND PLANTS.

APPLER SEED OATS, $1.50 bu.; Fulghum oats, $1.75 bu.; Georgia rye, $2.50 bu. Abruzzi rye, $3.65 bu. Seed wheat, Blue Stem and Red May, $3.25 bu. Everett Seed Company, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA RYE, bu., $2.75; 5-bu. lots, $2.65 bu.; Abruzzi rye, bu., $3.75; 5-bu. lots, $3.65 bu. Everett Seed Co., Atlanta, Ga.

CABBAGE plants 25c 100; 500, $1; 1,000, $1.65; onion sets, white, $2.85 bu.; reds and yellows $2.60; seed rye, oats and wheat. Parker Seed and Plant Co., 33 South Broad street.

LIVE STOCK

CATTLE.

FEEDERS AND STOCKERS

WE can furnish in car load lots, high-class grade heifers of these well-known breeds: Short Horns, White-Face, Red Poles, Black Angus. Also heifers and yearlings of Jersey type. Write or wire us if in the market. There is big demand for all these. A. L. Suttles & Co., Miller-Union Stock Yards, Atlanta, Ga.

SEVERAL fine Shorthorn cattle calves for sale. Shedden Farms, Raymond, Ga.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

30 MULES FOR SALE

PAIR 6 years old, weight 1,000 pounds each, $300 for pair; large pair 7-year-old, $350; small pair, $150. Mules from $50 up. Also several horses and mares. Big bargain. All stock right out of work at bottom prices. Vittur's Stables, 127 Walton street.

BUSINESS CARDS

ALTERING AND REPAIRING.

ALTERING, repairing, pressing that satisfies, for ladies and gentlemen. Sam Cohen, Haynes bldg., rm. 201, 2½ Auburn Av.

ALTERING AND REPAIRING neatly done; suits sponged and pressed while you wait. Call Main 1627X2. 15 Fairlie st.

ATLANTA CLOCK HOUSE.

J. I. LINLER CLOCK SPECIALIST, 25 South Broad St.

BICYCLES AND SUPPLIES.

SOUTHERN CYCLE AND SUPPLY CO., 64 N. Pryor. Repairing. Ivy 4573.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

INVESTIGATE OUR PLAN. Murphy Door Bed Co., 311 Trust Co. of Ga. building.

CONTRACTORS AND REPAIRS.

CONTRACTING, building, repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. R. J. Faulk, 910 Austell building. Main 4347.

DENTIST.

DR. H. JENSEN, Expert Dentist. Painless extraction. 78½ Whitehall street.

ENGRAVING.

ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELECTRIC WIRING.

CAPITAL CITY ELECTRIC CO., Inc. Main 2493.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery
58 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5008.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1788.

EYEGLASSES AND SPECTACLES.

MISS A. M. COLE, LICENSED OPTICIAN. Reasonable prices; terms. 6th flr. 4th Nat.

FURNACE REPAIRING.

FURNACES

REPAIRED—Also tin and slate roofs. 117 Piedmont. W. J. Milam. Ivy 993.

FURNACE, STOVE & RANGE REPAIRING

STOVE DOCTOR F. M. BROTHERTON. Main 1460. 61 South Pryor St.

HAT CLEANING.

OLD HATS MADE NEW—Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS. 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

HIDES AND TALLOW.

HIDES ATLANTA HIDE AND TALLOW CO., 140 Peters St. M. 2731.

JEWELRY REPAIRING.

McDuffie WATCH, clock, jewelry repairing. 148 Peachtree.

KEYS, LOCKS, SAFES, GUNS.

C. C. DOWNS Expert, 13 W. Alabama. Main 2146, Atlanta 4922.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.

ATLANTA MATTRESS CO.

OUR work is above the average. 174 Piedmont ave. Ivy 3847 Atlanta 4847.

SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO., 807 Marietta street. Main 993, Atlanta 1727.

OPTICIAN.

EYES tested and glasses correctly fitted. F. A. Morgan, 10 E. Hunter. Main 1313.

Eyes correctly fitted, lenses accurately ground. Silveus Optical Co., 19 S. Broad. M. 601.

PAINTING AND TINTING.

PAINTING CHEAP—Rooms tinted $2.50 up; leaks stopped. 6:30-7:30 p. m. W. 630-J.

HOUSE painting and tinting. W. M. Carroll. M. 2980. 251 E. Ga Ave. Work guaranteed.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.

CAPITOL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 60 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

PICTURE FRAMES.

PICTURES framed to order; factory prices; we do it for less. Binder Picture Frame Mfg Co., 86 North Pryor st. Ivy 8978.

ROOFING.

FLEX A TILE WE carry all styles asphalt shingles and roll roofing. Call us for prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Co. 56 West Mitchell street. Main 681.

ROOF REPAIRING.

Mooney REPAIRS all kinds; 12 mos. guarantee. Reas'ble. Hem. 1056.

SCALE REPAIRING EXPERT.

R. JACKSON, 174 Gilmer street, scale and cotton beam man. Main 3987.

SHOE REPAIRING.

Shoe Renury WORK called for and delivered. 2 Auburn. Ivy 2310. Atlanta 1493. 315 Peachtree.

SHOES HALF-SOLED SEWED. 50c UP
GWINN'S Rubber heels, 25c up. 6 Luckie St., 2 S. Pryor St. While you wait 10 minutes.

TRUNKS, BAGS & SUIT CASES REPAIRED.

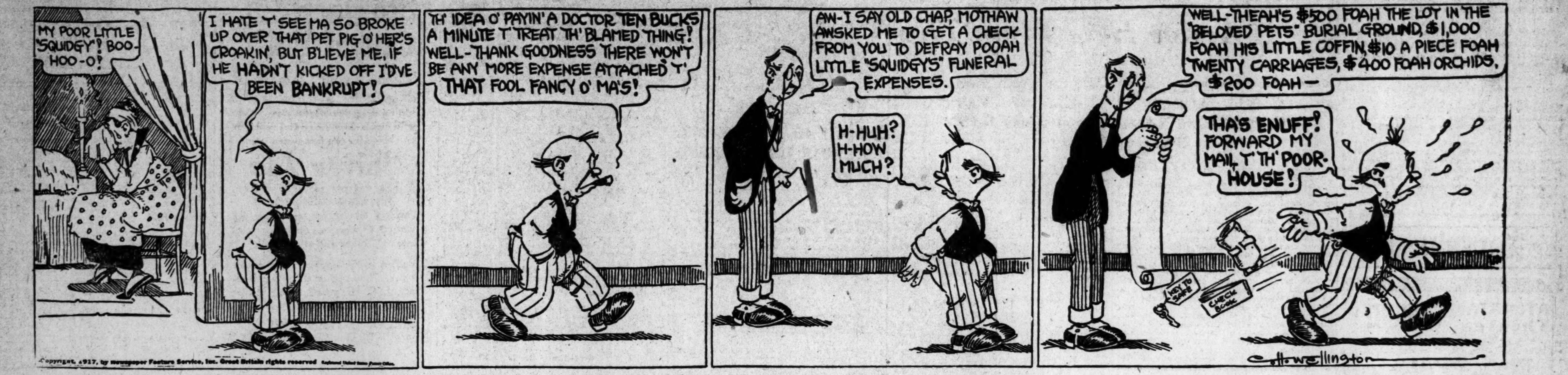
ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET. Phone—Bell Main 1576.

WALL PAPERING

QUICK Wall Paper Company, 61 Carnegie Way. Ivy 6733.

THAT SON-IN-LAW OF PA'S

"Pigs Is Pigs," Dead or Alive : : : : : : BY WELLINGTON


MY POOR LITTLE 'SQUIDGY'! BOO-HOO-O!
I HATE T' SEE MA SO BROKE UP OVER THAT PET PIG O' HER'S CROAKIN', BUT B'LIEVE ME, IF HE HADN'T KICKED OFF I'D'VE BEEN BANKRUPT!
TH' IDEA O' PAYIN' A DOCTOR TEN BUCKS A MINUTE T' TREAT TH' BLAMED THING! WELL-THANK GOODNESS THERE WON'T BE ANY MORE EXPENSE ATTACHED T' THAT FOOL FANCY O' MA'S!
AW-I SAY OLD CHAP, MOTHAW AWSKED ME TO GET A CHECK FROM YOU TO DEFRAY POOAH LITTLE "SQUIDGY'S" FUNERAL EXPENSES.
H-HUH? H-HOW MUCH?
WELL-THEAH'S $500 FOAH THE LOT IN THE "BELOVED PETS" BURIAL GROUND, $1,000 FOAH HIS LITTLE COFFIN, $10 A PIECE FOAH TWENTY CARRIAGES, $400 FOAH ORCHIDS, $200 FOAH—
THA'S ENUFF! FORWARD MY MAIL T' TH' POOR-HOUSE!
KEY TO SAFE
CHECK BOOK
C H Wellington

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DON'T WORRY IF YOU LOSE ANYTHING---A "LOST" AD IN THE CONSTITUTION IS ALMOST SURE TO BRING IT BACK IF ANYBODY THAT'S HONEST FOUND IT

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective June 25.	Arrive.	Leave.
Waycross and Thomasville.	6:00 am	7:45 am
Waycross and Thomasville.	4:25 pm	11:00 pm

Sleeping car on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville, Atlanta and Waycross. City ticket office, 88 Peachtree. Telephones—Ivy 194; Atlanta 100.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
22 West Pt..	8:30 am	35 New Or..	5:55 am
18 Columb's	10:55 am	19 Columbus	7:10 am
38 New Or..	11:20 am	33 Montgo'y	9:10 am
40 New Or..	1:45 pm	39 New Or..	2:00 pm
34 Montgo'y	6:40 pm	17 Columbus	4:05 pm
20 Columbus	7:50 pm	37 New Or..	5:50 pm
36 New Or..	11:35 pm	41 West Pt..	6:00 pm

City Ticket Office, 80 Peachtree St.

Central of Georgia Railway.
"The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Savannah..	6:15 am	Savannah..	8:00 am
Thomasville	6:15 am	Albany....	8:00 am
Albany.....	6:15 am	Macon.....	12:30 pm
Macon.....	3:15 am	Macon.....	4:00 pm
Jacksonville.	6:53 am	Jacksonville	8:25 pm
Jacksonville.	7:40 am	Valdosta...	8:25 pm
Macon.....	10:45 am	Savannah..	10:15 pm
Macon.....	1:55 pm	Jacksonville	10:05 pm
Savannah..	4:20 pm	Thomasville	11:50 pm
Albany.....	8:10 pm	Albany.....	11:50 pm

City ticket office, Fourth National Bank building, Peachtree and Marietta streets. Telephones—Main 490; Atlanta phone 55.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Arrives	From—	Departs For—	Arrives	From—	Departs For—
5:35 a	New York	12:01 a	1:00 p	New York	2:00 p
11:10 p	Chicago	6:20 a	8:25 p	Chatta.	3:00 p
9:55 p	Kan. City	6:25 a	8:10 a	Toccoa	4:45 p
10:35 a	Chatta.	6:50 a	11:20 a	Cincinnati	4:55 p
12:40 p	Richmond	6:30 a	10:55 a	Columbus	5:10 p
10:10 p	Columbus	7:20 a	11:15 a	Memphis	5:20 p
7:50 p	Bruns'k	7:50 a	10:50 a	Ft. Valley	5:20 p
6:30 p	New York	11:35 a	10:30 a	Macon	5:30 p
6:40 p	Charlotte	6:30 a	5:55 a	Jaxville	10:05 p
1:40 p	Macon	12:20 a	7:25 a	Charlotte	10:40 p
1:40 p	Bir'ham	1:15 p	6:10 a	Jaxville	11:20 p
9:00 p	Greenville	12:15 p	7:45 a	Shrevep't	11:30 p

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company.
"The Progressive Railway of the South."
Effective November 4, 1917.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
11 N. Y.	6:20 am	11 Birmin'm	6:30 am
11 Norfolk..	6:20 am	30 Monroe..	6:40 am
11 Washin'n	6:20 am	6 N. Y. ...	12:40 pm
11 Portsm'h	6:20 am	6 Washi'n	12:40 pm
17 Abbe,S.C.	8:50 am	6 Norfolk.	12:40 pm
6 Memphis	12:30 pm	6 Portsm'h	12:40 pm
6 Birmi'm.	12:30 pm	6 Richm'd	12:40 pm
22 Pied't,Ala	10:00 am	23 Pied't,Ala	3:50 pm
5 N. Y. ...	4:40 pm	5 Birmin'm	4:50 pm
5 Washin'n	4:40 pm	5 Memphis	4:50 pm
5 Norfolk..	4:40 pm	18 Abbe,S.C.	4:00 pm
5 Portsm'h	4:40 pm	12 N. Y. ..	8:20 pm
12 Birmin'm	8:00 pm	12 Norfolk..	8:20 pm
29 Monroe..	8:00 pm	12 Portsm'h	8:20 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St.
Telephone—Ivy 2845.

Union Passenger Station.

Georgia Railroad.
*Daily except Sunday.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Charles'n	6:10 am	2 Augusta and East...	6:45 am
3 Wilmin'n	6:10 am	6 Augusta	12:10 pm
*11 Conyers..	7:35 am	8 Augusta	3:25 pm
*13 Union Pt.	9:40 am	*14 UnionPt	6:10 pm
1 Augusta..	1:15 pm	4 Charles'n	8:35 pm
5 Augusta and East.	4:35 pm	4 Wilmin'n	8:35 pm
7 New York and Aug.	8:20 pm		

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 21—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville.... Chicago and Northwest	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Cincinnati and Louisville..	4:45 pm	11:40 am
Knoxville via Blue Ridge..	7:25 am	5:00 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	4:45 pm	11:40 am
Blue Ridge accommodation.	3:40 pm	10:35 am

The 9:55 p. m. train will arrive Terminal Station.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Nashville	6:25 am	94 Chicago..	8:15 am
73 Rome...	10:25 am	2 Nashville.	8:30 am
93 Memphis.	11:55 am	92 Memphis.	4:55 pm
1 Nashville	6:35 pm	72 Rome....	5:15 pm
95 Chicago..	8:05 pm	4 Nashville.	8:50 pm

No. 95, Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal station.

No. 95, Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

TAXICABS
BELLE ISLE
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE. IVY 5190.

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
I. 1548—12 LUCKIE—I. 322

COFER BROS., TAXICABS
MAIN 1034. 20 Marietta. MAIN 1035.

AUCTION SALES

B. BERNARD, at 86 South Pryor, will either pay cash for your housefurnishings or sell them for you. Phone Main 2306.

EDUCATIONAL

PARAGON is the only system of shorthand taught in the public schools of Atlanta. We teach Paragon. Night and day classes at the school. Mail instructions for those who cannot come. Write us or phone Main 4445. Simplex Shorthand School, 336 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

PARAGON SHORTHAND—Touch typewriting guaranteed. Expert in visual and kinesthetic development as applied to typewriting. Just from New York. Temporary location, Ivy 1637. Want nine more pupils to complete class of 20.

MUSIC AND DANCING

LANE'S 217½ PEACHTREE ST. Two ball rooms. Largest in Atlanta. Private lessons (no spectators), day and night. Free practice to pupils. Phone I. 5786.

WEST END DANCING ACADEMY—Dancing, Thursday and Saturday. Lessons by appointment. Main 2383.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS

ALL KINDS, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented; non-visible, 3 months for $5; visible, 3 months for $7.50. Call, phone or write for catalog C-70. American Writing Machine Co., 18 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

MONEY

MONEY TO LOAN

SALARIES BOUGHT.
Salary Inv. Co., 204 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1076.

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Wight Investment Co., 1111 Empire Bldg.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS; QUICK, CONFIDENTIAL, EASIEST REPAYMENT PLAN; SPECIAL DEPARTMENT FOR LADIES. HUDSON & CO., 313-314 PETERS BLDG. Phone Main 4843.

MONEY—On Personal Property

LOANS ON FURNITURE $25 UPWARD
AT LOW LAWFUL RATES.

By a new system of rates, a policy of giving SERVICE has established the Citizens' Loan Company's business on a broader plane of usefulness; making personal loans in sums of $25 upward on short notice and without publicity.

The CITIZENS' LOAN COMPANY has gained the respect, confidence and favorable consideration of the public through a conscientious endeavor to render SERVICE satisfactory to the community by higher standards and by inspirations to be helpful and keep abreast of the times.

Easy Payments

$ 25 Loan Pay $2 Per Mo. and Interest
$ 50 Loan Pay $4 Per Mo. and Interest
$100 Loan Pay $8 Per Mo. and Interest

Our service is always at your command. We want you to feel free to come here for advice and help with your money troubles. We can help you.

CITIZENS' LOAN CO.
401 PETERS BLDG.
MAIN 3771. ATLANTA 677.

MONEY—On Real Estate.

FUNDS on hand for loans at current rates; also for purchase money notes. Milton Liebman, with A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

LOANS ON
Atlanta Real Estate,
Farms anywhere,
or well improved
Small town property.
Made promptly.
MARVIN R. M'CLATCHEY
Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

MONEY
TO LEND, first or second mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 1216 Empire bldg. I. 8369.

LOANS MADE ON CITY PROPERTY AND FARM LANDS. SEE OR WRITE W. B. SMITH, 706-7 FOURTH NAT'L BANK BUILDING.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 5, 6 and 7 per cent, city improved property. Established 27 years. Prompt and confidental attention. TURMAN & CALHOUN, EMPIRE BLDG.

WE LOAN MONEY to rebuild in the burned district. Thomas J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency
LOAN AGENTS for Investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

MONEY on hand to lend on Atlanta real estate; no delay. If you want a loan we can make it. Geo. P. Moore, 10 Auburn ave.

$100 AND UP for real estate loans. A. J. & H. F. West, Atlanta Natl. Bk. Bldg.

LONG TIME LOANS AT LOW RATES
On Improved Farms, Residential and business property. Inspectors at Atlanta, Macon, Columbus and various points.
Quick Action. Write for Application.
Mortgage Loan Department.
PAN-AMERICAN LIFE INS. CO.,
1305 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK
BROAD and ALABAMA STS.
LOANS made on real estate, at lowest rates, repayable in monthly installments. Purchase money notes bought. 4% PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS. "SIGN O' THE CLOCK."

MONTHLY PAYMENT MONEY
AT SIX PER CENT, payable $2.16 per month on the hundred dollars, which includes interest. Will lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, first mortgage.
BROWN-FOSTER-ROBSON CO.,
210 Flatiron Building.

QUICK LOANS
$2,000 TO $50,000 OR MORE
MADE on Atlanta property at lowest current rates. Loan agents of the
LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF VIRGINIA
Have local funds in bank for small loans.
DUNSON & GAY
409 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 5678.

MONEY FOR REAL ESTATE LOANS
ALL UNNECESSARY DELAY ELIMINATED
FULTON INVESTMENT CO.
GREEN, TILSON & McKINNEY, ATTYS.
1701-10 Hurt Bldg.

LOANS
ON ATLANTA, suburban and Decatur realty, repayable in 1, 2, 3 or 5 years, or in small
MONTHLY PAYMENTS
We buy purchase money notes.
EISEMAN & WEIL INVESTMENT CO.,
Atlanta Nat. Bk. Bldg. Bell Phone M. 3018.

MONEY—On Real Estate.

IF YOU WANT TO BORROW MONEY ON FARM LANDS WRITE OR SEE W. B. SMITH, 706-7 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$1,000—$1,250—$1,500—$2,000—$2,500—$3,300—$6,000 to lend on improved property in Atlanta or suburbs.
W. O. ALSTON
1203 THIRD NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LOAN on Atlanta homes or business property at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-14 Empire Bldg.
Broad and Marietta Streets.

$500, $700, $1,000, $1.500, $2,000 or more to lend on choice city or suburban real estate. Dunson & Gay. Ivy 5678.

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY
IS NOW making loans on high-class improved property in Atlanta and Decatur. Lowest interest rates. Prompt and courteous attention.
CHAS. H. BLACK
LOAN AGENT.
210-11 EMPIRE BLDG.—PHONE IVY 111.

6 AND 7 per cent money in any amts.; quick action. Fitzhugh Knox, 1207 Candler bldg.

FIRST and second mortgage loans made promptly. A. G. Smith, 311-312 Connally building. Main 2940.

MONEY—Wanted

A MINING company producing a war-time necessity needs additional capital temporarily; will pay 8 per cent for $3,000, secured by plant and equipment worth $10,000. Address O-863 care Constitution.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

WHY NOT SAVE MONEY ON THE FOLLOWING CARS:

2 1918 Ford touring cars.
1 1916 Ford touring car.
1 1914 Ford touring car.
1 1913 Ford touring car.
1 Baby Grand Chevrolet roadster.
1 1916 Overland roadster.

ATLANTA AUTO EXCHANGE
40 WALTON ST. MAIN 3185.

USED CARS
1917 Light Roadster.
Chevrolet "Royal Mail."
National "6" seven-passenger.
Chevrolet "490" five-passenger.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc
USED CAR DEPT.
236 PEACHTREE ST.

REAL BARGAINS
In Used Cars

WE have a limited number of used cars that are mechanicaly good—overhauled, with new paint and tops.

One Chalmers, 1916................	$650
One Buick, 7-passenger, a pick-up at	$550
One Premier, 7-passenger, a pick-up at..............................	$400
One Buick roadster, a real car at a price that will move it immediately; only	$350

Also a number of other real bargains.

HAYNES AUTO CO.
181 PEACHTREE STREET,
ATLANTA.

BUICK—5-passenger, model 40; good condition; a snap for $250 cash. Mr. Bell, Ivy 1241.

BUICK—Late 1917 Little Six, five-passenger, like new, run 2,700 miles. P-76, care Constitution.

APPERSON—Roadster, newly painted, new top, splendid condition; almost good as new. Buick, 1916, 6-cylinder roadster, in very good condition. Velie, 5-passenger, newly painted, good condition. Apperson Show Rooms, 239 Peachtree st.

J. G. LEWIS MOTOR CO.—Special bargains in used cars. 232 Peachtree. I. 1476.

FORD, 1917—Looks like new; 1 5-passenger Overland; prices right. 127 Marietta st.

FORD truck, 1916.
Hudson 6-cylinder, 1916.
Ford truck, 1914
All in perfect condition.
J. M. WALLACE GARAGE
697 Marietta St. Main 5301-L.

OAKLAND, 1913—Electric lights, self-starter, $200. J. R. Buice Garage, 809 Marietta street.

FORDS
AUTHORIZED SALES AND SERVICE
Prichard-Orr Sales Co.
West End — Gordon and Lee. Phones West 95.
East Point — Main Street. East Point 138.

HUBBELL-OAKES MOTOR CO., 1513 Candler bldg. Special bargains in used cars.

BELLE ISLE
AGENT
FORD CARS
CASH OR TERMS.
IVY 166. IVY 2772. IVY 292.

NATIONAL—1917 6-cylinder touring roadster; can be seen at Cain st. garage; immediate disposal necessary account owner's enlistment in army. Address A. H. Bialock, Cain Street Garage.

USED CARS HAYNES AUTO CO., 181 Peachtree. Ivy 5164.

AUTOMOBILES.

FOR SALE.

USED CARS SPECIAL bargains. Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

BEAUDRY MOTOR COMPANY
Authorized Ford Dealers
169-171 Marietta St.
118-120 Walton St.
Full Line Ford Parts.

No wait necessary for commercial bodies. Styles meeting all requirements in stock.

We are equipped to repaint, recover and upholster.

Radiators rebuilt; also any other Ford repair work.

We employ experienced men and give prompt service.

Phones—Bell 1123-2245-4285; Atlanta 1426.

HUDSON—Limousine; latest style model, in good order; a beauty. Cash price $450, worth $800. No use for it. 127 Walton st.

STUDEBAKER—Used car department. Bargains in used cars. 316-18 Peachtree St.

FORD touring car for sale, as good as new, $100 worth of extras. See Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Bell phone East Point 416.

DODGE—1916 roadster; excellent condition; good tires; bargain at $425. George Sciple, Jr., 123 E. Eleventh. Phone Hem. 927-X1.

WANTED.

WANTED—Second-hand automobiles, any Make. J. R. Buice Garage, 809 Marietta St.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES

SUPPLIES.

3,500 to 6,000-MILE TIRES, 35 to 50 per cent discount; fresh stock. McPherson Rubber Co., No. 64 North Forsyth street.

REPAIRING.

SIMS Magneto Service Station. Magnetos sold, exchanged and repaired; all kinds of magnetos and electric starting repaired; all work guaranteed. E. H. Odom Bros. Company, 43 Ivy street. Atlanta phone 900. Bell phone Main 1622.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED
Tops re-covered and repaired. Wheels springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue.

FORD SPECIALISTS.
REPAIRING. All work guaranteed. Phone us and we will pull in cars.
127 MARIETTA ST. MAIN 3809.

THE WRIGHT AUTO SHOP
FORD REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
251 Marietta St. Main 3955.

WELDING.

YOUR broken castings welded, good as new; gear teeth built up also. The Metal Welding Company, 130 South Forsyth. M. 3013.

VULCANIZING.

FOR the BEST vulcanizing at the most moderate price; also new and used tires, see TWO-IN-ONE TIRE CO., 35 Auburn ave. Ivy 2238.

MOTORCYCLES—BICYCLES

WANTED.

BICYCLES—Wanted, 100 second-hand bicycles. Call Ivy 5260.

FOR RENT—Garages.

524 W. PEACHTREE, garage for rent, new and convenient. Ivy 6993.

BOARD AND ROOMS

FOLSOM'S HOTEL
HAVE opened a dining room; rates, with meals, $7.00 per week and up.

PEACHTREE, 220—The Wilton; steam heat, good table, quick service; near in. I. 5795.

NICE room, with or without meals, for two men or couple. Ivy 8159-L.

PONCE DE LEON—First-class accommodation, private home, steam heat. Hem. 2385.

A COUPLE or gentlemen in home, all conveniences, walking distance. I. 8756-L.

EXCELLENT board and room for couple; moderate north side home; reas. I. 5212-J.

FORREST AVE., 93—Room, with board, for couple or two young men. Ivy 3639-X2.

HOTEL PEACHTREE
63½ PEACHTREE ST., has clean rooms at 50c a day and up or $3 a week and up.

E. BAKER, 19—Two nice rooms and board for four young men. Mrs. Milner.

20 E. BAKER Heated rm. board, 1 or 2 gentlemen. I. 1984-J.

SPRING ST., 70—4 lovely furnished rooms with board; home cooking. Mrs. C. L. Saterfield. Ivy 2425.

PEACHTREE, 428—Pleasant room, couple or 2, steam heat, running water. I. 6634.

FORREST AVE., 172—Nice room, good board; fur. heat; good location. I. 5391-J.

FINE location, new home, best board, refined private family. Owner, W. 1507-J.

PIEDMONT AVE., 595—Delightful room, adjoining bath, furnace heat; home with all conveniences; excellent meals, dinner evenings. Ivy 3322-J.

Peachtree Pl., 93 Large heated room; board. Ivy 2978-J.

652 PEACHTREE ST., nice room, excellent table board. Call Ivy 2945.

WANTED—Board and Room

BOARD and room wanted for my wife and 10-year-old son in a private home, that has modern conveniences and who will not ask me to pay for next summer's vacation. Is there such a place to be had? Address W. A. H., care Constitution.

ROOM AND BOARD as a member of family in Christian home; private. Address P-107, Constitution.

WANTED—Two rooms and board for three adults, strictly private family, northerners preferred. Address X. Y. Z., care Consitution.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED.

NORTH SIDE desirable front room, sleeping porch, private bath, gentlemen. I. 6445.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room. Apply janitor or phone Ivy 2751, corner Peachtree and Ivy.

Heated Rooms With or without board; two blocks Georgian Terrace. 459 Spring street. Ivy 6371-J.

W. BAKER, 21—One large, sunny front room. Ivy 2362.

COURTLAND, 315—One furnished room, hot water, electricity. Call Ivy 9455.

PEACHTREE, 795—Lovely rooms, convs.; pri. family, garage; ref. Hemlock 1393.

PEACHTREE ST., 381—Nicely-fur. rms, $3 per week and up. Phone Ivy 67.

NICELY furnished room, sleeping porch, bath, heat; select Ansley Park home. Only persons wishing best need apply. Price $40 per month. 34 Inman circle.

E. PINE ST., 90—Large front room, business ladies or 2 gentlemen. Ivy 3473-J.

THE MARTINIQUE
(ELLIS AND IVY)
OPERATED under the best management. Each room connected with bath and kept in excellent condition. Hotel service $1 per day.

PEACHTREE INN
ELECTRIC LIGHTS, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER, 50 CENTS TO $1 PER DAY, $3 TO $5 PER WEEK. 391 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 67.

ADOLF 10½ East Harris, bachelor rooms; cool, quiet; reasonable; every convenience de luxe. Ivy 3071-J.

STEAM-HEATED room, private family; meals same apt., every conv. Ivy 1422.

E. NORTH AVE., 10—Desirable steam-heated front room. Ivy 7870-J.

WELL-FURNISHED ROOM in steam-heated private apartment, next to bath; gentlemen only. 352 Whitehall St., apartment G.

TO gentlemen, furnished front room, adjoining bath, in modern apart. Hem. 583.

FRONT room, furnace heat, splendid neighborhood, W. Peachtree, pri. family. I. 6993.

TWO well furnished rooms, kitchenette, outside entrances; garage; no children. West 445.

PEACHTREE, 388—Nicely fur. front room, housekeeping privileges, $3.50 per week.

TO business man, large, steam-heated room, all conveniences, West End. W. 599-J.

UNFURNISHED.

PARK ST., 30—Large front room, well ventilated. Phone West 202-X1.

TWO rooms and kitchenette with conveniences; north side. Call Ivy 3169.

WEST END—Three connecting rooms, convenient; bath, electric lights, use of phone, near car line; couple or two. Phone West 1499-L.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

FOUR splendid rooms; will furnish if desired. Call Ivy 7125-J.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms.

FURNISHED

SPRING ST., 249—Newly furnished light housekeeping rooms, all convs. I. 4856-J.

TWO furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 188 Hill street. Main 3948-L.

ATTRACTIVE housekeeping rooms with kitchenette. 894 Peachtree st.

E. PINE, 90—Large front room, newly furnished; single beds. Ivy 3473-J.

FOR RENT—Houses and Apartments.

UNFURNISHED.

E. ELEVENTH, 118—Two rooms and sleeping porch; several large closets connecting. Hemlock 388-L.

WANTED—Roommate.

ROOMMATE wanted for nice young lady. Call Ivy 2579.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

ONE first-class 7-room, second-floor apartment; perfect light and ventilation; best north side residence section. Occupancy December 1. References required. Phone George M. Taylor, owner, Ivy 657-J.

WANTED—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

WANTED—Small apartment on north side town. Give price and location or reply will not be considered. Address P-85, Constit.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED

6-ROOM fur. house for rent; every convenience. Inman Park. Ivy 2825-L.

COMPLETELY furnished 16-room house on Peachtree, full of boarders, to responsible party. Call Mrs. A., Ivy 3148-L.

COMPLETELY furnished 16-room house on Peachtree, full of boarders, to responsible party. Call Mrs. A. Ivy 3148-L.

UNFURNISHED.

Consult Our Rent Bulletin.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN.

CALL FOR OUR RENT BULLETIN.
BENJ. D. WATKINS & CO.

7-ROOM house, 8 Wade avenue, Kirkwood, $25. L. C. Green Co., 607 Empire Bldg.

80 HURT ST., INMAN PARK—Beautiful 9-room house, very modern throughout, hardwood floors, three baths. Will rent at reduced rate of $50.
FITZHUGH KNOX
1208 CANDLER BUILDING

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

FOR results list your property with Sharp, Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

IF YOU have a bungalow or apartment for rent on north side see us at once. We have a tenant. Burdett Realty Company, 116 Candler building.

FOR RENT—Offices.

CANDLER BUILDING, Candler Annex and Forsyth building. Desirable offices, single and en suite. Some of these are equipped with compressed air and dental waste; hot and cold water in all offices; all-night elevator service; location best in the city and service unexcelled. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. Phone Ivy 3970. 232 Candler building. See Mr. Wilkinson.

CENTRAL BUILDING—Offices for rent. Corner Alabama and Pryor sts. Main 588.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

FOR SALE—Nice 6-room house in a nice location, clear title, no loan, or will exchange for smaller house. Main 3561.

FOUR unincumbered lots in Birmingham and half interest in Marietta street property to exchange for north side residence. Will assume loan. P. O. Box 209, Atlanta.

WE SELL AND RENT REAL ESTATE
B. M. GRANT-A. S. ADAMS CO.
Grant Bldg. Ivy 4385.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

BEAUTIFUL HOME

IN DRUID HILLS, Springdale road; new; every possible convenience, 10-room, two-story and cement basement, brick veneer, green tile roof, two tile baths, vapor heat. Four bed rooms and sleeping porch. First floor plan especially designed for comfort and elegance combined. The discriminating permanent home-seeker will be pleased with this property. The lot is a beauty 100x550, double garage, servants' room and bath. Price, $23,500. Terms arranged.

JOHN S. SCOTT
PETERS BLDG. MAIN 2091.

ANSLEY PARK—Beautiful 8-room, two-story brick residence, two baths, side drive; never been occupied. Worth $10,000, $7,500 gets it for a quick sale, $500 cash; terms. E. L. Harling, 815 Atlanta National Bank building. Main 1287.

JOSEPHINE ST., between McLendon and DeKalb, splendid 5-room cottage for $2.100. Carl Fischer, 416 4th Nat'l Bldg.

1-STORY, 8-room bungalow, between the Peachtrees, with 2 tile baths, hardwood floors, furnace, etc. Lot 50x200, 4-room servants' house. Reduced from $8,500 to $7,250 for quick sale. Carl Fischer, Main 4876.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I MAKE A SPECIALTY of Georgia lands. Thomas W. Jackson, 1018-19 Fourth National Bank building.

FINE building lot in Decatur, $1,200. Will build on it if desired. Bargain. W. H. S. Hamilton, 204 Equitable. Ivy 5234.

M. L. THROWER has a few bargains in nice homes for sale.

FOR results list farms and city property with James L. Wright, 606 Empire.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

SUBURBAN.

$2,500—4 ACRES, two blocks off car line, 6-room house, barn, chicken house, fruit, rich soil. Terms, $100 cash, $20 a month, possession at once. You will want this in the spring; (no trade). P-116, Constitution.

FARM LANDS

FOR RENT.

A FULL 2-horse farm near Stone Mountain, good buildings, pasture, standing rent. Grossman, 670 Washington street.

FOR RENT—Three-room house and ten acres land, near city. T. B. Henderson, 12 Middle street.

FOR SALE.

149 ACRES in Fulton county, within the 8½-mile circle, 5-room homeplace, 3-room tenant house, large barn, 25 acres in bottom land, 50 acres of upland under cultivation, 40 acres in original timber; this tract will front on a river side drive; price $50 per acre; terms. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga., Bell phone E. P. 416.

11-ACRE truck farm, 4 miles to center of Atlanta, on paved road, within four blocks of a 10-minute car schedule; has a 4-room home place, 3-room tenant house, large barn, garage and other out-buildings; spring branch and 10 acres in high state of cultivation; 50-foot lots in this locality are worth from $500 to $700 a piece, we are offering this tract for next few days for $5,000. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Phone East Point 416.

WE have farms for all purposes; improved and unimproved; stock, grain, cotton and truck. Shewmake Bros. Company, 1217 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Phone M. 4234.

50 ACRES, 2 miles of car line, 3 miles of Red Oak, Ga.; has a 4-room home place, small barn and other out-buildings; good graded road; 10 acres in woods, 35 acres in cultivation, 12 miles from center of Atlanta. Price, $30 per acre; terms. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Bell phone East Point 416.

IF you can't fight do your bit—buy a farm. Will mail upon request descriptive bulletin of 50 good farms. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Telephone E. P. 416.

WANTED

FARMS WANTED.

LIST your acreage with us at once, we have buyers. Wight Real Estate Co., 314 Empire bldg.

$50 ACRE 400 acres in Colquitt county, under fence. Cash or trade. Near Moultrie. A. Graves, 12½ Wall st.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale REAL ESTATE—For Sale

YOUR CHOICE NEW HOME.

$7,000 BUYS the best full 7-room, brick veneer bungalow on the market today. Never occupied. Hardwood floors, furnace, tile bath, concrete front porch, cement driveway, cement basement, large spacious rooms, and not far from Druid Hills. Assume loan $3,200, runs five years, 5½ per cent, $1,000 cash; arrange balance. This is a bargain.

$23,000 BUYS one of the best and most attractive Druid Hills homes; never occupied. It has 9 rooms, two nice bath rooms, large cement basement and tile porches; brick veneer, tile roof, servant house and garage; perfectly grand lot, 100x550. It is a bargain. Can arrange terms. See us for homes.

3d. Nat'l Bk. Bldg. MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO. Ivy 1276.

L. C. GREEN COMPANY
SAFE, SOUND INVESTMENT

ON A GOOD STREET, in good secton, near street car line, 14 houses, all in good, clean condition and rented for $6.60 each.

Owner retiring from business and expects to sell this valuable income property this month.

This is something safe, with a steady income. No loan and titles perfect. Terms can be had if desired.

We offer you this. Can't you see your way clear to buy? Then see us as early as you can, for this is your opportunity to put your money to work.

L. C. GREEN COMPANY
607 EMPIRE BLDG. IVY 2343.

$10,500 West Peachtree Home For $8,500

TWO-STORY HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hardwood floors, furnace and also grate in every room; 9 rooms, basement and attic; garage and servant's room; large lot; situated near north end of West Peachtree. Only $8,500. Reasonable terms.

HENRY B. SCOTT
IVY 3717. 314 EMPIRE BUILDING.

FOR RENT—Stores FOR RENT—Stores

A FEW LOW-RENT STORES

679 SIMPSON—Corner Ashby—River car line—a new store.
288 WHITEHALL—Near Forsyth—good market stand, $22.50.
161 LUCKIE—Junction Hayden and Harris, $22.50.
140 EDGEWOOD AVENUE—Just below Piedmont, $40.60.

TURMAN & CALHOUN
SECOND FLOOR EMPIRE BUILDING.

PUBLICATIONS PUBLICATIONS

FOR WEEK OF DECEMBER 4TH WE GUARANTEE A TOTAL OF **500,000 COPIES OF THE TRI-WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, GOING INTO THE BEST FARM HOMES OF THE SOUTH.**

Have you got anything to sell to these farm homes?

They are in the market for seeds of all kinds; for hogs and cattle; for poultry and fancy stock. Have you got a farm to sell, or to rent? Do you want to buy any of these things for your own use?

If so, you should have a "want" ad in our 500,000 edition of The Tri-Weekly Constitution, week of December 4th.

THE RATE IS 60 CENTS A LINE—SIX WORDS AVERAGE A LINE.

THE TOTAL RUN IS TREMENDOUS—500,000 COPIES.

SEND IN YOUR ADVERTISEMENT EARLY SO IT CAN BE PROPERLY CLASSIFIED

THE TRI-WEEKLY CONSTITUTION
Advertising Department, Atlanta, Ga.

Tim Murphy Offers Big Treat To Atlanta Theater-Goers

From the time that Tim Murphy entered the stage last night as "Dominie" in "Pals First," the audience at the Atlanta theater was treated to a continuous round of mirth in the humorous expressions of an old man, torn between love, duty and fear.

Glen White, as "Danny," the young pal of "Dominie" deserves lots of credit, also, and it may be said for the entire cast that those who attended the show last night were treated to one of the best performances seen in Atlanta this season.

Reeva Greenwood, as "Jean," the sweetheart of "Danny," is a sweet southern girl who charmed the audience with her impersonation of the girl who waited for the return of her lover who went away, a sickly youth, and returned looking like an escaped criminal. Then explanations follow to the gerat surprise of "Dominie," who thought that his pal really was a criminal.

The scenes are laid near Nashville, Tenn., and the time is the present. The play is enacted in a prologue and three acts. It opens with two wandering tramps, "Danny" and "Dominie," resting on the top of the hill before an old southern mansion. Both are hungry and tired, and when the old negro caretaker of the mansion comes out to see who is at the gate, he sees a resemblance so strong to his master in the face of the younger tramp that he proclaims him the prodigal owner of the mansion who went away in search of health

When the old negro goes away to tell "Aunt Carolyne," the negro "mammy," "Dominie" prevails upon "Danny" to carry out the deception and put them on their feet.

The scenes are laid near Washington,

Then follows a series of adventures in which the young plantation owner deceives his pal into believing that he is really the criminal he thinks. On the advent of "Jean," "Danny" tries out his old pal and finds him true blue, when he refuses to allow him to marry the girl, as "Danny," the criminal, threatening to tell the girl if he carries out his announced purpose.

The trials through which the old criminal goes through in attempting to to do justice to his adopted role and to protect the girl at the same time, produces many side-splitting scenes, and had the rest of the cast been what it is not—that is second-class—Tim Murphy alone would have made a wonderful show.

"Pals First" will be played at the Atlanta Tuesday and Wednesday nights, with a matinee Wednesday.

WALTER CHAMBERS.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Lyric.)

In his offering for the first part of this week, B. F. Keith presents at the Lyric theater a pleasing combination of vaudeville numbers that is sure to please Atlanta theater-goers. While nine of the acts stand out prominently, the headline place probably belongs to Princess Mapella and her company of native Hawaiians, presenting an entertaining program of Hawaiian songs, instrumental numbers and dances. The bill is an unusually well-rounded one.

Dorothy Granville, assisted in the presentation of "Types of Women" by James Rule, offers the next best act. Miss Granville portrays, among others, the opera girl, the Red Cross nurse and the negress, and she does so with a humor that is sure to gain much applause. In addition to her versatility, Miss Granville is possessed of unusual personal charm that renders valuable aid to her success.

The Primrose Four have appeared several times in the city, and they are general favorites with Atlanta vaudeville lovers. In their act this week they sing the songs of old-time days and end with a snappy vaudeville arrangement that brings much applause.

Polzin brothers, in the usual aerial tumbling act; Andru Lewis and Helen Norton, in a humorous turn called "In Those Days," together with latest war pictures and a Holmes travelogue, complete one of the best programs seen by Atlanta vaudeville fans in several weeks.

Loew Vaudeville.

(At the Grand.)

With the Baseball Four, a rather unusual quartet novelty, as the headliner at Loew's Grand theater, the bill for the first half of this week offers a number of features, practically all of which, though, perhaps, not as pretentious, are quite as creditable as the headline act.

The Baseball Four, all in baseball uniforms, with the inside of a clubhouse for a setting, sing a number of ragtime hits and tell several very good stories, having to do mostly with the diamond. The act ends with a baseball pantomime, in which one of the players makes an imaginary home run all the way around the arena of the theater.

Florence Rayfield is an unusually pretty and attractive comedienne, with a good voice and several good ballad and ragtime selections. The audience liked her fine at the Monday matinee, and she had to respond to several encores and bows.

Forrest and Church appear in a high-class musical novelty, of which selections on the xylophone is the feature. Savannah and Georgia entertain with a breezy blackface act. Both boys have good voices, and are exceptional dancers. Brossius and Brown close the bill with some daring roller skate and bicycle work and pantomime comedy.

The photoplay is called "Easy Money," and is one of the best pictures featuring Ethel Clayton that has been released locally in some time.

Musical Comedy.

(At the Rialto.)

The policy of the Rialto theater was changed yesterday from that of a photo-play house to musical comedy, and judging from the size of the audiences and from the enthusiasm manifested throughout the three performances, the new arrangement was a pleasing one to the amusement seekers of Atlanta.

The offering for the first half of the week is "A Prince for a Day," a rollicking performance given by the Milton Schuster company, presenting a chorus of nine girls, two worth-while comedians, and a number of good voices. On Thursday, Friday and Saturday there will be a change of bill, "Prancing Around" being the name of the new show.

The hit of the first performance Monday was the work of the quartet, consisting of four of the male members of the company. They started with a patriotic song, then switched to comedy, and when called back again gave an imitation of a steel Hawaiian guitar, which was very well done. While other numbers were liberally applauded, this one was far in the lead when it comes to volume and continuity.

Hy Jensen also scored, when he strolled before the footlights between acts and proved himself some yodler, following this with a medley of several popular songs, arranged as the auhtors did not write them.

Milton Schuster has a laugh, giggle, or whatever you choose to call it, that proved infectious Monday afternoon and kept the audience laughing. Bob Robinson plays the role of the hero, and Herman Weber appears as Mohammed.

Alma Fern, in the role of the maid, has a somewhat bigger part than most maids get, and Helen Scott is on the stage a large part of the time as the mysterious lady from Morocco.

The chorus is a hard working bunch, with some pretty girls in the gathering of talent. The main merit of the show lies in the work of the male principals and the chorus. The women in the leading roles were not up to the men in entertainment value.

Francis Bushman.

(At the Strand.)

Over two hundred Georgia "darkies" picking cotton in the fields on a plantation will be seen in "The Voice of Conscience," a Metro wonderplay, co-starring Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne, which will be shown at the Strand theater today only. Edwin Carewe, director, took his company of leading players to the vicinity of Savannah, Ga., for the staging of these plantation scenes. With the exception of three principal characters, who were obliged to show marked dramatic ability, all the colored people shown in the scenes were secured in the immediate vicinity. The leading colored players were Pauline Dempsey, who plays Aunt Jenny; Walter Broussard, Crazy Pete, and Anthony Byrd, who plays Uncle Mose.

"Rasputin."

At the Vaudette.

June Elvidge, physically beautiful and artistically charming, has already gained a very high place in the affections of motion picture patrons. Indeed, so rapid was her progress upon the often inaccessible road to popularity that inside a few short months she had won her way to a position which amply justifies the management in "starring" or "featuring" her name in each production with which she is associated. In "Rasputin," at the Vaudette today only, Miss Elvidge plays a wife whose gentle faith and simple patience under sorrow and suspense form a rare and pathetic picture indeed.

Bessie Love.

(At the Odeon.)

To be a rollicking resident in an orphanage one day and strutting across a stage in tights and buckskins the next is a change to overawe most anyone and it did Polly Ann, little persnickety Polly Ann, played by Bessie Love in the Triangle picture, "The Little Reformer" at the Odeon today only. Triangle players are making a big hit at the Odeon and Bessie Love is one of the most popular of the stars being offered. An excellent comedy is also being offered each day.

36 MORE CONTRACTS FOR STEEL VESSELS

Washington, November 19.—Thirty-six additional contracts for construction of steel merchant ships will be let by the shipping board tomorrow. This will bring the total number signed to about 550. Wooden ships building number more than 450.

Tomorrow's contracts will go to Great Lakes Construction companies and will call for ships of 3,500 tons deadweight capacity. The vessels will be built along the lines of the Robert Dollar design.

Today at the Movies.

FORSYTH—Douglas Fairbanks in "Reaching for the Moon."

CRITERION—William S. Hart in "The Cold Deck."

STRAND—Francis X. Bushman in "The Voice of Conscience."

ALAMO NO. 2—Alma Hanlon and John Mason in "The Libertine."

VAUDETTE—"Rasputin, the Black Monk."

SAVOY—Nearl Hart in "The Man From Montana."

ODEON—Bessie Love in "The Little Reformer."

ALPHA—"The Seven Pearls."

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS DREAMS HE'S A KING, THEN QUITS THE JOB

Most of the folks who have seen and admired pictures in which Douglas Fairbanks has been the star for lo these many years, may doubt this statement, but it goes all the same:

Douglas quit on the job in "Reaching for the Moon," which is at the Forsyth theater for all this week.

Yes, sir, Douglas drifted through the medium of dreamland into a country where he was king, had the crown pressed down on his brow, received fulsome flattery from the newspapers of his realm, and then he "jumps the game," all because the Pretender was trying to get the job away from him, and because he didn't like the looks of the princess that was wished on him.

In "Reaching for the Moon" he is presented to the photo-play lovers as a youth of lively imagination, who believes concentration of mind will bring him all he wants. He wants to be of royalty. He dreams he is a king. The experiences he passed through are too numerous and embarrassing to relate. Consequently, he is ready to quit the throne when the villainous Pretender pushes him off a cliff. Down he falls; down, down—

Then he wakes up to find he has tumbled off his bed and found rest on the floor. His dream is over, his throne unwanted, he goes back to his boss, who has fired him, gets his job again, goes to his girl, wins her, and then their concentration results in a pretty little home in Jersey.

The picture closes on a happy rocking chair scene. Douglas in Jersey, with his wife on one knee and a handsome youngster on the other.

WILLIAM S. HART AT HIS VERY BEST IN "THE COLD DECK"

As "Level Leigh," a gambler of the old school, William S. Hart is at his very best in "The Cold Deck," his latest picture, which was shown at the Criterion theater Monday, and which is scheduled for this entire week. It is not putting it too strong to say that it is the best piece of character portrayal he has ever done, notwithstanding his many successes of the past.

The old-time gambler, as known in the golden days of California, was a man of parts and was governed by a certain code of morals binding on his class. He was under an obligation to play fair with men of his own standing in his line of business. This was recognized among the fraternity, and its leading members were labeled "Honest John," "Square Deal Dick," "Silver Dollar Sam," etc. There was a nice discrimination in nicknames in the profession.

In "The Cold Deck," William S. Hart gives life to the character of one of the old-time knights of the wheel. He is known as "On the Level" Leigh. At one time, when his fortunes are at a low ebb, he sits in at a game with one "Ace" Hutton, a man of his own caste. Unfortunately, yielding to temptation, "Ace" puts up a crooked deal and robs "On the Level" of his stake.

At the close of the drama there is a scene that throws a ray of light on the ethics of the real gambler as opposed to the "tinhorn." "Ace" is seen standing in an apologetic attitude by the side of "On the Level;" his countenance betrays a shame and contrition, his manly frame is quivering with emotion, for he remembers that he, at a critical moment in their joint lives, had slipped a "cold deck" on the guileless and unsuspecting Leigh, who would not feel remorse.

Pictorially, there is much of interest in "The Cold Deck." The story, which is one of the pioneer days in California, is centered in the Yosemite country, the wonderland of the western state. The most dramatic episodes take place in and among the towering redwoods of the primeval forests.

MRS. HARVEY W. WILEY GIVES BOND AND IS FREED

Washington, November 19.—Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, wife of the pure food expert, sentenced to the district jail last Friday for picketing the white house, was released on bond today pending appeal of her case. Mrs. J. H. Short, of Minneapolis, sent to the district workhouse at Occoquan, Va., last Wednesday for picketing, paid her fine today and was released.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

The Doss Rubber company began construction Monday on a $25,000 plant, located on the Central of Georgia railroad at Fort McPherson.

The new concern is to manufacture inner tubes for auto tires.

The Pittman Construction company has the contract.

The construction will be of brick and stone.

FULTON COUNTY TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

$1,500 and exchange of propery—R. Z. Gardner to C. Gresham, lot at intersection of southeast side Marie avenue with northeast side Mason and Turner avenue, 65x110. November 10, 1916.

$1,500—C. Gresham to W. C. Mason, same property. December 6, 1916.

$5 and exchange of property—W. C. Mason to S. A. Wardlaw, same property. February 1, 1917.

$2,500—S. A. Wardlaw to Mrs. Ruby Fennenue, same property. November 15, 1917.

$350—G. W. Woods and Estelle R. Dobbins to Marcia L. Culver, lot east side Elizabeth street, 205 feet north of Mar street, 20x100. November 12, 1917.

Love and affection—B. M. Morris to Mrs. Roxie S. Morris, lot west side Maple street, 300 feet north of Spring street, 98x351. November 6, 1917.

Loan Deeds.

$1,250—Z. A. Terry to Mrs. H. D. Lipford, lot north side Peachtree way, 1,531 feet from northeast corner Peachtree road, 47x125. One year, 7 per cent. November 15, 1917.

$1,000—Mrs. Mary A. Brown to Dickinson Trust company, No. 115 Windsor street, 48x108. November 16, 1917.

$7,500—Mrs. Lena S. Huntley to Mortgage Company of Georgia, lot on Piedmont avenue, 50x150, block formed by College street, Butler street, Jenkins street; also lot southeast side Piedmont avenue, 200 feet northeast of Armstrong street, 50x200. Five years, 8 per cent. November 15, 1917.

$888—Charlie Jackson to T. J. Bettes & Co., lot northwest corner Moury avenue and Crogman street, 50x150. Seventy-two notes. November 3, 1917.

$1,750—W. J. Williamson to Colonial Trust company, No. 141 Highland avenue, 50x110. One year. November 14, 1917.

$388—J. M. Brownlee to same, lot south side Greenwich street, 170 feet west of Holderness street, 49x150. Twenty-four monthly notes. November 16, 1917.

$4,200—Seligman Regenstein et al. to Mrs. P. L. David, lot southwest corner Elliott street and an alley, running between Mitchell and Markham streets, 47x75. Five years, 6 per cent. October 30, 1917.

$1,000—J. J. Thomas to Emory college, lot northwest corner Jonesboro road and Melton avenue, 50x200. Five years, 8 per cent. October 11, 1917.

$750—Mrs. Roxie S. Morris to Mrs. Julia B. Freyer, lot west side Maple street, 300 feet north of Spring street, 98x351. Three years, 8 per cent. November 6, 1917.

Executor's Deed.

$1 and other consideration—Max Kutz (by executors) to Mrs. Jennie Kutz, lot west side Washington street, 205 feet from southwest corner Clarke street, 45x245; also lot west side Washington street, 250 feet southwest corner Clarke street, 50x245. No date.

Bond for Title.

$1,000—Susan D. Rickerson to Wiley E. Smith, lot northeast Pine and Ethel streets, 50x100. October 15, 1917.

Lien.

$155—D. E. Paterson vs. Dr. J. M. Pierce, lot south side Rogers avenue, 594 feet west of Cascade avenue, 50x170. November 17, 1917.

Quit-Claim Deeds.

$1—J. F. Burke to Mrs. Mary E. Couch, lot west side Moreland avenue, 53 feet southwest of North avenue, 45x140. November 7, 1917.

$61—Fulton to James C. Williams, lot southeast corner Kirkwood and Tye streets. November 16, 1917.

AMUSEMENTS

ATLANTA Theater TONIGHT
Tomorrow Matinee and Night.
The Season's Big Comedy Treat
TIM MURPHY IN "PALS FIRST"
Friday & Saturday, Nov. 23-24
Matinee Saturday.
Arthur Hammerstein's
Musical Comedy Knockout,
YOU'RE IN LOVE
By the Author and Composer of
"Katinka," "High Jinks," "Firefly."
SEATS NOW ON SALE.
Complete Original Production

JOHN McCORMACK
Thanksgiving Night, Nov. 29
SEAT SALE NOW ON
At Cable Piano Co., 82 N. Broad St.
Prices, $1, $1.50 and $2, plus ten per cent war tax. Mail orders filled as received.
DAN A. McGUIRK, Manager.

Admission 10c and 15c.
STRAND
Pictures of Merit and Excellence
Continuous. . . . . 11 to 11
TODAY
Two Exceptional Players
Francis Bushman
—AND—
Beverly Bayne
In Charming Production
'The Voice of Conscience'
(Metro)
Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat., Goldwyn presents Madge Kennedy in "Nearly Married"

FORSYTH
The House Beautiful,
DIXIE'S PICTURE PALACE.
ALL WEEK
In Romantic Story
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
Fights for Throne in
"Reaching For the Moon"
—ALSO—
The Forsyth Topical Review
Next Week—Marguerite Clark in "Bab's Matinee Idol"
Open, 11 to 11. Admission: Adults, 15c and 2c tax—17c. Children, 10c and 1c tax—11c.

Admission 10c.
VAUDETTE
The Home of Screen Successes.
DAILY 10 - 11:30 - 1 - 2:30 - 4-5:30-7-8:30-10
TODAY
THE SEVEN STARS
Show Why Russia Fell in
"RASPUTIN THE BLACK MONK"
For years he exerted potent influence over the Czar's household, fascinated women of rank, and finally his intriguing caused revolution.

The Rendezvous Elegant
ODEON
A BIG SHOW Each Day
Admission 10 Cents.
DAILY 10 - 11:30 - 1 - 2:30 - 4-5:30-7-8:30-10
TODAY
Delightful and Winsome
BESSIE LOVE
In Her Latest Release
"The Little Reformer"
(Triangle)
—ALSO A COMEDY—
"A WARM RECEPTION"
Wed. and Thurs.—Belle Bennett in "Fuel of Life"
Fri. and Sat.—Dick Rosson and Pauline Curley in "A Case at Law."

Had Pimples and Blackheads for Seven Years

Face and Neck So Sore Could Hardly Bathe Them. Itched and Burned. Three Cakes Cuticura Soap and One Box Ointment Healed.

"I had been troubled for about seven years with blackheads and pimples, and sometimes my face and neck were so sore that I could hardly bathe them for a number of days. Some of the pimples were large, and sometimes they festered, but most of the time they came to a head. They itched and burned and caused disfigurement.

"Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after using three cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment I was healed. I would advise any sufferer from skin troubles to purchase Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) R. A. Logan, Wrightsville, Ga., March 7, 1917.

How often such distressing, disfiguring skin troubles might be prevented by every-day use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment for all toilet purposes.

For Free Sample Each by Return Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. H, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Come Early---
We Are Busy

Demands for certified audits have so increased that we find our time booked pretty well ahead.

We are busy, very busy, and yet very desirous of reaching all of our clients, as nearly as possible, just when they wish it.

We request, therefore, that they will give us the earliest possible notice of the time when they wish their annual audits made. It will help us to help them.

Alonzo Richardson & Company
Certified Public Accountants
Empire Bldg., - - Atlanta, Ga.

AMUSEMENTS

MUSICAL COMEDY
Season Now on at
RIALTO THEATER
Milton Schuster's Company of Pretty Girls and Clever Comedians All Week. Two Changes of Bill.
Performances, 2:30, 7:30, 9:15.
Prices—Night, 10, 20, 30c; Mats, 10 and 20c.

B. F. KEITH'S LYRIC
SUPREME VAUDEVILLE.
2:30, 7:30, 9:15. 10c, 20c, 30c.
MON.---TUES.---WED.
PRIMROSE FOUR
"1,000 Pounds of Harmony."
4—OTHER SUPREME ACTS—4

LOEW'S GRAND
Continuous . . . . 1 to 11 P. M.
Vaudeville . . . . 3:30, 7 and 9 P. M.
Mats. 10 and 15c; Nights, 10, 20 and 30c.
(Including War Tax.)
BASEBALL FOUR
20 Minutes in a Clubhouse.
5——BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS——5
Versatile Eccentrics.
ETHEL CLAYTON
In Photoplay, "EASY MONEY."

ADVANCED MOTION PICTURES
THE CRITERION TODAY
—ALL WEEK—
Wm. S. Hart
IN A NEW PLAY
"THE COLD DECK"
Hart's Greatest Picture
Next Week---The Co-Respondent

Medical Advice on Blood Troubles Given Free by Expert Authority

Costs Nothing for Opinion of Your Own Case.

Everyone recognizes the value of expert opinion. This is the age of specialism, and when we have work of importance to be done, we go to an expert in his line.

Years ago it was realized that medicine covered too broad a field for any one man to master its every branch. Hence, the doctor who specialized in some particular branch became the most proficient and the most successful.

The wonderful success of the great blood remedy, S. S. S., is due largely to the fact that it has not been recommended as a cure-all, but strictly for those diseases having their origin in a disordered condition of the blood. For more than half a century it has been used with highly satisfactory results for Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema, Scrofula, Tetter, and other blood diseases.

Our medical director, who is an expert on blood and skin diseases, offers his services without cost to all who wish his aid. You are invited to write him fully about your own individual case, and he will gladly give you such directions for treatment as your case requires.

You can obtain S. S. S. at any drug store. Don't be persuaded to take a substitute. If you wish medical advice, address Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., 40-B, Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

Stomach Out of Fix?

Phone your grocer or druggist for a dozen bottles of this delicious digestant,—a glass with meals gives delightful relief, or no charge for the first dozen used.

Shivar Ale
PURE DIGESTIVE AROMATICS WITH SHIVAR MINERAL WATER AND GINGER

Nothing like it for renovating old worn out stomachs, converting food into rich blood and sound flesh.

Bottled and guaranteed by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Spring, Shelton, S. C. If your regular dealer cannot supply you telephone
McCORD-STEWART CO.
DISTRIBUTORS FOR ATLANTA & VICINITY

The Home Buyers' Opportunity

Surely people do not realize what good values are being offered in homes at this time. Here are samples:

1—A 7-room cottage in West End, one-half block off Gordon street; rents $25. Price, $2,500.
2—A 6-room cottage on East avenue, near Prospect place. Price, $2,750.
3—A 7-room 2-story house on North avenue, corner lot, two blocks from Peachtree. Price, $3,250.

Forrest & George Adair

Mortgage loans on Atlanta Real Estate at lowest rates of interest. It will pay you to get our figures before trading elsewhere.
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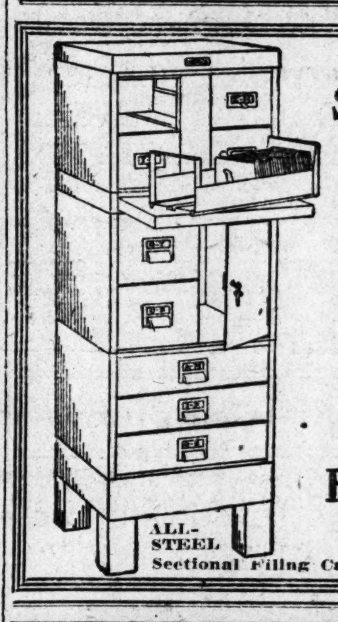

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Sectional Filing Case.

"Five Seconds From Five Points"
Simply Constructed
Easily Operated
Allsteel
Filing Cabinets and Safes--
SAVE SPACE—They come in sections and take up less room.
SAVE LABOR—They are more easily and quickly handled.
SAVE MONEY—Not only in quicker work, but in protection against loss to your papers. Let us show you.
Foote & Davies Co.
Edgewood At Pryor
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We Will Pay Best Prices for U. S. Government 3½% Liberty Bonds

We have facilities for promptly purchasing these Bonds in any amount from $50.00 up, and will gladly quote the best market price.

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Investment Securities. Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg.
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First Class Real Estate Loans
Made at 5%, 6% and 7% Interest
Real Estate Sales and Business Leases Negotiated
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Kryptok Bifocals

are a combination of far and near seeing glasses in one solid glass, doing away with the needless trouble of two pairs of glasses, or if you only need a reading glass they can be ground in such a way when you look up or at a distance it will not be necessary for you to look over or take off your glasses. There are no seams, lines or blisters to annoy you or attract the attention of others—absolutely invisible while on the face. These glasses, when made by us, combined with our perfect workmanship and careful face measurements of each individual case, have proven a revelation to those who want perfect eyesight and appreciate neatness of appearance. We can do all that can be done for you in an optical house. If you need the attention of an oculist we will tell you so plainly and refuse to sell you glasses at any price. We are opticians pure and simple—not oculists. Ask any of our patients how we conduct our business.

Walter Ballard Optical Co.

LODGE NOTICES

A regular communication of Georgia Lodge, No. 96, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. The degree of Master Mason will be conferred on a large class. Candidates for same will present themselves promptly. All duly qualified brethren are most cordially invited to meet with us.

THOMAS J. DAY, JR., W. M.
M. Z. CRIST, Secretary.

There will be regular communication Battle Hill Lodge, No. 523, this (Tuesday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in degrees. All candidates present themselves for examination and advancement. All brothers cordially invited.

W. G. M'NAIR, W. M.
J. E. GARRISON, Secretary.

A regular meeting of Delphi Lodge, No. 68, Knights of Pythias, will be held this (Tuesday) evening, November 20, at 7:30 o'clock, Castle Hall, 423½ Marietta street. All qualified Pythians are cordially invited.

W. C. STRADLEY, C. C.
W. F. GRIFFIN, K. of R. & S.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

CLARKE—Died on Monday, November 19, at 4 o'clock, little Arthur Clarke, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Clarke, at the residence, 108 Juniper street. Funeral and interment will be private.

Card of Thanks.

I desire to thank my friends for their kindness during the illness of my beloved wife and for the many beautiful floral offerings. J. T. WADDELL.

All claims against the estate of Miss Annie McDaniel, deceased, late of Fulton county, Georgia, must be presented to W. M. Middlebrooks, Administrator, W. A. November 17, 1917.

GOOD STEAM COAL
6.00
CITY COAL CO.

NOTICE is given of the intention of the RHODE ISLAND HOSPITAL TRUST COMPANY, as Administrator c. t. a. of the estate of Julia Grinnell, to transfer to Miss Mary Grinnell three shares of the preferred capital stock of Georgia Railway and Electric Company, represented by Certificate G-934, standing in the name of said Julia Grinnell.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

GEORGIA Fulton County—

By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county granted at the January term, 1916, there will be sold before the courthouse door of said county, on the first Tuesday in December next, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property of the estate of Walter L. McGill, deceased, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, in land lot number fifty (50) of the fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the east side of Courtland street one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet, more or less, north of the northeast corner of Pine street and Courtland street or Courtland avenue; thence north along the east side of Courtland street fifty-two and one-half (52½) feet to a 10-foot alley; thence running east along the south side of said alley one hundred and forty-two (142) feet; thence south 52½ feet; thence west one hundred and forty-two (142) feet to the beginning point on Courtland street, or Courtland avenue, and being known as No. 451 Courtland street.

Terms one-fourth cash, balance in one, two and three years with interest at seven (7) per cent from date.

CHARLES D. M'KINNEY,
Administrator.
GREEN, TILSON & M'KINNEY, Attorneys.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr.
Arthur Heyman.
Brewster, Howell & Heyman,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices—507 to 520 Connally Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone 3023, 3024 and 2025. Atlanta, Ga.

DR. J. T. GAULT
SPECIALIST
32-34 INMAN BLDG.,
ATLANTA, GA.

THE CHILDS Hotel & Cafe
8-10 S. Broad St.
Our chef has no equal in Atlanta. Everything the best. Quick and polite attention.
Dining Room Second Floor.
Room single and en suite, with private bath, hot and cold running water. Phones in every room.
Rates, $1.00 and up.

3 MULES, 1 HORSE
FOR SALE CHEAP
CITY COAL CO.

The Business Counsellor
is to commercial affairs what a doctor is to a sick man. He has studied the problems of many businesses. He goes straight to the heart of things and finds the remedy. A call or a letter may save nights of worry.
Business Counsellors
Joel Hunter & Co.
Certified Public Accountants
ATLANTA

THREE NEGRO SOLDIERS OFFER ALIBI EVIDENCE

San Antonio, Texas, November 19.—Testimony of three negroes claiming alibis and of other witnesses tending to corroborate the claims had been offered when the first day's evidence of the defense ended in the court-martial of the sixty-three negroes of the Twenty-fourth United States infantry, charged with mutiny, murder and rioting in connection with the outbreak of negro soldiers at Houston, Texas, August 23 last.

The three negro defendants who testified were Privates Henry Walls, Oliver Fletcher and Roy Taylor.

All three declared that although efforts were made to implicate them in the rioting, they were not directly concerned, having fled from the scene and secreted themselves.

CABARET IN DANGER AT NATIONAL CAPITAL

Washington, November 19. — The council license committee today favorably reported an ordnance designed to abolish the modern cabaret.